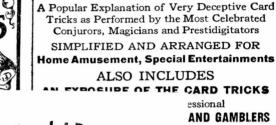


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little practice, 1 the wonder and EXPOSURE of 1 CARD PLAYER "Skin" Gambler: Card Tricks we

How to make the How to Smuggle : The Ten Duplicate Persons. How to C Pack-How to Call morphosed Cardsto Make a Card Pas -How to Tell the Pack by its Weight in a Mirror—The C —How to Change a of bottom Cards of two Colors of a Pa Hat-At Whist, wh Cards being dispose Cards a Person tak drawn Card-How twenty Cards and 1 Table-How to tell tion in the Pack-



125 TRICKS WITH CARDS

SLEIGHT OF HAND



of the latest and ; with cards ever are some of the Magicians and ent time, simply iome amusement All the tricks are one can, with a isfaction, and to lded a complete PROFESSIONAL iethods by which the best work on

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d-Deceptive Shuffles ow to Place a Carding Presented to three ard without Seeing the ble Aces-The Metaby the Weight-How uess—Ups and Downs cover any Card in the Verve Feat—The Card less a Card thought of ow to Guess the Spots -How to Separate the The Card under the two Partners-Sixteen How to tell how many umber of Spots on any : twenty persons draw e Pack and run on the t of and name its posi-rd" Trick—Ten Cards

being arranged in a Circle, how to tell that which any one chought of the state of the Card source a Card from a Nut or Cherry Stone—How to burn a Card and recover it in a Watch—Card found by Point of a Sword— How to name the Card upon which one or more Persons fix—The Vanishing Card—How to produce a Mouse from a Pack of Cards—How to send a Card through a Table—How to change four Knaves or Kings into Blank Cards or Four Aces—The Locomotive Card—The Prestigiditorial Metamorphosis—The Queen's Dig for Diamonds—How to make a Card thought of dance on a Wall—Jumping Card Trick— Card in the Ring-How to name Rank of Card drawn down from Piquet Pack-How to tell a Card noted -How to tell the Amount of the numbers of two drawn Cards—How to tell the Names of all Cards by their weights—Mysterious Disappearance of Knave of Spades—How to make Court Cards always come together—How to turn a Card into a Bird—The Card of one Color found in a Pack of the other—How to find a certain Card after Pack has been shuffled—Of 25 Cards laid in 5 rows, to name one touched—The four inseparable Kings—How to name several Cards which two persons have drawn from a Pack—How to shuffle the Cards so as to always keep a certain card at the bottom—The transmuted Cards—The Circle of 14 Cards—The Shifting Card—The 4 transformed Kings—The Art of Fortune Telling by Cards—The Magic Twelve—The drawn Card Nailed to the Wall—The Numerical Card—The Three Magical Parties —How to discover a Card by throw of Dice—Card changes in the Hands—The Buried Heart—The Erratic Card—The Magical Trio—How to conjure a certain Card into your Pocket—How to produce a required Card from your Pocket—How to change Five Kings into Five Queens—The Longs and Shorts —Reflectors—Sauter la Coupe—Convex and Concave Cards—Handling the Cards—Garretino—Walking the Pegs—Pricked Cards—Skining—Shuffling or Weaving—The Gradus or Step—Slipping the Fives—Saddling the Cards—Dealing Fives from the Bottoms—The Telegraph, etc., etc. No. 1174.⁶ BOOK OF 125 TRICKS WITH CARDS. Price Postpaid to any Address in the World. four inseparable Kings-How to name several Cards which two persons have drawn from a Pack-How

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Magic Made Easy

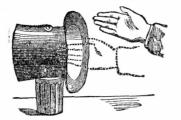
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THE ERBATIC EGG



Transfer the egg from one wine-glass to the other and back again to its original position, wit ho ut touching the egg or glasses, or allowing any person or any thing to touch them. To perform this trick, all that you have to do is to blow smartly on one side of the egg, and it will hop into the next glass repeat this and it will hop back again.

THE HAT AND COIN TRICK



Place a hat, tumbler and coin, as repressented in the cut; then after making several feints, as if you intended to strike the hat upon the **rim**, give the hat a sharp, quick blow upon the **inside of the crown**, and the coin will fall into the tumbler. This is a beautiful trick, if skillfully performed.

THE OBEDIENT DIME

Lay a dime between two half-dollars, and place upon the larger coins a glass, as in the diagram. Remove the dime without displacing either of the half-dollars or the glass. After having placed the glass and coins as indicated, simply scratch the tablecloth with the nail of the forefinger, in the direction you would



and coins as indicated, simply scratch the tablecloth with the nail of the forefinger, in the direction you would have the dime to move, and it will answer immediately. The tablecloth is necessary; for this reason the trick is best suited to the breakfast or dinner table.

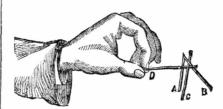
TO LIFT THREE MATCHES WITH ONE

You get three matches of equal length, and cut the end of one in the shape of a wedge, in the end of another you make a small slit.



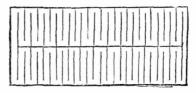
and you are ready to perform your trick. Introduce the wedge end into the end you have slit, so that they will hold together their own weight; now take the third match and the two you have put together, and nicely balance them upon the table, as represented in the engraving. Then take another

match (D), and insert the end of it under the upper ends of the three matches. A, B, C; balance upon the table, and very gently push the matches A and B back, just enough to let the match C fall upon the match D, which you hold in your fingers, and the two matches



A and **B** will fall back again, overlapping the match C, as represented in the engraving Now you can easily raise them, and earry them anywhere you desire. This is a very simple trick, and, having shown it once, it can easily be done by observing parties.

HOW TO CUT A VISITING CARD FOR A CAT TO JUMP THROUGH IT



Cut the card through the center, leaving a perfect bar at each end; then proceed by cutting the card according to the lines indicated in the subjoined engraving, taking care that you do not cut through and thus separate the links. When the card has been thus carefully cut, it may be drawn out to form a hoop for pussy to jump through, or it will make a pretty collar for her to wear.

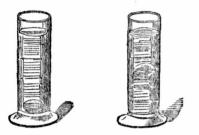
TO MAKE A CONE OR PYRAMID MOVE UPON A TABLE WITHOUT SPRINGS OR ANY OTHER ARTIFICIAL MEANS

Roll up a piece of paper, or any other light substance, and put a lady-beetle, or some such small insect, privately under it; then, as the insect will naturally endeavor to free itself from its captivity, it will move the cone towards the edge of the table, and as soon as it comes there it will immediately return, for fear of falling; and by thus moving to and fro, will occasion much sport to those who are unacquainted with the cause.

TO PREPARE A FOUNTAIN OF FIRE

Take two parts of zinc, finely granulated. and add to it one part of phosphorus (say ten grains of phosphorus and twenty of zinc), and pour on it half an ounce of water, with a quarter of an ounce of sulfuric acid, and in a short time **phosphorated hydrogen gas** will be produced. Extinguish the lights, and beautiful jets of blue flame will be seen to dart from the bottom of the liquid, while its surface will be covered with a luminous smoke. This is a beautiful experiment, and is easily performed.

THE MAGIC EGG



Take a pint of water, and dissolve in it as much common salt as it will take up; with this brine half fill a tall glass, then fill up the remaining space with plain water, pouring it in very carefully down the side of the pure water will then float upon the brine, and, in appearance, the two liquids will seem as but one. Now take another glass, and fill it with common water. If an egg be put into this, it will instantly sink to the bottom; but if, on the contrary, the egg is put into the glass containing the brine, it will sink through the plain water only, and float upon that portion which is saturated with salt, appearing to be suspended in a very remarkable and curious manner.

THE NONDESCRIPT

Get a nut, and holding it toward the spectators in your closed hand, that they may not see what lies therein, profess yourself to be capable of showing them what they have never seen, what you have never seen, what no one else has ever seen, and what, when you and they have once seen, no one else ever shall see. Ask them to guess what it is; and when they have tried in vain, crack the nut, show them the kernel, then put it in your mouth, and having swallowed it, ask them if you have not fulfilled your promise.

THE MIRACULOUS APPLE

To divide an apple into several parts, without breaking the rind. Pass a needle and thread under the rind of the apple, which is easily done by puting the needle in again at the same hole it came out of: and so passing on till you have gone around the apple. Then take both the ends of the thread in your hands, and draw it out, by which means the apple will be divided into parts. In the same maner, you may divide it into as many parts as you please, and yet the rind will remain entire. Present the apple to any one to peel, and it will immediately fall to pieces.

THE OLD MAN'S FACE



This is also a very comical amusement and productive of much merriment. The only requisite for producing it is a person's hand, a handkerchief and a little India ink. The engraving will show the simplicity of the arrangement, and demonstrates how easy it is to form an old man's face.

THE TURN WONDER

This amusing toy causes an illusion of vision, and is made and exhibited as follows: Cut out a small circular piece of card, to which fasten four strings. Draw on one side of it a Bacchus and on the other a butt. Then take one of the strings between the forefinger and thumb of each hand, close to the card, and twist or twirl it rapidly around, and, according to which pair of strings you use, the figure will be seen in a different position. Various devices may be used—for instance, a bird on the one side and a cage on the other; a tight-rope and a dancer; a body and a heac; a candle and a flame; a picture and a frame.

THE CARDS BY WEIGHT

Take a parcel of cards—say forty—and privately insert among them two long cards; let the first be, for example, the fifteenth, and the other the twenty-sixth, from the top. Secan to shuffle the cards, and cut them at the first long card; poise those you have taken off in your hand, and say. "There must be fifteen cards here; then cut them at the second long card, and say. "There are but eleven here:" and poising the remainder, exclaim, "And here are fourteen cards." On counting them, the spectators will find your calculations correct.

THE LINK BOYS

Place two persons on their knees, opposite to each other; each is to kneel on one knee, with the other leg in the air. Give to one of them a lighted candle, requesting him to light that of the other person. This is exceedingly difficult to do, both being poised in equilibrium on one knee, and liable to tumble at the slightest disarrangement of position.

TO DRAW TWO FIGURES WITH CRAYON ON A WALL, ONE OF WHICH WILL LIGHT A TAPER, AND THE OTHER EXTINGUISH IT

Draw with crayon two figures on the wall; any you please, such as a man's head and a woman's. At the mouth of one you put a little gunpowder, which you fasten on with mouth-glue; at the mouth of the other a bit of phosphorus, fastened in the same way. When you take a lighted taper near the mouth that has the gunpowder, the explosion extinguishes it; then, taking it near the phosphorus while warm, it lights itself again.

TO MAKE A CARD SPRING UP INTO THE AIR FROM THE PACK, WITHOUT BEING TOUCHED

One of the company having drawn a card, the drawn card is shuffled up with the rest of the pack. The pack is then put into a kind of spoon placed upright upon a bottle, which serves as a pedestal, and at the company's pleasure the card which was drawn instantly flies up in the air.

CARD AND HANDKERCHIEF TRICK

Give the pack for a card to be drawn from it; and dividing the pack in two, have the chosen card placed in the middle. Make the pass at this place, and the card will come to the top. Put it on the table, cover it with a rather thin handkerchief, and take the first card under it, pretending, however, to feel about for it. Turn over the handkerchief, and show that this card was the one drawn.

TO COPY A SEAL

In magical performances, it is often necessary to open a sealed envelope, and yet leave no evidence of your having broken the wax. You take an impression of the seal by smartly striking a piece of soft lead on it. Break the seal and read the inclosure; fuse the wax again by directing the tube of a blow-pipe on it, and seal with the lead reverse. No trace will remain of the seal having been tampered with.

TO TELL IF A PERSON IS IN LOVE

At a farrier's, or elsewhere, procure a piece of horn shaving as thin as paper, an inch long by three-fifths of an inch wide, and cut it into the shape of a Cupid, as generally represented, i. e., of a plump child. Make a similar figure out of parchment, paper, or silk. Put the figure of horn in a person's hand, and the heat will make it curl up and move about, while the other will not stir.

TO MAKE A LIQUID BOIL WITHOUT FIRE

Having placed in a bottle a small quantity of acquafortis, throw into it a small quantity of brass filings; then you will perceive a strong boiling, so that the bottle will appear full, and the vial will become so warm that you cannot touch it without being burned.

INCOMBUSTIBLE SUBSTANCES

Paper dipped in alum-water and dried, two or three times, will be found to defy the action of the flames of a candle.

SHOOT A SMALL BIRD AND BRING IT TO LIFE AGAIN

In this experiment take an ordinary fowling-piece, and put the usual charge of powder into it; but, instead of the common charge of shot, introduce a half charge of quicksilver. When a small bird approaches, fire. Although it is not necessary to hit the bird, it will be found so stunned and stifled as to fall upon the ground in a state of suspended animation. As its consciousness will return at the expiration of a few minutes, avail yourself of the interval in declaring your intention of bringing it to life again, and your declaration will come true, to the amazement of your brother sportsmen.

AN EXCELLENT CARD TRICK

Let any person drew a card from a pack, and put it in the pack again, but where you know where to find it again; shuffle the cards as before directed; then let another person draw a card, and be sure he takes the same the other did; proceed in the same way with all the persons but the one who may be last, who is to draw another card, which also return to the pack, and shuffle till you have brought both the cards together. Then, showing the last card to the company, the other will show the trick.

THE CUT STRING RESTORED



The together the ends of a piece of string, pass one hand through each end, twist it once around, and put both ends into the left hand. Draw the right hand rapidly along the double strings, until you come to the place where the strings have crossed each other, as seen in the engraving. Conceal the junction with the thumb and finger of the right hand; hold the strings in a similar manner with the left hand, and teil some one to cut the string between them. You show that the string has been divided into two pieces, and say that you will join them with your teeth. Put all four ends into your mouth, and remove with your tongue the little loop that has been cut off. When you take the string out of your mouth, the spectators will not notice the absence of so small a portion of its length, and will fancy that you really have joined them.

THE CARD UNDER HANDKERCHIEF

Let a person draw any card from the rest, and put it in the middle of the pack, you make the pass at that place, and the card will consequently be at the top; then placing the pack on the table. cover it with a handkerchief, and putting your hand under it, take off the top card, and after seeming to search among the cards for some time, draw it out.

A GHOSTLY APPEARANCE

Take a half pint of spirits, and, having warmed it, put a handful of salt with it into a basin; then set it on fire, and it will have the effect of making every person within its influence look hideous. This feat must be performed in a room.

HOW TO CUT GLASS

Having privately dipped a thread in sulphur, wrap it around the part of the glass you wish to cut, then set fire to it, and by immersing it smartly into cold water it will immediately cut in the way required. This may cause a good deal of curiosity, and is likewise very useful on some occasions.

THE POKER PUZZLE

This feat is to be performed with a common fire poker, which you must hold near the top between the fingers and the thumb. You must then, by the mere motion of the fingers and the thumb, work the poker upwards, until the slender part be moved up to the hand, while the poker remains perpendicular during the whole process. For the first few times that this is attempted to be done considerable difficulty will be experienced, as it not only requires strength in the fingers proportionate to the weight of the poker, but also a certain knack, which can only be acquired by practice.

TO CUT OFF A CHICKEN'S HEAD WITH-OUT KILLING IT



A charlatan, to prove the efficacy of his patented medicine, modestly assures you that it will bring the dead to life. "Behold an animal," says he, pointing to a chicken, "whose sands of life are about to run out, for I am going to cut off his head and show you his brains; still, that will not prevent him from cackling among the brood to-morrow morning." A moment after he plants a knife against its neck, and presents it to the company, suspended as in illustration. At first, you will see the animal struggle, beating his wings and feet; but a moment afterwards it will appear motionless, with eyes closed as if dead. The mountebank, having taken away the knife, the cock falls upon the table as an inanimate mass. He fills a small syrings with elixir, that is pure water, and makes two or three injections into the animal's brain; then he revives a little, and soon after he raises upon his legs, stretches his neck, beats his wings, and stalks off crowing.

This trick can be explained in the following manner: The brain of a fowl is placed upon the back of the head, by the side of the neck; and there is between the brain and the beak a part of the head which you can pierce with a knife, without killing the animal; and, if the head has been pierced in advance near this place, you can suspend the animal on the knife as often as you wish without doing injury, provided the knife be blunt, and then the animal struggles and flaps its wings, not relishing its disagreeable position. As to its apparent death, its sudden resurrection and exultant flight: that, in a measure, depends upon the animal's training.

AN AFTER-DINNER FEAT

Fold your napkin into the form of a cravat, and request some one of the company to fill up your glass with wine or water, and place it on your napkin; cover your glass with a hollow plate; cover again the plate with the two ends of the napkin in such a fashion that the glass will be tightly pressed against the plate, and turn the whole upside down. It is now easy to drink the liquid, which comes down gently into the plate—and hence you can readily wager to drink a glass of water or wine without touching your glass with your hands or mouth.

THE MAGIC CUPS

Procure two tin cups without handles, quite plain, straight sides, with the bottoms sunk a quarter of an inch. On the bottoms spread some glue, and completely cover the glue with some kind of bird-seed, only so as not to be seen when standing in an ordinary position. Have ready a bas filled with the same kind of seed as you used in covering the bottoms. Put the cups on the table; also two hats. Put one cup then into the bas, appear to fill it, and take it out turned bottom upwards, when it will look as if it had been filled. Put it in that position under one hat; in doing so turn it over. Then take the other empty cup, put that under the other hat; and, in doing so, turn that over, which, of course, must be invisible to the audience. Then remove the hats and the cups will appear to have changed places.

A DISTORTED FIGURE SEEN WELL PRO-PORTIONED FROM A CERTAIN POINT OF VIEW

Write or draw on thin white cardboard any letters or design you fancy. Prick the outline all around, hold it at an angle to another piece of white cardboard or paper, placed horizontally, and let a light shine through the pricked outline, which will give distorted forms. This done, put aside the light and the perforated cardboard, and, by placing your eye where the light had been, you will see the second drawing take a regular form.

TO MAKE A WATCH STOP OR GO AT THE WORD OF COMMAND

Borrow a watch from any person in the company and request of the whole to stand around you. Hold the watch up to the ear of the first in the circle and command it to go. Then demand his testimony to the fact. Remove it to the ear of the next, and enioin it to stop. Make the same request of that party, and so on through the entire party. EXPLANATION: You must take care in borrowing the watch that it be a good one and goes well; have concealed in your hand a piece of loadstone, which, as soon as you

EXPLANATION: You must take care in borrowing the watch that it be a good one and goes well; have concealed in your hand a piece of loadstone, which, as soon as you apply it to the watch, will occasion suspension of its movements, which a subsequent shaking and withdrawing of the magnet will restore.

THE ENCHANTED COCK

Bring a cock into a room, with both your hands close to its wings, and hold them tight; put him on a table, and point his beak down as straight as possible; then let any one draw a line with a piece of chalk directly from its beak, and all the noise you can possibly make will not disturb him for some time from the seeming lethargy which that position you have lain him in has effected.

THE MAGNETIZED CANE

This is a very surprising little fancy, and is calculated to create much astonishment in the drawing-room. Take a piece of black silk thread, or horsehair, about two feet long, and fasten to each end of it bent hooks of a similar color. When unobserved, fasten the hooks in the back part of your pantaloon legs, about two inches below the bend of the knees. Then place the cane (it should be a dark one, and not too heavy) within the inner part of the thread, and, by a simple movement of the legs, you can make it dance about and perform a great variety of fantastic movements. At night your audience cannot perceive the thread, and apparently the cane will have no support whatever. The performer should inform the company, before commencing this trick, that he intends to magnetize the cane, and, by moving his hands as professors of magnetism do, the motion of the legs will not be noticed.

SOLID STEEL WILL FLOAT ON WATER

If the blade of a well-polished knife be dipped into a basin of cold water, the particles of each of these two bodies do not seem to come in contact with each oth.r; for when the blade is taken out, the water slides off, leaving the blade quite dry, as if it had previously been smeared with some greasy substance. In the same way, if a common sewing needle be laid horizontally in a glass of water, it will not sink, but forms a kind of trench on the surface, on which it lies and floats about. This proceeds from the little attraction which exists between the cold water and the polished steel. Both the knife and the needle should be dry and clean, or the effect will not be produced.

OPTICAL SUBTRACTION

Affix to a dark wall a round piece of paper, an inch or two in diameter; and a little lower, at the distance of two feet on each side, make two marks. Then place yourself directly opposite to the paper, and hold the end of your finger before your face in such a manner that, when the right eye is open, it shall conceal the mark on the left, and when the left eye is open it shall conceal the mark on the right. If you then look with both eyes to the end of your finger, the paper, which is not at all concealed by it from either of your eyes, will nevertheless disappear.

THE DOUBLED COIN

Half fill a glass of water, and put a dime or a quarter into it. Cover the glass with a plate, upon which place one hand, while you hold the glass with other; turn the glass upside down, so that none of the water may escape; place it on a table, and you will see the coin at the bottom larger than it is in reality, and another will appear, of the natural size, a little above it.

TO MAKE A FIGURE WHICH WILL RAISE ITSELF UNAIDED

Shape a small figure of pith, bedecking it with clothes by summing on it silk floss or other light stuff, and glue on the base of it half a marble or half a leaden bullet, fastened by its flat side. However you may knock the little man about, he will always rise to his feet.

THE WONDERFUL HAT

Upon a table place three pieces of bread, or any other eatable, at a little distance from each other, and cover each with a hat, take up the first hat, and removing the bread put it into your mouth, letting the company see that you swallow it; then raise the second hat, and eat the bread which was under that; then proceed to the third hat in the same manner. Having eaten the three pieces, ask any person in the company to choose which hat he would like the three pieces of bread to be under. and, when he has made his choice of one of the hats, put it on your head, and ask him if he does not think they are under it.

TO CHANGE A DIME TO A QUARTER



This is quite a simple parlor trick: In fact, it surprises on account of its very simplicity. Procure two pieces of marbled paper about seven inches square, and, having put the marble backs of the paper together, cut them in the shape of an oblong square. (See illustration). Be very careful to have them exactly the



same size, as the success of the trick depends, in a great measure, upon the regularity of the paper. After cutting the paper in the manner described, place a dime in the center of one of the pieces, at the place marked, A; then fold it carefully over at the crease on the side marked B, and also again at the side marked D. When you have done this, turn down the end marked C upon the center A, and again fold over on F. When this is accomplished, you will discover that you have formed a small parcel with a dime in the center. You then place a quarter of a dollar in the center of the other piece of paper, and fold it up exactly the same size and shape as the first piece. Next gum the two parcels will appear as one. You can then open the side of the paper containing the dime and show it to your audience, informing them that you are going to open a mint on a small plan, and coin a quarter from a dime. Then mutter some cabalistic words and dexterously turn over the side containing the quarter, and upon opening the paper, to the astonishment of the company, instead of a dime they will behold a genuine quarter.

HOW TO MAKE A COIN STICK AGAINST THE WALL

Take a small coin. such as a dime or a quarter, and on the edge cut a small notch with a knife, so that a little point of the metal will project. By pressing this against a door or wooden partition, the coin will remain mysteriously adhering against the perpendicular surface.

TO TELL AT WHAT HOUR A PERSON INTENDS TO RISE

Let the person set the hand of the dial of a watch at any hour he pleases, and tell you what that hour is: and to the number of that hour you add in your mind 12: then tell him to count privately the number of that amount upon the dial, beginning with the next hour to that on which he proposes to rise, and counting backwards, first reckoning the number of the hour at which he has placed the hands. For example:

Suppose the hour at which he intends to rise be 8, and he has placed the hand at 5; ycu will add 12 to 5, and tell him to count 17 on the dial, first reckoning 5, the hour at which the index stands, and counting backwards from the hour at which he intends to rise; and the number 17 will necessarily end at 8, which shows that to be the hour he chose.

TO LIGHT A CANDLE WITHOUT TOUCH-ING THE WICK

Let a candle burn until it has a good long snuff, then, blow it out with a sudden puff, a bright wreath of white smoke will curl up from the hot-wick; now, if a flame be applied to this smoke, even at a distance of two or three inches from the candle, the flame will run down the smoke and rekindle the wick in a very fantastic manner.

To perform this experiment nicely, there must be no draught or "banging" doors while the mystic spell is rising.

THE TUMBLING EGG

Fill a quill with quicksilver: seal it at both ends with good hard wax. 'Then boil an egg. Take a small piece of shell off and thrust in the quill with the quicksilver; lay it on the ground, and it will jump about till all heat is gone. If you put quicksilver into a bladder, and warm it after you have blown it out and secured it, it will skip about in the same manner.

MAGIC WRITING-LETTERS THAT WILL COME AND GO AT COMMAND

Write on a mirror with French chalk; wipe it with a handkerchief and the letters will vanish, but can be called into view by breathing on them, at a considerable distance of time.

TO POUR WINE AND WATER INTO THE SAME GLASS WITHOUT THEIR MIXING

Fill a glass half full of water. Put into tt a piece of soft bread of the size of a walnut; pour some wine lightly over the bread, and then you will see the water at the bottom of the glass, and the wine above the water without mixing with it.

MAGIC MILK

Lime water is quite transparent and clear as common spring water, but if we breathe or blow into it, the bright liquid becomes opalescent and as white as milk. The best way to try this simple experiment is to put some powdered quick-lime into a wine bottle full of cold water; shake them well together now and then for a day; then allow the bottle to remain quiet till the next day, when the clear lime water may be poured off from the sediment. Now fill a wine glass tube, a piece of new tobacco pipe or clean straw, and in the course of a minute or so, as the magicians say, "the water will be turned into milk." By means of this pastime, "wise men" can ascertain which young ladies are in love and which young gentlemen are not. with a shrewd guess they present, as a test, a glass of lime water to the one and of pure water to the other, with unerring effect.

WRITING BY THE RAYS OF THE SUN

Dissolve a sufficient quantity of chalk in aquafortis to make it of the consistency of milk, and add to that a strong solution of silver. Put this liquor in a glass decanter, well stopped; then cut out from a paper the letters you wish to appear, and paste the paper on the decanter, which you will place in the sun in such a manner that its rays may pass through the spaces cut out of the paper, and fall on the surface of the liquor. That part of the glass through which the tarsy pass will turn black, and that under the paper will remain white. You must be careful not to remove the bottle during the time of operation.

HOW TO MELT METAL IN A WALNUT SHELL

Bend any thin coin. and put it into half a walnut shell; place the shell on a little sand to keep it steady. Then fill the shell with a mixture made of three parts of very dry pounded nitre, one part of flour of sulphur, and a little sawdust well sifted. If you then set a light to the mixture you will find, when it is melted, that the metal will also be melted in the bottom of the shell, in form of a button, which will become hard when the burning matter around it is consumed. The shell will have sustained very little injury.

THE ROW OF FIGURES

In what manner can a person reckon up how much the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 up to 50 amount to, when added together, without adding them up either in your head or upon paper?

out adding them up either in your head or upon paper? ANSWER.—The first and last of these numbers, 1 and 50, make 51, the second and last but one, 2 and 49, also make 51, and so on through the whole row of figures. Altogether, therefore, there are 25 times 51, which makes 1275.

THE WATER TRICK

Procure two pieces of glass about six inches square, join any two of their sides, and separate the opposite sides with a piece of wax, so that their surfaces may form an angle of about two or three degrees: immerse this apparatus in water, and the water will arise between the plates, and form a beautiful geometrical figure.



CURE FOR TROUBLESOME SPECTATORS

It will sometimes happen at an early stage of the performance that the ultimate success of the whole is likely to be endangered by a troublesome person, who will persist in crying out, "I know how it is done!"—at the same time continually advancdone!"—at the same time continually advanc-ing to the table, from which it is, of course, the business of the conjurer to keep his youthful admirers. Should this be the case the magic whistles may be produced, and the remark made that now the troublesome boy shall show the company a trick. Hav-ing taken up one of the whistles, which has previously been filled with flour or magnesia, dust or soot, proceed to give a few directions, particularly Impressing on him the necessity dust or soot, proceed to give a few directions, particularly Impressing on him the necessity of blowing hard, because the whistle you place in his hand is perforated with a number of holes. The would-be magician is, there-fore, excessively mortified, on applying his mouth and blowing hard, to receive the pow-der in his face. Any turner will make such a whistle, it being nothing more than the usual shaped toy perforated at the top with a number of holes. a number of holes.

MAGICAL ILLUSIONS

Suspend a white transparent cloth from the ceiling, and behind it place a very powerful light. If we recede from the screen our figure will become enlarged to a gigantic stature; and, on the contrary, if we approach it, and stand exactly between the light and the screen, our figure will be more accurately defined; but by jumping over the light we the screen, our figure will be more accurately defined: but, by jumping over the light, we shall appear, to persons looking upon the screen, as having ascended to such a great height as entirely to have disappeared. By nimble attitudes and grotesque movements, and a tasteful introduction of some animals, the effect will be much heightened, and laughter, which is good for the heart that is sad, will be excited.

THE CONJURER'S STROKE

Take a ball in each hand, and stretch both Take a ball in each hand, and stretch both you hands as far as you can one from the other; then inform the company that you will make both balls come into which hand they please to name. If any one doubts your ability to perform this feat, lay one ball on the table, turn around, and then take it up with the hand which already contains a ball. Thus both the balls will be in one hand, without the employment of both of them.

TO HOLD A GLASSFUL OF WATER UPSIDE DOWN WITHOUT SPILLING

Fill a glass brimful of water or other liquid, lay a thin card over it, and on the card press a plate or a piece of glass. Turn it all upside down, and you can hold the glass up by the stem without losing a drop of water It is the weight of the air which presses on the paper outside more than the water with in, and sustains it. When the water soaks through the card it will force it off abruptly.

THE HAT PUZZLE

Request any person to mark upon the wall the exact height of an ordinary silk hat, supthe exact height of an ordinary slik hat, sup-posing the hat to be placed on its crown on the floor. Exhibit the hat before its height is marked, and it is curious to observe how entirely different are the ideas of half a dozen persons upon the subject—the greater number marking high enough for two or three hats

A CANDLE TRICK

Cut out of a large apple two or three round pieces the size and shape of the end of a candle. In the center of one end of each one stick a small, round piece of peeled almond. This is the wick. Light it and blow it out when the flame has blackened it. Tell your friends that you once had a friend who was a colonel of a Russian regiment from whom you learned to eat tallow candles, at the same time lighting your apple candles; then blow them out, pop them into your mouth one after the other and eat them.

THE STICK AND GLASS TRICK



Place the two wine glasses, filled up with water, on a very level table, or, better still, on two benches of the same height. Lay the on two benches of the same neight. Lay the stick on the edge of the glasses, one end on each, and strike it in the middle smartly with another stick. You will break it in halves without injuring the glasses. Explanation.—The stick is a thin one, tapering to a point each way from the center, and has its ends on the edge of the glasses.

TO PASS A TUMBLER THROUGH A TABLE

Place yourself on the opposite side of the table to the spectators, having spread, unper-ceived, a handkerchief across your knees. Take a tumbler, which, having covered with paper, you will mould as neatly as possible to the shape of the glass. While giving utterance to some cabalistic words, drop the glass into your handkerchief, unperceived, and as the paper retains its shape the lookers on glass into your handlserchief, unperceived, and as the paper retains its shape, the lookers on will believe the tumbler to be still beneath it. Passing the glass with the left hand under the table, you now crush the paper down with your right, when the glass will appear to have been sent through the table.

THE INVISIBLE VISIBLE

To make an object which is too near to be distinctly perceived, so as to be seen in a distinct manner, without the interposition of any glass; make a hole in a card with a needle, and, without changing the place of the eye or the object, look through the hole at the object, and it will be seen dis-tinctly and considerably magnified.

THE FADED ROSE RESTORED

Take a rose that is quite faded, and throw some sulphur on a chafing-dish of hot coals; then hold the rose over the fumes of the sulphur, and it will become quite white; in this state dip it into water, put it into a box or drawer for three or four hours, and when taken out it will be quite red again.

TO MAKE WATER RISE FROM A SAUCER INTO A GLASS . 2......

Pour water into a saucer, then light a piece of paper, which you put in a wine-glass, and, on clapping the glass down into the saucer, the water will be seen to rise into it.

THE MAGIC COIN

Although a purely sleight of hand trick, it requires but little pratice to perform this recreation with dexterity. Take a quarter of a dollar between the thumb and forefinger of the right hand, as represented in the engraving; then, by a rapid twist of the fingers, wird the coin by the



twin the coin by the same motion that you would use to spin a teetotum; at the same time rapidup close your hand, and the coin will discopear up your coat sleever you can now

open your hand, and, much to the astonishment of your audience, the coin will not be there. This capital trick may be varied in a hundred ways. One good way is to take three dimes or quarters, and concealing one in the palm of your left hand, place the other two one each between the thumb and forefinger of each hand; then give the coin in the right hand the twirl, as already described, and, closing both hands quickly, the coin in the right hand will disappear up your sleeve, and the left hand, on being unclosed, will be found to contain two quarters, whilst that which was in the right hand will have disappeared. Thus you will make the surprised spectators believe that you conjured the coin from the right hand into the left.

TO MAKE A PERSON TIRED, OR SWEAT, AT CARRYING A SMALL STICK OUT OF A ROOM

Most amusements become more agreeable as they appear more insignificant at the first, and become more laughable in the end. Give a stick into the hands of any person; suppose not thicker than a pea in circumference, and tell him you will lay any wager that he shall not carry it out of the room a foot from the door without sweating, being tired, or complaining that his back aches; this the person, not knowing your intention, no doubt will laugh at, and readily accept the bet. Take a knife and cut off a little bit so small you can hardly see it, and bid him carry that at first, and then give him another, you may, by this means, make him go some thousands of times, but sooner than proceed to the end of the experiment, it is a thousand to one but he owns he has lost; for it might be so managed by the smallness of the pieces cut, the little stick might find him employed for a fortnight.

THE TOPER'S STRATAGEM

Get a bottle of water, with the cork driven tightly in, and the top of it level with the neck of the bottle. You must remove the cork from the bottle without touching the bottle.

Wrap a towel round the bottom of the bottle, and strike it evenly and repeatedly, but not too hard, against a wall, post or tree, and after some time the cork will be driven out of the bottle.

AN IMPOSSIBILITY

Request any one to stand with his back against the wall—the heels being close to the wall; drop a handkerchief at the feet and defy him to pick it up without moving his feet.

CHANGE THE NUMBERS ON DICE

Take an ordinary pair of dice and hold them in such a manner between the thumb and finger that the numbers visible to the audience are three, one, the three being the upper number. Ask one of the audience to tell the numbers, stating plainly which is the top onc. This being done, you state that by rubbing your fingers over them you cause them to change places by simply passing your finger over them.

In bringing your hands together you turn the dice quarter way round. This will bring the next side of the dice toward the audience and the numbers will read one, three, instead of three, one, as before. This can be varied by again rubbing them with your finger. You can show the third side which will read six, four, and repeating the motion you show the fourth side which will be four, six. These numbers may be varied, but care must always be taken to have similar numbers on two adjoining sides.

HOW TO TELL THE NUMBER THAT ANY PERSON THINKS OF

Bid the person double the number he has fixed on in his mind; which done, bid him multiply the sum of them both by 5 and give you the product, which they will never refuse to do (it being so far above the number thought of), from which, if you cut off the last figure of the product, will always be a cipher or a 5—the number left will be that first thought of. As for example: let the number thought of be 26, which doubled makes 52; that multiplied by 5 produces 260; then, if you take away the cipher which is in the last place, there will remain 26, the number thought of.

TO MAKE AN EGG STAND ON END ON A LOOKING-GLASS

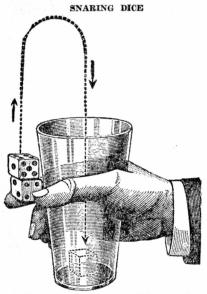
To accomplish this trick, let the performer take an egg in his hand, and while he keeps talking, and staring in the faces of the andience, give it two or three hearty shakes; this will break the yolk of the egg, which will sink to one end, and consequently make it more heavy, by which, when it is settled, you make it, with a steady hand, stand upon the glass; this would be impossible while it continued in its proper state.

THE DANCING PEA

Take a piece of tobacco-pipe, break it off even at the end, and with a knife or file work the hole rather larger so that there may be a little hollow for the pea (which should be perfectly round) to rest in. Place the other end of the pipe in your mouth, hold your head back, and keeping the pipe quite perpendicular, commence blowing gently, and the pea will dance about, leaping up sometimes to the height of two or three inches.

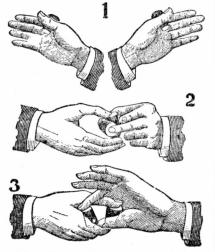
LIFT A BOTTLE WITH A STRAW

Take a straw which is not broken or bruised, and, having bent one end of it into a sharp angle, put this curved end into the bottle, so that the bent part may rest against its side; you may then take the other end, and lift up the bottle by it, without breaking the straw, and this will be more easily accomplished, as the angular part of the straw approaches nearer to that which comes out of the bottle.



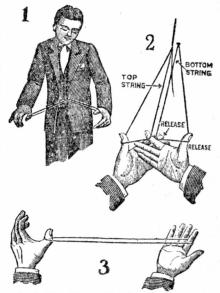
Hold a glass and a pair of dice as shown above. Now transfer the dice into the glass, one at a time. The first may be tossed in easily but when you try to capture the second in the same mauner, the first hops out. By simply letting go of the second dice and dropping the hand quickly, you can eatch it in the glass as it falls.

CORKING TRICK



Ask a friend to hold a cork in each hand as in illustration 1. Then suggest that, using only his thumbs and forefingers, he cannot make the corks change hands. Usually he gets into trouble as in No. 2. Your magic lies in mastering the grip show in illustration 3. This will require a little study and practice so that you can do it swiftly.

BUTTONHOLE ESCAPE



A double string which has been threaded through a buttonhole, can be removed from the buttonhole without letting go with either hand, in accordance with the directions shown in the illustration. A little practice will enable you to accomplish this trick swiftly and cleverly.

HANGING THE BING



Slip a portiere ring over your hand and conceal it in your sleeve. Then have someone tie each end of a cord to your wrists. Pass a duplicate of the ring around for inspection. Then, with your back turned, the exposed ring may be slipped into a pocket and the hidden ring pulled down over the hand onto the cord, thus apparently harging the ring on the cord without untying or breaking the knots.

AN AMUSING RECREATION

The possibility of putting a bulk so large as twenty quarters weighing four ounces, into a wine-glass already full to the brim with water, may be doubted; yet, with a steady hand, it may be accomplished. First, procure a wine-glass, wips it perfectly dry inside and out, especially around the rim; pour the water gently into it from a spouled mug until the glass is full to the brim; then drop the quarters edgeways gently in. Immededges of the glass. Spring water answers better than soft. Having completed your task, you will observe, with surprise, how very much the water now stands above the lovel of the brim without flowing over; this is caused by the "cohesive attraction" of the water being greater than the "attraction of gravity."

TWO INVISIBLE SUBSTANCES, EACH HAVING A PUNGENT SMELL, CONVERTED INTO ONE VISIBLE COMPOUND, HAVING NO SMELL

Take a feather and dip it in muricitic acid, and rub it on the inside of a glass tumbler, then take another feather dipped in liquid ammonia and rub it on the inside of another tumbler; each of the glasses will have a very pungent smell; but, upon holding the one over the other for a few seconds, dense fumes will arise which have no smell; or by merely letting them stand near each other, dense fumes will form between them. This experiment also shows that two invisible substances produce one that is visible. The visible substance formed is salammoniac.

TO TAKE A DOLLAB PIECE OUT OF A VASE OF WATER WITHOUT WETTING YOUR HANDS

Take a not very large porcelain bowl, fill it with water almost to the brim, say about three centimetres, then place in it a dollar coin. You propose to the company that some one take this piece out with his hands without wetting them; all will refuse as an impossibility. You hold in your hand a little licopodium, which can be had at drug stores throw it upon the water, and you can draw the piece out without moistaning your hands.

BENGAL LIGHTS

Take of nitrate of potash (caltpetre), eight parts; sublimated sulphur, four parts; gray sulphuret of antimony, one part. Let all be well powdered and mixed together; then beat it firm into a cup, can or mould, and set fire to it. It gives a most intense and luminous blue light; a little camphor added gives still greater brilliancy. Such lights are made use of as signals by mariners at sea, when communicating with the shore or with vessels at a distance during the night.

GLASS OF WATER TRICK

Offer to bet any person that you will so fill a glass with water that he shall not move it off the table without spilling the whole contents. You then fill the glass, and laying a piece of paper or thin card over the table, and then, drawing away the paper, you leave the water in the glass with its bottom upwards. It is then impossible to remove it without spilling every drop.

TO CHANGE THE COLOR OF A LIQUID IN A GLASS

Pour extract of logwood into a glass of water, which will give it the color of wine; pour this red water into another glass, perviously rinsed with vinegar, and it will become yellow: empty the water from the glass, all except three fingers, and upon this pour fresh water until it becomes the color of gray wine, which you can change into the color of vinegar or muscat wine, which, by pouring on more water, changes to the color of fine white wine, and, by adding a couple of drops of ink, it becomes a beautiful bluish gray.

CANDLES EXTINGUISHED AND LIGHTED BY PISTOL SHOTS

It is necessary that the candles be entire, and with recent wicks, two lighted, and two to be lighted.

You must put in the middle of the wicks of those to be lighted (each wick to be separated by a pin or a toothpick) a piece of phosphorus about the size of a grain of wheat which can be introduced upon the point of a knife. You place yourself then at the distance of five or six feet from the candles, and fire the pistol, which will extinguish those lighted and set fire to those having the phosphorus in thema.

TO MAKE THE HANDS AND FACE BECOME BLACK BY WASHING THEM IN CLEAN WATER

Take a few galls, bruise them to a fine powder, and strew the powder nicely upon a towel; then put a little ground copperas into a basin of water, which will dissolve and leave the water perfectly transparent. After any person has washed in this water and wiped with the towel on which the galls were strewed, his hands and face will immediately become black but in a few days, by washing with soap, they will again become clean.

TO MAKE FIRE-PROOF PAPER

To accomplish this simple feat, you must previously dip a sheet of paper in a strong solution of alum water, and when dry repeat the process two or three times, when, as soon as again dry, you may put it into the flame of a candle and it will not burn. Of course, you must keep your friends ignorant of the process your sheet of paper has undergone, or it will cause no surprise.

A LAMP THAT WILL BURN FOR A YEAR

Take a stick of phosphorus and put it into a large dry vial, not corked, and it will afford a light sufficient to discern any object in a room when held near it. The vial should be kept in a cool place, where there is no great current of air, and it will continue its luminous appearance for more than twelvc months.

THE DANCING RING

Procure a hollow ring and fill it with quicksilver by means of a small hole; stop up the hole with clay, and, having, heated the ring over a candle, put it down upon the table, and it will dance about until the quicksilver becomes cold.

THE SELF-BALANCED PAIL

THE SELF-BALANCED PAIL Lay a stick across the table, letting one-third of it project over-the edge; and you undertake to hang a pail of water on it, without either fastening the stick on the table or letting the pail rest on any support; and this feat the laws of gravitation will enable you literally to accomplish. You take a pail of water, and hang it by the handle upon the projecting end of the stick, in such a manner that the handle may rest on it in an inclined position, with the middle of the pail within the edge of the table. That it may be fixed in this situation, place another stick with one of its ends resting against the side at the bot-tom of the pail, and its other end against the first stick, where there should be a notch to retain it. By these means the pail will remain fixed in that situation, without being able to incline to either side, nor can the stick slide along the table, or more along its edge, without raising the center of gravity of the pail and the water it contains.

A CHEAP WAY OF BEING GENEROUS

Take a little common white or beeswax, and stick it on your thumb. Then, speaking to a bystander, you show him a dime, and tell him you will put the same into his hand; press it down on the paim of his hand with your waxed thumb, taiking to him the while and looking him in the face. Suddenly take away your thumb, and the coin will adhere to it; then close his hand, and he will be un-der the impression that he holds the dime, as the sensation caused by the pressing still remains. You may tell him he is at liberty to keep the dime; but on opening his hand to look at it, he will find, to his astonishment, that it is gone.

LIGHTNING WITHOUT THUNDER OR RAIN

If you desire to astonish a person, select If you desire to astonish a person, select a small dark room closed in such a manner that the air can with difficulty penetrate into it. There burn a basin full of spirits of wine and camphor, until nothing is left uncon-sumed. Induce your friend to enter this chamber with a lighted candle, and no soon-er does he do so than he is greeted with a flash of lightning, which, however, does no harm to his person or the room.

THE PEG TRICK

Let one of the holds be circular, another square, and the third oval; then it is evident that any cylindrical body of a proper size may be made to pass through the first hole perpendicularly, and if its length be just equal to its diameter, it may be passed horizontally through the second or square hole; also, if the breadth of the oval be made equal to the diameter of the base of the cylinder, and its longest diameter of any length whatever, the cylinder being put in obliquely, will fill it as exactly as any of the former.

BEAUTIFUL TRANSFORMATIONS

Pour half an ounce of diluted nitro-muriate of gold into an ale glass, and im-merse in it a piece of very smooth charcoal. Expose the glass to the rays of the sun, in a warm place, and the charcoal will very soon be covered over with a beautiful golden coat. Take it out with forceps, dry it, and enclose it in a glass for show.

BREAK A STONE WITH BLOW OF FIST

Find two stones, from three to six inches long, and about half as thick; lay one flat upon the ground, on which place one end of the other, raising the reverse end to an angle of forty-five degrees, and just over the center of the other stone, with which it must form a T, being upheld in that posi-tion by a piece of thin twig or stick an inch or an inch and a half long; if the elevat-ed stone be now smartly struck about the center with the little finger side of the hand, the stick will give way, and the stone will be broken to pieces. The stones must be placed, however, so as not to slip, otherwise the feat will not be effected.

THE MAGICAL KNOT



A very amusing trick, consisting in simply tying one knot with two ends of a handker-chief, and, by apparently pulling the ends, untying them again.

Take two ends of the handkerchief, one in each hand, the ends dropping from the inside of your hands. You simply tie a single knot, when your hands and your handkerchief will when your hands and your handkerenter will be in the position shown in the cut. Instead of pulling the ends C and D, grasp that part marked B with your thumb and forefinger, dropping the end D, and pulling upon the end C and the bend B, when, instead of really tying, you unlosen the knot.

All this should be done as quickly as pos-sible, to prevent detection. Examine the engraving closely, and you will more readily understand the explanation.

TO TAKE AWAY ANY MIDDLE OBJECT WITHOUT TOUCHING IT

Place, for example, on a table three pieces of money, in this manner:

of money, in this manner: O O Oand propose to any one to take away the middle one without touching it. How to do it: Take the right-hand piece and place it upon the left; consequently the middle one has become the right hand one, and is no longer in the middle.

MAKE A BIRD SEEM DEAD

Take any bird out of a cage, and lay it on a table; then wave a small feather over its eyes, and it will appear as dead, but directly you take the feather away it will revive again. Let it lay hold of the stem part of the feather with its feet, and it will twist and turn about just like a parrot; you may also roll it about on the table any way you like.

KNOCKING THE HEAD AGAINST A DOOR

"Do you desire me, ladics, to teach you my secret for making impromptu verses? It is to rub your forehead well, not with the hand, as Horace did of old, but by giving your head some good sound blows against the wall." Then proceed to knock your head three or four times against a door, and put your hand to your forehead, as if to deaden the pain produced by the violence of the blows. But you must do something more than merely touch the door with your head. At the same moment that you make the movements as if knocking yourself, you ward off the blow, by the aid of the left hand held to the door about the spot which you appear to strike, while the closed right hand, concealed from the audience, strikes on the other side of the door. The correspondence of the movements of

The correspondence of the movements of the head with the noise of the blows given by the clenched fist, produces a perfect illusion on the minds of the spectators.

A DROLL DRAWING-BOOM TRICK

You take six pieces of paper: place three of them on the back of your hand, and, as a preliminary operation, blow them away with an air of great mystery, informing your audience at the same time, that you are about to explain to them some new kind of magnetism. Then, placing the other three pieces on your hand, you say—"Which of the three pieces dees the company desire shall remain on my hand when I blow on them?" When one has been selected, you place the forefinger of your other hand upon it and blow the other pieces away. The absurdity of this mode of solving this problem, is sure to create much amusement.

TO PUT A RING THROUGH YOUR CHEEK, AND THEN TO BRING IT ON A STICK

You must have two rings, exactly alike, one of which has a notch, which admits your check. When you have exhibited the perfect ring, you change it for the other, and privately slip the notch over one side of your mouth; in the meantime you slip the the whole ring upon your stick, hiding it with your hand; then desire some one to hold the stick, whip the ring out of your check, and smite with it instantly upon the stick, concealing it, and whirling the other ring which you hold your hand over, round about the stick.

TO SET A COMBUSTIBLE BODY ON FIRE BY THE CONTACT OF WATER

Fill a saucer with water, and let fall into it a piece of potassium the size of a pepper corn, which is about two grains. The potassium will instantly burst into flame, with a slight explosion, and burn vividly on the surface of the water, darting at the same time from one side of the vessel to the other with great violence, in the form of a beautiful red-hot fire-ball.

TO MELT IBON IN A MOMENT, AND MAKE RUN INTO DROPS

Bring a bar of iron to a white heat, and then apply it to a roll of sulphur. The iron will immediately melt, and run into drops.

The experiment should be performed over a basin of water in which the drops that fall down will be quenched. These drops will be found reduced into a sort of cast-iron.

EATABLE CANDLE ENDS

Take a large apple, and cut a few pieces in the shape of candle ends, round at the bottom and flat at the top—in fact, as much like a piece of candle as possible. Now cut some slips from a sweet almond, as near as you can to resemble a wick, and stick them into the limitation candle. Light them for an instant, to make the tops black, blow them out, and they are ready for the trick. One or two should be artfully placed in a snuffer-tray, or candle-stick; you then inform your friends that during your "travels in the Russian Empire." you learned, like the Russians, to be fond of candles; at the same time lighting, your artificial candles (the almonds will readily take fire, and flame for a few seconds), pop them into your mouth, and swallow them, one after the other.

LUMINOUS WRITING

Take a piece of phosphorus, and, during candle-light, write upon a whitewashed wall any sentence or word, or draw any figure according to fancy. Withdraw the candle from the room, and direct the attention of the spectators to the writing. Whatever part the phosphorus has touched will be rendered quite luminous, emitting a whitish smoke or vapor. Care must be taken while using phosphorus, to dip it frequently in a basin of cold water, or the repeated friction will throw it into a state of the most active combustion, to the manifest detriment of the operator.

A SUPERNATURAL APPEARANCE

Put one part of phosphorus into six of plive oil, and digest them in a sand heat. Rub this on the face (taking care to shut the eyes) and the appearance in the dark will be supernaturally frightful; all the parts which have been rubbed appearing to be covered by a luminous lambent flame of a bluish color, whilst the syes and mouth appear like black spots. No danger whatever attends this experiment.

TO FREEZE WATER BY SHAKING IT

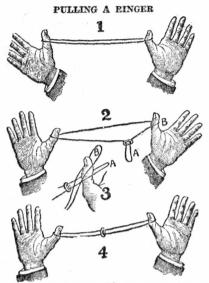
During very cold weather put some water into a close vessel and deposit it in a place where it will experience no commotion; in this manner it will often aquire a degree of cold superior to that of ice, but without freezing. If the vessel, however, be agitated ever so little, or you give it a slight blow the water will immediately freeze with singular rapidity.

THE SIGN OF THE CROSS

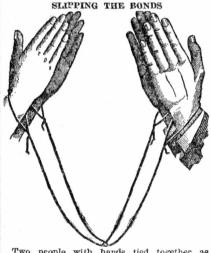
With a pen and ink make a streak on your hand along the line from the index to the little finger. You ask some one in the company to cover your hand with a hat, which you make him hold; and, while he holds it, you bend your hand as if to close it. You open it immediately, and invite him to take the hat away, and the cross is made.

LIGHT A CANDLE WITH WATER

Privately stick a small piece of phosphorus on the edge of a glass of water, apply a candle newly blown out to it, and it will immediately be re-illuminated. The warmth of the snull causes the phosphorus to ignite.



It may seem impossible to put a ring on the loop of string which has been slipped over your friend's thumbs as shown in figure 1, without taking the string off the thumbs. Merely pull a loop of the string through the ring, as in figure 2, and slip loop A over the thumb as in figure 3, removing the original loop B and the trick is done, as in figure 4.

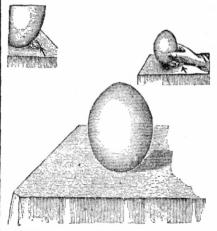


Two people with hands tied together as above, may be separated without breaking the string or untying the knots. Take the center of the string holding the one person, push it through one of the loops on the wrist of the other, bring it down over the hands and the pair is released.



Tightly twist a paper napkin as shown above and offer it to a friend while questioning his ability to pull it apart. Unless he is unusually strong he will be stumped ! You take the same napkin and with a quick jerk it breaks. Your maric lies in having secretly moistened your fingers and applying the moisture to the middle of the twisted napkin as you pick it up.

WELL BALANCED EGG



While no one is looking, arrange a small pile of salt on a white cloth. Then gather an audience and quickly press an egg into the pile, Presto! it balances easily on end. When the trick is finished remove the egg with the right thumb and forefinger, picking it up with a sweeping backward motion, letting the little finger sweep away the salt.

THE GAS CANDLE

Provide a strong glass bottle which will contain about eight ounces, or, half a pint, into which put a few pieces of zinc, then mix half an ounce of sulphuric acid with four ounces of water, and pour it into the bottle upon the zinc; fit the mouth closely with a cork, through which put a metal tube which ends upwards in a fine opening; the mixture in the bottle will soon effervesce, and hydrogen gas will rise through the tube. When it has escaped for about a minute, apply a lighted paper to the tube, and the gas will burn like a candle, but with a pale flame, its brightness may be increased to brilliancy by sifting over it a small quantity of magnesia.

THE TRAVELLING THIMBLE



A thimble is shown on the first finger and with a very quick movement the hand is closed, opened again, and the thimble is found on the second finger, and afterwards on the third and fourth. The thimble is held palmed in the fleshy part of the hand between the first finger and the thumb. The first finger is brought down and inserted in the thimble, the hand is opened smartly and the

thimble displayed. The hand is then closed, the thimble is palmed again and the second finger is inserted and the hand opened. Extraordinary dexterity can be attained with this trick after a little practice. The travelling thimble trick can also be performed with a set of eight thimbles, one for each finger. The hands are shown clenched and the fingers raised and lowered one at a time with all the alacrity the performer can command.



THE MAGIC EGG

This is not adapted for public exhibition, as the process is tedious, but it is no less wonderful. Blow the yolk out of an egg, and insert a leech within the shell, securing the end by sticking on a piece of tissue paper, place the egg and leech in the center of the room, and the saucer in the corner. In the course of time—it may be hours the natural instinct of the leech leads it to the water, and by its efforts causes the egg to move to the edge of the saucer containing the water.

TO MAKE LIQUID STEEL

Heat a piece of steel in the fire to redness; take it out with one hand, with a pair of pincers, then with the other hand present a piece of stick sulphur to the steel; as soon as they touch, you will perceive the steel flow like a liquid.

HOW TO BOIL WATER ON ICE

Freeze some water in the bottom of a long glass tube. Pour water into the ice, and without handling the part containing the ice hold the tube diagonally over a lamp flame. Take a cup and fill it with rice, then change it into a handkerchief. To do this trick you have two cups (tin) made to fit one within the other, but let the outside cup be about two inches deeper than the inside one, let the rims be turned square down all around, but let that of the inside cup be trifle larger than the outside one, so that when the tin cover (which you must also have) is put over them it will fit sufficiently tight to lift out the inside cup when it is taken off. Previous to performing this trick you must place in the bottom of the deep cup a white pocket handkerchief, then place the other cup in it, after which bring it out in the presence of the audience, then fill the cover over it, after which repeat the mystic words PRESTO, PASCILLO, PASS, then remove the cover and the inside cup will have stuck to it and be concealed from view; now take out the handkerchief, and it will greatly

CRACK WALNUTS IN YOUR ELBOW

Conceal a very strong walnut in your right hand, and take two other walnuts out of the dish, place one of them on the joint of your arm, and say that you are going to break it by the power of your nuscles. You will now have one walaut in your arm and two in your right hand. Close your left arm and strike it an apparently violent blow with your right hand, at the same time clenching the right hand violently, which will smash the second walnut in it, and the spectators hearing the crash will be sure to fancy that it is caused by the demolition of the walnut in your arm. Then open your arm very gently (for fear of dropping any of the fragments, you must say,) and, when pretendling to take out the walnut which you had placed there, you substitute for it the broken dne from your right hand.

CARD REPRODUCTION TRICK

You allow one of the company to draw any card he pleases; you then throw it out of the window, and exclaim that you have it in the pack again. You let the same berson or another draw a card again, and, strange to say, the card which he draws will be the one you have just thrown out of the window. This trick is a very easy one, as the entire pack consists of similar cards. It is necessary, however, to have an ordinary pack at hand, (in which this particular card is wanting,) in order to substitute it for the prepared pack and exhibit it to the company.

A STONE IN PERPETUAL MOTION

Put very small filings of iron into aquafortis, and let them remain there until the water takes off the iron requisite, which it will do in seven or eight hours. Then take the water and put it into a phial an inch wide, with a large mouth, and put in a stone of lapis calaminaris, and stop it up close; of the stone will then keep in perpetual motion.

TWO BITTERS MAKE A SWEET

It has been discovered that a mixture of a nitrate of silver with hyposulphate of soda p both of which are remarkably bitter, will a produce the sweetst known substance.

MUSLIN THAT WIIL NOT BURN

Muslin, as is well known, is highly infiammable, and still muslin may be brought in contact with live coals without being consumed. Tako a piece of highly polished metal, a copper sphere, for example, and bind the muslin on it as tightly as possible; then lay on it some coals at a white heat, blowing them and keeping them aglow. The muslin will not be scorched. The reason of this is that the metal on which the muslin is bound is a good conductor of the heat, which passes entirely into the metal, leaving the fabric uninjured.

THE MAGIC WHIRLPOOL

Fill a glass tumbler with water, throw upon its surface a few fragments or thin shavings of camphor, and they will instantly begin to more and acquire a motion both progressive and rotary, which will continue for a considerable time. If the water be touched by any greasy substance, the floating particles will dart back, and, as if by a stroke of magic, be instantly deprived of their motion and vivacity.

TO MELT LEAD IN PAPER

Wrap up a very smooth ball of lead in a piece of paper, taking care that there be no wrinkles in it, and that it be every where in contact with the ball; if it be held in this state over the flame of a taper, the lead will be melted without the paper being burnt. The lead, when once fused, will not fail in a short time to pierce the paper and run through.

SUSPEND A NEEDLE IN AIR

Place a magnet on a stand to raise a little above the table, then bring a small sewing needle, containing a thread, within a little of the magnet, keeping hold of the thread to prevent the needle from attaching itself to the magnet. The needle, in endeavoring to fly to the magnet, and being prevented by the thread, will remain curiously suspended in the air.

EXPLODING SOAP-BUBBLES

This is a novelty, and will be found to produce a very good effect. The bubbles are blown in the usual way with an ordinary clay pipe the only preparation necessary being that the bowl of the pipe must be filled with cotton-wool soaked in gasoline. Bubbles blown with a pipe thus prepared will be found to explode in a flame when approached with a light.

ARTIFICIAL LIGHTNING

Provide a tin tube that is larger at one end than it is at the other, and in which there are several holes. Fill this tube with powdered resin, and when it is shaken over the flame of a torch, the reflection will produce the exact appearance of lightning.

THE FLOATING BEACON

Fasten to the end of a half-burnt candle a leaden counter of its own diameter, and but it gently into water. It will swim erect, and, if lighted, will burn to the very end without sinking.

TO TAKE FEATHERS OUT OF AN EMPTY HANDKERCHIEF

Procure at the military clothier's four or five large plumes, such as are worn by officers. Take off your coat, and lay the plumes along your arms, the stem being towards your hand. Now put on your coat again, and the feathers will lie quite smoothly and unsuspected. Borrow a handkerchief from one of the spectators, and wave it about to show that it is empty. Throw it over your leit hand, and with the right draw out one of the plumes from the coatsleere, at the same time giving it a flourish in the feather, and make it appear much too large to have been concealed about the person. Wave the handkerchief again, and repeat the operation until all the plumes under the sleeve to cover a table with, and if you prepare a board or ornamental vase full of holes, you can place the plumes upright as you take

MAGIC CIRCLE

You tell a person you will place him in the center of a room, and draw a circle of chalk round him, which shall not extend three feet in diameter, yet out of which he shall not be able to leap, though his legs shall be perfectly free. When the party has exhausted his incenuity in trying to discover by what means you can prevent his accomplishing so seemingly easy a task, you ask him if he will try, and on his assenting, you bring him into the middle of the room, and having requested him to button his coat tightly, you draw with a piece of chalk, and tell him to jump out of it.

THE VISIBLE INVISIBLE

You tell one of the company that you will place a candle in such a manner that every person in the room, except himself, shall see it; yet you will not blindfold him, nor in any way restrain his person, or offer the least impediment to his examining or going to any part of the room he places. This trick is accomplished by placing the candle upon the party's head; but it cannot be performed if a looking-glass is in the room, as that will enable him to turn the laugh against you.

BRING A PERSON DOWN ON A FEATHER

This is a practical pun: You desire any one to stand on a chair or table, and you will tell him that, notwithstanding his weight, you will bring him down upon a feather. You then leave the room, and procuring a feather from a feather bed, you give it to him, and tell him that you have performed your promise—that you engaged to bring him down upon a feather, which you have done; for there is the feather, and, if he examines it, he will find DOWN upon it.

BALANCED STICK

Obtain a piece of wood about eight inches in length and half an inch thick; affx to its upper end the blades of two pen-knives, one on each side. Carefully place the lower end of the stick on the point of your forefinger, when it will retain its position without falling. This feat, though it has a very horrifying appearance, need cause no alarm, as it is one of the simplest tricks which can be attempted. The performer ought to be a short distance from the company when it is to be performed, and must be provided with two clasp-knives, one of which must have a small semi-circle cut out of it—the other being a common knife—of course you show the latter to the company as the only instrument in your possession; you must also provide yourself with a small piece of sponge soaked in whe, and having caused an individual to sit down, you immediately proceed to work, by slipping the true knife into your pocket, and producing the other in its place, when you for the knife will cause it to descend, and to all appearance cut into his nose, while you squeeze the sponge gently, so that it may appear to bleed.

CHANGE THE COLOR OF FLOWERS

Hold over a lighted match a purple columbine or a blue larkspur, and it will change first to pink and then to black. The yellow of other flowers held as above, will continue unchanged. Thus the purple tint will instantly disappear from a hear's ease, but the yellow will remain; and the yellow of a wall-flower will continue the same, though the brown streak will be discharged if a scarlet, crimson or maroon dahlia be tried, the color will change to yellow, a fact known to gardeners, who by this mude variegate their growing dahlias.

FUN WITH AN EGG

Put some quicksilver in a quill sealed at both ends with good hard wax; cause an egg to be roasted or boiled, and take off a small bit of the shell of the narrow end; then thrust in your guill of quicksilver, and lay the egg on the ground; you shall have sport enough, for it will never leave tumbling about as long as there is any heat in it. So, likewise, if you put quicksilver into a sheep's bladder and blow it up, and then go to the fire and warm the blader, and filng it on the ground, it will jump and skip about for a long time.

MEASURING THE HEIGHT OF A TREE

To ascertain the height of an object, a peculiar method of measurement is in use among the Isthmus Indians. In measuring the height of a tree, for instance, a man proceeds from its base to a point where, on turning the back towards it, and putting the head between the logs, he can just see the top; at the spot where he is able to do this he makes a mark on the ground to the base of the tree; the distance will be equal to the height.

TO LOCK A PADLOCK ON YOUR CHEEK

The padlock for this purpose has a bow with a division which admits the check so contrived that when locked it may neither pinch too hard, nor yst hold so slightly as to be drawn off. There should be a variety of notches on it, that the place of the division may not be noticed. This invention, which is very curious, can never be detected.

HOW TO EAT FIRE

Annoint your tongue with liquid storax, and you may put a pair of red hot tongs in your mouth without hurting yourself, and lick them till they are cold, by the help of this ointment; and by preparing your mouth thus, you may take wood-coal out of the fire, and eat it as you would bread. If you dip the coal into brimstone powder, the fire will seem more strange; but the sulphur puts out the coal, and by shutting your mouth you extinguish the sulphur also. You may also put a piece of lighted charcoal into your mouth, and stiffer any one to blow a pair of bellows into your mouth for some time without receiving any hurt; but your mouth must be quickly cleaned, ctherwise it will cause a salivation.

THE FLYING COINS

Take two quarters, or rather brass imitations, and grind them down until they are reduced to half their thickness. Do the same with two quarters, and fasten them accurate by together, so that you will have two coins, each having one silver face, and one brass face. Take one of them in each hand, showing the silver side of one and the brass side of another, and offer to change them without moving your arms. Shut your hands and the coins turn over. Then on opening them again, they will appear to have changed from one hand into the other.

DANCING BREAD

Put in the dough a mutshell filled with live sulphur, saltpeter, and quicksilver, and stopped close; as soon as the heat comes to it, the bread will dance in the oven, which is occasioned by the nature of the quicksilver, for it can bear no heat without being in a continual motion. Thus, by the means of quicksilver put into a pot where peas are to be boiled, all the peas will leap out of the pot as soon as the water begins to heat. In like manner, quicksilver put into bread will make it dance up and down the table.

A DISAPPEARING QUARTER

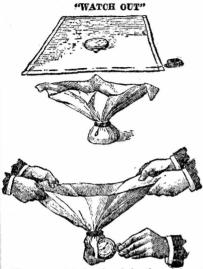
You must have a certain ring about the size of a quarter. At first you put the quarter into the handkerchief, but when you take it, out again to convince the company that there is no deception, you slip in the curtain-ring in its stead, and while the person is eagerly holding the handkerchief, and the company's eyes are fixed upon the form of a quarter, you selze this opportunity of putting it into a hat or elsewhere. When you get possession of the handkerchief again, you slip away, the curtain-ring.

MAGIC BREATH

Half fill a glass tumbler with lime water, breathe into it frequently, at the same time stirring it with a piece of glass. The fluid which before was perfectly transparent, will presently become quite white, and if allowed to remain at rest, real chalk will be deposited.

BOIL A LIQUID WITHOUT FIRE

Put into a thin phial two parts sulphurid acid, and add to it one part of water; by agitating them together, the mixture instantly becomes hot and acquires a tempera! ture above that of boiling water.

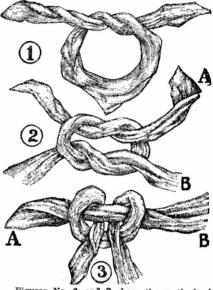


When a watch is placed in the center of a handkerchief and the corners of the handkerchief drawn through a ring and held by two of your friends, you can remove the watch without your friends letting go. While the ends of the handkerchief are held, the SIDES are still free. Work one side through he ring and the watch is easily removed.

SWEET IMPRESSION MARK INITIAL PRESS THUMB OVER ON MITIAL DROP UMP INTO NATE HOLD HAND ABOVE GLASS AND IMPRESS 3 (4)INITIAL UPON PALM AP HAND AND TURN "INITIAL (5) PALM UPWARD (6) APPEARS ON PALM

Mark your friend's initial on a lump of sugar with a soft pencil. Secretly press your thumb over the initial and obtain an impression of it. Place the sugar in a half glass of water, take the person's hand as illustrated, pressing your thumb on the palm as you place the hand over the top of the glass. When the sugar dissolves, tell your friend that his initial has massically passed from the lump of sugar to the palm of his hand. Turn his hand over and there it is.

KNOTTY MYSTERY



Figures No. 1 and 2 show the method of tying a square knot with two handkerchiefs, pulled fairly tight. By pulling the ends marked A and B, you can pretend to make the knot tighter. However, a sharp pull will straighten out the knot, as illustrated in No. 3. It easily slips apart in a mysterious manner.

BOTTOMS UP



Three glasses are placed in a row, with the center glass upside down. The idea is to pick up the glasses, two at a time and after three times have all glasses bottom up. First, reverse Nos. 2 and 3, then Nos. 1 and 3 and the third time Nos. 2 and 3 again. You will find all bottoms up.

THE DOUBLE MEANING

Place a glass of any liquor upon the table; put a hat over it, and say, "I can drink the liquor under that hat, and yet I'll not touch the hat." You then get under the table, and, after giving three knocks, you make a noise with your mouth as if you were swallowing it e liquor. Then, getting from under the table, you say, "Now, gentlemen, please look." Some one, eager to see if you drank the liquor, will raise up the hat, when you in-stantly take the glass and drink the con-tents, saying, "Gentlemen, I have fulfilled my promise. You are all witnesses that I did not touch the hat."

GREEN FIRE

A beautiful green fire may be thus made: Take of flour or surphur thirteen parts, nitrate of baryta seventy-seven, oxymuriate of potassa five, metallic arsenic two, and charcoal three. Let the nitrate of baryta be well dried and powdered; then add to it the other ingredients, all finely pulverized, and exceedingly well mixed and rubbed to-gether. Place a portion of the composition in a small tin pan, and set light to it; when a splendid green illumination will be the result. By adding a little calamine, it will burn more slowly.

GO IF YOU CAN

You tell a person that you will clasp his hands together in such a manner that he shall not be able to leave the room without unclasping them, although you will not con-fine his feet or bind his body, or in any way oppose his exit. This trick is performed by clasping the party's hands around the pillar of a large circular table, or other bulky article of furniture, too large for him to drag through the decurar

the doorway.

A PHYSICAL CHANGE

Into a tumbler put about an ounce of the solution of carbonate of potash—(recollect the solution must be saturated)—and pour upon it half an ounce of sulpuhric acid; a violent commotion takes place, and the pro-duct is a solid salt. This experiment is the more striking, as both substances were in a fluid state. The salt formed will be found to have neither the sources of the acid, nor the cansticity of the potash. The new body, or salt, is called sulphate of potash. Into a tumbler put about an ounce of the

THE CIRCLE OF FOURTEEN CARDS

To turn down fourteen eards which lie in To turn down fourteen cards which lie in a circle upon the table, observing to turn down only those cards at which you count the number seven. To do this you must bear in mind the card which you first turn down. Begin counting from any card down, etc., etc. When you come to the card which you first turned down, you skip it, passing on to the next, and so on until all the cards are turned. This is a very entertaining trick.

INCOMBUSTIBLE LINEN

Make a strong solution of borax in water. and steep it in linen, muslin, or any article of clothing: when dry, they cannot be easily inflamed. A solution of salammoniac answers much better.

THE THREE SPOONS

This is a most capital trick, but it requires a confederate's aid. Place three spoons cross-wise on a table, request any person to touch one, and assure him you will find out the one he touched by a single inspection, although you will leave the room while he does so, and even if he touches it so gently as not to disarrange the order in which they are once put in the slightest degree. You re-tire, and when he gives you notice to enter, walk up to the table and inspect the spoons, as if trying to ascertain whether there are any finzer-marks upon them, and then decide. as if trying to ascertain whether there are any finger-marks upon them, and then decide. Your confederate, of course, makes some sign, previously agreed upon, to give you notice which is the identical spoon; the actions may be, touching a button of his jacket for the top spoon, touching his chin for the second, and putting his finger to his lips may signify the lowest; but the precise actions are immater-ial, so that the spoon they indicate be un-denticad derstood.

MAGIC COINS

Procure two quarters and a half eagle, con-ceal one of the quarters in the right hand, lay the other quarter and a half eagle or a table, in full view of the audience; now ask for two handkerchiefs, then take the gold piece up, and pretend to roll it in one of the handkerchiefs; but in lieu thereof, roll up the quarter, which you had concealed and retain the gold coin; give the handker-chief to one of the company to hold; now take the quarter off the table, and pretend to roll that up in the second handkerchief, but put up the half eagle instead; give this handkerchief to another person, and beg him to "hold it tight," while you utter "Prestol fy 1" On opening the handkerchiefs the money will appear to have changed places. This is one of the best tricks in the book.

HOW TO PRODUCE A CERTAIN CARD WITHOUT SEEING THE PACK

Take a pack of cards with the corners cm off. Place them all one way, and ask a per-son to draw a card; when he has done so while he is looking at it, reverse the pack so that when he returns the card to the pack, the corner of it will project from the rest: let him shuffle them; he will never ob-serve the projecting card. Hold them be hind your back. You can feel the projecting card—draw it out and show it. Simple as the trick is, it will excite great astonishment

A FOUNTAIN OF FIRE

Take two parts of zinc, finely granulated and add to it two parts of phosphorus (say ten grains of phosphorus and twenty of zinc,) and pour on it half an ounce of water with a quarter of an ounce of sulphuric acid (oil of vitriol), and in a short time phosphorat' (b) of vitriol), and in a short time phosphorat' ed hydrogen gas will be produced; extinguist the lights, and beautiful jets of flame will be, seen to dart from the bottom of the lightid, while its surface will be covered with a luminous smoke. This is a beautiful experi-ment, and easily performed.

FLAME UPON WATER

Fill a wine glass with cold water, pour lightly upon its surface a little ether; light by a slip of paper, and it will burn for some time.

THE DIME IN THE BALL OF COTTON

Get a timman to make a flat tin tube, which will just allow a dime to pass through it. Wind a quanity of worsted around it, so as to make it into a ball. These preliminaries having been accomplished, perform any trick that will get a dime out of sight, such as number 1 or 2. Then tell the spectators that you will bring the marked dime into the middle of a ball of worsted. Take down the ball from the place where it is lying, drop the dime into the tube, and withdraw the tube, leaving the dime in the ball. A good squeeze or two will hold it tight, and obliterate every mark of the tube. Place the ball in a tumbler, take the end of the worsted, and give it to someone to unwind. This beling done, the dime will be found in the very center of the ball, with the end of the worsted wrapped tightly around it.

BRILLIANT RED FIRE

Weigh five ounces of dry nitrate of strontia, one ounce and a half of finely powdered sulphur, five drachms of chlorate of potash, and four drachms of sulphuret of antimony geparately, in a ructar, and mix them on paper; after which add them to the other ingredients, previously powdered and mixed. No other kind of mixture is required than rubbing together on paper. For use mix with a portion of the powder a small quantity of spirits of wine, in a tin pan resembling a cheese toaster, light the mixture, and it will shed a rich crimson hue. When the fire burns dimly or badly a very small quantity of finely powdered charcoal or lamp black will revive it.

A ROOM APPEARS ON FIRE

Take sal-ammoniac, half an ounce; camphor, one ounce, aquavitae, two ounces; put them into a round earthen pot narrow upon the top; then set fire to it, and the room will appear to be all in flames and the spectators will actually appear to be enveloped in them, to their great terror, but there is no danger to be apprehended, as it is just the reflection of the combustibles, but it would be advisable to withdraw any children from the room during the performance of the trick, as it might frighten them.

TO HOLD A HOT TEA KETTLE ON THE HAND

Be sure that the bottom of the kettle is well covered with soot; when the water in it boils, remove it from the fire, and place it upon the palm of the hand; no inconvenience will be felt, as the soot will prevent the heat being transmitted from the water within and the heated metal to the hand.

TO COPY WRITING

If a little sugar be added to the ink, a copy of the writing may easily be taken off, by laying a sheet of unsized paper, dampened with a sponge, on the written paper, and passing lightly over it a flat iron very moderately heated.

PURPLE FIRE

Dissolve chloride of lithium in spirits of wine, and when lighted, it will burn with a purplish flame.

TO WALK UPON A HOT IRON BAR

Take half an ounce of camphor, dissolve it in two ounces of aquavitae, add to it one of quicksilver, one ounce of liquid storax, which is the droppings of myrrhs and prevents the camphor from firing; take also two ounces of hematis, which is red stone, to be had at the druggists: and when you buy it let them beat it to a powder in their great mortar for, being hard it cannot well be reduced in a small one; add this to the in gredients already specified, and when you propose to walk upon the bar, annoint your feet well with it, and you may then put the trick into execution without the slightest

MAGICAL PRODUCTION OF A COIN



Have a coin palmed in the left hand, display the back of the hand and expose the right hand fully. Tap the palm of the right hand with the left, in effect really throwing the coin into it. The coin is then palmed in the right by covering it with the thumb and hand closed. The left hand is displayed empty, and after making one or two revolving motions with the hand the coin is exposed in the right hand.

IRON TRANSFORMED INTO COPPER

Dissolve blue vitriol in water till the water is well impregnated with it, and immerse into the solution small plates of iron, or coarse iron filings. These will be attacked, and dissolved by the acid of the vitriol, while the copper naturally contained in the vitriol will sink, and be deposited in the place of the iron dissolved. If the piece of iron be too large for dissolving. It will be so completely covered with particles of copper as to resemble that metal itself.

THE MINATURE RIVER ON FIRE

Let fall a few drops of phosphorized ether on a lump of loaf sugar, place the sugar in a bowl of warm water and a beautiful appearance will be increased if the surface of the water, by blowing gently with the breath, be made to undulate.

FIRE BURNS UNDER WATER

Take three ounces of powder, of saltpeter one ounce, sulphur-vivium three ounces; beat, sift and mix them well together, fill a pasteboard or paper mould with the composition, and it will burn under water till quite spent.

START A FIRE WITH WATER

Pour into a saucer a little sulphuric acid and place in it a chip of sodium, which will remain uninflamed, but the addition of a drop of water will set it on fire.

SEPARATING RED & BLACK CARDS

To perform this trick, all the cards of one color must be cut a little narrower at one end than the other. You show the cards, and give them to anyone, that he may shuffle thom; then, holding them between your hands, one hand being at each extremity, with one motion you separate the hearts and diamonds from spades and clubs.

motion you separate the hearts and diamonds from spades and clubs. When a card has been drawn, you place it under the long card, and by shuffling them dexterously you bring it to the top of the pack. Then lay or throw the pack on the ground, observing where the top card lies. A handkerchief is then bound 'round your eyes, which ought to be done by a confederate, in such a way that you can see the ground. A sword is then put in your hand, with which you touch several of the cards, as if in doubt, but never losing sight of the top card, in which at last you fix the point of the sword, and present to the party who drew it.

TO MAKE THE COURT CARDS ALWAYS COME TOGETHER

Take the pack and separate all the kings, queens and knaves. Fut these all together into any part of the pack you facey, and inform one of the company that he cannot in twoive cuts disturb their order. The chances are 500 to 1 in your favor; but with a novice the feat becomes impossible. This is a very amusing and easy trick. This trick may be rendered more wonderful by placing one-half of the above number of cards at the bottom and the other at the top of the pack.

PICTURE CARDS

Take a dozen or more plain cards and draw a line from the right-hand upper corner to the left-hand lower corner of the face of each, so that the cards will be equally divided by the lines; then, on the right-hand half, paint any description of aubjects, such as flowers, birds, grotesque figures, heads, etc., leaving the left-hand half blank. By adroit shuffling, showing only half of the cards at one time, you may, to all appearance, transform plain cards into painted ones, or painted into plain.

ROSE-COLORED FLAME UPON WATER

Drop a globule of potassium about the size of a large pea, into a small cup, nearly full of water containing a drop or two of strong nitric acid the moment the metal touches the liquid, it will float upon its surface, enveloped with a beautiful rose-colored fiame, and entirely dissolve.

TO CHANGE A LIQUID BLUE TO WHITE

Dissolve a small lump of indigo in sulphuric acid by the aid of moderate heat, the solution will obtain an intense blue color; add a drop of this to half a pint of water. so as to dilute the blue then pour some of it into strong chloride of lime, and the blue will be bleached with magical velocity.

HOW TO SUSPEND A BING BY A BURNT THREAD

Soak a piece of thread in strong salt and water, the it to a wedding-ring, and it will burn to ashes and yet sustain the ring. Separate a deck of cards into two packets, one all red cards the other all black. Place the packets one on top of the other, thus making one pack; now spread cut from the bottom ten or a dozen cards, and offer, them to a person to draw from, allowing any card to be selected. Of course a black or a red one will be drawn, according to the kind you have placed on the bottom. While the card is being examined cut off a portion from the top of the pack, say about a third, and allow the card to be replaced among these at pleasure. Allow any one to shuffle them, and yet you can easily find the chosen card, as it will be a different color from the others.

THE SILVER TREE

Dissolve an ounce of fine silver in three, ounces of strong aquafortis, in a glass bottle, When the silver is dissolved, pour the aquafortis into another glass vessel (a decanter will be best) with seven or eight ounces of mercury, to which add a quart of common water: to the whole add your dissolved silver, and let it remain untouched. In a few days the mercury will appear covered with a number of little branches of silver color. This appearance will increase for a month or two, and will remain after the mercury is entirely dissolved.

HOW TO PUT AN EGG IN A BOTTLE

To accomplish this seeming incredible act, requires the following preparation: You must take an egg and soak it in strong vingsar; and in process of time its shell will become quite soft, so that it may be extended lengthways without breaking; then insert it into the neck of a small bottle, and, by pouring cold water upon it, it will resume its former figure and hardness. This is really a complete curiosity, and baffles those who are not in the secret to find out how it is accomplished.

THE BOTTLE CONJUROR

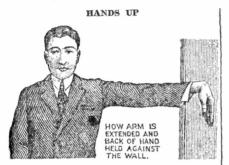
State to the company that it was proved some years ago, that to crawl into a quark bottle was an impossibility; but the rapids progress made by the march of intellect int these enlightened times, has proved that any person MAY crawl into a pint bottle as easily as into his bed. Having thus prefaced your intentions, you get a pint bottle, and place it in the middle of the room; then go outside the door, and creeping into the room upon all fours, say, "Ladies and gentiemen, this is crawling IN to the pint bottle!"

THE MAGNIFYING REFLECTOR

Let the rays of light that pass through the magnifung glass in the shutter be thrown on a large concave mirror, properly fixed in a frame. Then take a thin strip of glass and stick any small object on it. Hold it in the intervening rays at a little more than the focal distance from the mirror, and you will see on the oppsite wall, amidst the reflecting rays, the image of that object, very large," and beautifully clear and bright.

TO PUT A STRING INTO THE FIRE WITHOUT BURNING IT

Twist your string around an egg-shell, and it will not burn as long as the shell remain entire.



To make a pretence of hypnotism, have a toung friend hold an arm perfectly straight with the back of the hand pressed against a vall, while you slowly count five. Then nstruct the subject to lower the arm and elax it completely. After the arm hangs imp it begins to rise again, quite automatially.

HEALING TONGUE

AND KEEP WE SHORT PRECE THE LOOP INIYOUR MOUTH

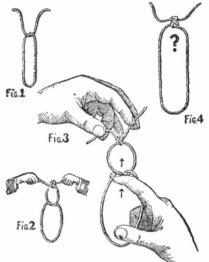
Hold a long and short piece of string with your finger placed over the loop to make it appear like two equal pieces of string. Place the short end in your mouth and pretend to short piece from the long. What appears to be two pieces of string comes out of your nouth in our piece. mouth ir one piece.

THE SCISSORS TRICK



Loop a piece of string and thread it on a Loop a piece of string and thread it on a pair of scissors, seme as shown in the il-instration. The trick is to get the string free of the scissors without cutting it, and without making any use of the ends. In fact you may ask a friend to hold the end all the ime while you are disengating the string. To do the trick, you merely push the loop p through the other handle, pass it around over the points and back over the handles. Quite simple, isn't it?

NUTTY KNOTS



A piece of string is looped in a single knot (fig. 1), and then the ends are tied in a number of knots with result like fig. 2. Tell audience that extra loop will be removed without untying knot. With back to audience place fingers in bottom loop and spread as in fig. 3. causing half-loop knot to join knots at, and show result (fig. 4) to audience.

FUTILE BLOWS



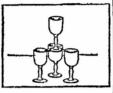
By laying a bottle on its side with a loosely fitting cork from a smaller bottle in its neck, you might imagine it would be easy to blow the cork into the bottle. To the surprise of yourself and your friends, you will find that the harder you blow, the harder will the cork fly in your face. The only suggestion we have to offer is that you do not attempt this trick on a hot tempered person or one who cannot take a practical person or one who cannot take a practical joks. Obtain a bottle with a fairly wide neck, using a cork that is much too small for it.

THE MAGIC SHRUB

Place a sprig of rosemary, or any other garden berb, in a glass jar, so that when it is inverted the stem may be lownward and the sprig supported by the sides of the jar; then put some benzoic acid upon a piece of hot iron, so that the acid may be sublimed in the form of a thick white vapor. Invert the jar over the iron, and leave the whole untouched until the sprig be covered by the sublimed acid in the form of beautiful hoar frost.

TO SUPPORT A GLASS ON THREE MATCHES, EACH ONE RESTING ON A GLASS

To do this trick three matches and four wine glasses are necessary. Interlace the matches, resting one on the edge of each glass as shown in fluuetration. A fourth glass can now be placed upon the matches.



TO BOIL WATER IN PAPER

Water may be boiled in paper. Make a little box of paper, put some water in it and expose it hung up by four threads over a spirit lamp. The water will soon commence to boil and the paper will not burn, because all the heat is employed in changing the temperature of the water from cold to hot. Let the water now be removed and pieces of tin substituted and the latter will soon be found melted within its paper receptacle.

A SELF-TURNING CROSS

Take a piece of straw, cut about the length of your finger and, before announcing the trick, twist the end a couple of turns. With another piece of straw, make the arms of a cross and plant it in a crack in the table. Drop upon the head of the straw a couple of drops of water, and command it to turn. As the water descends through the straw into the twist you have made, it will cause it to unwind and revolve, although fastened.

TO RESTORE BURNT RIBBON

Get two yards of tape or ribbon, cut it in half, and dampen one piece with a sponge. Roll this up so as to be concealed in the palm of the hand, between the ball of the thumb and root of the forefinger. Let the audience cut up and burn the duplicate. Sprinkle the ashes in your hand with water, which you assert to possess restorative powers and gradually draw forth the secreted ribbon.

TO MAKE WATER FREEZE BY THE FIRESIDE

This curious trick can be performed only in the winter. Set a quart kettle upon a stool before the fire, throwing a little water upon the stool first. Then put in the kettle a handful of snow, into which you have secretly placed a handful of salt. Stir it about ten minutes with a short stick and the congelation will be effected.

TO MAKE AN ARTIFICIAL EARTHQUAKE AND VOLCANO

Mix equal parts of pounded suffix and iron filings, and having formed the whole into a paste with water, bury a certain quanity of fit (forty or fifty poinds, for example) at about the depth of a foot below the surface of the earth. In test of twelve hours after, if the weather be warm, the earth will swell and burst, and throw up frame, which will enlarge the aperture, scattering around a yellow and blackish dust.

VANISHING HANDKERCHIEF

Place your wand under your left arm, Take the handkerchief and roll it up small, using both hands. Affect to place the handkerchief in the left hand, really palming it in the right, and take your wand from under the arm in the same hand. Vanish the handkerchief from the left hand, and take the one from your collar, immediately placing it in the right hand, to mask the presence of the one already there, and lay the wand down on the table.

THE JUMPING CARD

Take a pack of cards, and let any one draw any card that they choose, and afterwards put it into the pack, but so that you know where to find it at pleasure: then take a piece of wax and put it under the thumb nail of your hand, and fasten a hair to your thumb, and the other end of the hair to the card, then spread the pack of cards open on the table, and say "come forth," and the card will jump out of the pack.

TO FIND A CERTAIN CARD AFTER IT HAS BEEN SHUFFLED IN THE PACK

As you shuffle the cards, note the bottom one, being careful not to shuffle it from its place. Then let anyone draw a card from the middle of the pack, look at it, and place it on the top. Let him then cut the pack? The card in question will be found in front of the one which was at first the bottom

THE IMPOSSIBLE OMELET

You produce some butter, eggs, and other ingredients for making an omelet, together with a frying-pan, in a room where there is a fire, and offer to bet a wager that the cleverest cook will not be able to make an omelet with them. The wager is won by, having previously caused the eggs to be boil!

TO DIVIDE A COIN WITHOUT CUTTING IT

Stick three pins on a board, thus:.. on the beads of which you lay a silver coin. Heap under and upon it some flowers of sulphur, to which you set fire. When it has burnt out you will find a surface of metal off the coin on the upper part.

TO PRODUCE FIRE FROM A CANE

The Chinese rattans, which are used wher split for making cane chairs, will, when dry if struck against each other, give fire; and are used accordingly in some places in lieu of flint and steel.

CHEMICAL EXPERIMENTS

A very interesting chemical experiment is as follows: Prepare two common goblets, one with a saturated solution of ammonia, the other with a diluted solution of mercury cut with hydrochloric acid. Now upon first sight both glasses apparently contain pure clear water. When a few drops of the ammonia solution is poured into the glass containing the mercury, it is seen to change to a blood red; a few more drops changes it to clear water; again adding a few drops and ti is blood red, and so on it changes several times until the one glass is entirely empty and the other is completely filled.

CARD READING

Any deck of cards is thoroughly shuffled and three elastic bands placed all around cards by any one to even the edges, yet the performer takes pack face downward in right hand and reads the cards off one at a time. This is easy to perform and hard to detect. On the ring finger of the right hand wear a broad bright plain ring. You can now see right into the ring, as it were, and easily see the diminished card slips, which will at once tell you the rame of the bottom cand. You will be surprised to see what you can do by practising this card effect.

VARIETIES OF CRYSTALS

Make distinct solutions of common salt, nitre, and alum; set them in three saucers in any warm place, and let part of the water evaporate; then remove them to a warm room. The particles of the salts in each saucer will begin to attract each other and form crystals, but not all of the same figure; the common salt will yield crystals with six square and equal sides; the nitre six-sided crystals; and the alum eight-sided crystals; and if these crystals be dissolved over and over again, they will always appear in the same form.

BLOWING OUT A CANDLE BEHIND A BOTTLE

Put a lighted candle on the table, and about ten inches from it a quart claret bottle. Then blow on the bottle at a distance of eight or nine inches, on a line with the flame of the candle, and the light will be extinguished just as though there were nothing between it and your breath. The breath divides into two currents on the smooth surface of the bottle, one going right, the other left, which join each other at the flame of the candle.

THE VANISHED DIME

Put a little wax on the nail of the middle finger of the right hand, and take a dime into the palm of the same hand. Close the hand, pressing the wax on the coin. Then rapidly open it, and the silver piece will adhere to the wax, and be quite concealed behind the finger when you hold your hand up.

FLAME EXTINGUISHED BY GAS

Place a lighted candle in a jar and let carbon dioxide gas be poured upon it from another jar. In a few seconds the flame will be extinguished, though the eye is incapable of observing that anything is poured out. Melt a small quantity of the sulphate of potassium and copper in a spoon over a flame; it will be fused at a heat just below redness, and produce a liquid of a dark-green color. Remove the spoon from the flame, when the liquid will become a solid of a brilliant emerald-green color, and so romain till its heat sinks nearly to that of boiling water; when suddenly a commotion will take place throughout the mass, beginning from the surface, and each atom, as if gaimated, will start up and separate itself from the rest, till in a few moments the whole will become a heap of powder.

THE CHANGEABLE ACE

Take the ace of diamonds, and place over it with paste or soap, so as to slip off easily, a club cut out of thin paper, so as to entirely conceal it. After showing the person the card, you let him hold one end of it, and you hold the other, and while you amuse him with discourse, you slide off the club. They laying the card on the table, you bid him cover it with his hand; you then knock under the table, and command the club to turn into the ace of diamonds.

TO BOIL AN EGG WITHOUT FIRE

Take two tumblers, the one to be considerably smaller than the other, and the crystal very thin; let it be put into the inside of the other, and into it put the egg, and cover it with cold water; then let a mixture of one part of water and four parts of the strongest subhuric acid be put into the outside glass, and in a very short time the water in the inside glass will be heated, and the egg will be done. The temperature will rise to 300 degrees—water boils at 212.

THE FIRE EATING TRICK

Take a handful of tow in your left hand, then take a part of it with your right hand and put it into your mouth, chew it and seem to swallow it; and when your mouth cannot hold more, put the bundle of tow you have in your left hand to your mouth. In order to eat more, then disgorge what you have in your mouth. All this while you must have a piece of touchwood lighted, and wrapped in some you have to eat.

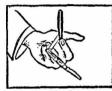
A CURIOUS METHOD OF RESTORING TO LIFE A FLY THAT HAS APPARENTLY BEEN DROWNED

This wonderful experiment is produced from a very simple cause. Take a fly. put it in a glass or cup full of water; cover it so far as to deprive the fly of air. When you perceive it to be quite motionless, take it out and put it on a place exposed to the sun, and cover it over with salt; in two minutes it will revive and fly away.

BALANCEL STICK

Obtain a piece of wood about eight inches in length and half an inch thick: affix tc its upper end the blades of two penknives, one on each side. Carefully place the lower end of the stick on the point of your forefinger, when it will retain its position without falling. A good trick performed by means of "twin," or duplicate cards, is to show the same card apparently on the bottom and at the top of the pack. One of these duplicate cards may be easily obtained. In fact, the pattern card which accompanies every pack may be made available for that purpose. Let us suppose, then, for a moment that you have a duplicate of the Queen of Clubs. You place both of them at the bottom of the pack, and make believe to shuffle them, taking care, however, that these two keep their places. Then lay the pack upon the table, draw out the bottom card, show it, and place it on the top. You then command the top card to pass to the bottom, and on the pack being turned up the company will see with surprise that the card which they had just seen placed upon the top is now at the bottom.

TO BALANCE A CIGAR ON THE TIP OF A FINGER



Obtain a penknife and fix the point of the blade into the tip of the cigar at an angle which makes the handle of the knife act as a balance, then place the tip of the cigar on the finger and the cigar will stand

perfectly upright.

TO FIND A CERTAIN CARD AFTER IT HAS BEEN SHUFFLED IN THE PACK

As you shuffle the cards, note the bottom one, being careful not to shuffle it from its place. Then let any one draw a card from the middle of the pack, look at it, and place it on the tcp. Let him then cut the pack. The card in question will be found in front of the one which was at first the bottom card.

AN EXPLOSIVE BOTTLE

Take a bottle of black glass, very thick and without flaws; put in it a pint of water, 95 grammes of iron filings and 60 grammes of sulfuric acid. Cork the bottle, and when it feels cold uncork it and a detonation will follow; recork the bottle and you can repeat the detonation at least twenty times.

THE BRIDGE

is a card slightly curved. By introducing it carelessly into the pack and shuffling them, it can be cut at pleasure. The trick of the "Old Gentleman" consists in merely introducing into the pack a card of thicker substance than the rest, which can likewise be cut at pleasure by being properly placed by the shuffler.

SLIPPING THE CARDS

is performed in various ways, all of which tend to put the same cards at the top again, which have been cut off and ought to be put underneath. Whenever this is done, you may depend the cards are previously placed in such a manner as will answer the purpose of the person who performs the operation.

THE DISAPPEARING COIN

Take a small coin and with the right hand up by your collar so that the elbow protrudes out, begin rubbing the coin on the lower part of the elbow with the left hand. As if by accident let the coin drop a fewi times, always picking it up with the right hand and passing it to the left hand, to continue rubbing. The second or third time it is dropped, however, pretend to pass the coin into the left hand, but instead keep it in the right, and while you are rubbing your elbow with your left hand. You can slip the coin into your collar. Soon after you can show both hands to be empty, and the coin has disappeared.

THE OLD WOMAN AND HER EGGS

At a time when eggs were scarce, an old woman who possessed remarkably good-laying hens, wishing to oblige her neighbors, sent her daughter round with a basket of eggs to three of them; at the first house, which was the squire's, she left half the number of eggs she had and half a one over; at the second she left half of what remained and half an egg over; at the third she again left half the remainder and half a one over; she returned with one egg in her basket, not having broken any. Required—the number she set out with. Ans.: 15 eggs.

MAKE A COIN TURN UPON ITS EDGE ON POINT OF NEEDLE

Take a bottle, and insert in the mouth a cork, with a needle in a perpendicular position. Then cut a nick in the face of another cork, in which fix a silver quarter; and into the same cork fix two common table forks, opposite to each other, with the handles inclining downwards: if the rim of the coin be then placed upon the point of a needle, it may be turned around, without any risk of falling off, as the center of gravity is below the center of suspension.

THE MYSTERIOUS BOTTLE

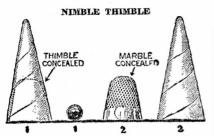
Pierce a few holes with a glazier's diamond in a common black bottle; place it in a vase or jug of water, so that the neck only is above the surface. Then, with a funnel, fill the bottle and cork it well, while it is in the jug or vase. Take it out, notwithstanding the holes in the bottom, it will not leak; wipe it dry, and give it to some person to uncork. The moment the cork is drawn, to the party's astonishment, the water will begin to run out of the bottom of the bottle.

TO TELL A LADY IF SHE IS IN LOVE

Put into a phial some sulphuric ether, color it red with orchanet, then saturate the tincture with spermaceti. This preparation is solid ten degrees above freezing point, and melts and boils at twenty degrees. Place the phial which contains it in a lady's hand, and tell her that if in love, the solid mass will dissolve. In a few minutes the substance will become fluid.

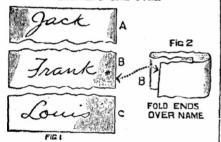
TWO COLD LIQUIDS MAKE A HOT ONE

Mix four drachms of sulphuric acid (oil of vitriol) with one drachm of cold water, suddenly in a cup, and the mixture will be nearly half as hot again as boiling water.



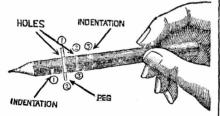
To make a marble and thimble change places, prepare as follows. Conceal a duplicate thimble under paper cone No. 1, as shown by dotted lines. Now, conceal a duplicate marble under thimble No. 2 as shown by dotted lines. Place Cone No. 1 with concealed thimble over marble No. 1 and cone No. 2 over thimble No. 2. When you lift cone No. 1 be careful that the concealed thimble remains on the table. When you lift cone No. 2, press on the sides so that thimble No. 2 is lifted, leaving only the concealed marble on the table.

SLIPPING ONE OVER

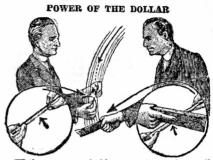


Take three slips of paper, all the same size. Have someone write his name on one of the slips, making sure that he writes on the slip with the rough edge on both top and bottom as shown. Write another name on each of the other elips, fold all slips as in Fig. 2 and place in a hat. While blindfolded, you can pick out the writer's name by selecting the slap with the two rough edges.

JUMPING PEG

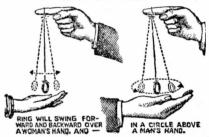


Drill two holes through a percil. Make two indentations resembling holes on each side of the two real holes as indicated. A small peg placed in lower hole No. 2, may appear to have jumped to upper hole. No. 1, when you twist the pencil quickly and cleverly so the other side appears.

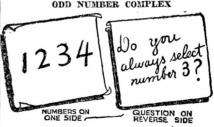


While someone holds an octagonal pencil firmly between both hands, you can provide the effect of breaking the pencil with a dollar bill. Raise the dollar bill high over your head, extending your middle finger behind the bill as you bring it down. The finger actually breaks the pencil without being seen by observers.

ATOMIC ENERGY



A gold ring tied to one end of a string with the other end looped around your finger will perform as illustrated above under the spell of your magic. Request spectators to concentrate their attention on the ring. Your magic lies in the control you possess over your muscles. You must distract spectator's attention from your hand and learn to cause ring to move backward and forward or in circles without visible muscular motion.



Place the numbers 1-2-3-4 on a piece of paper. On the opposite side of the paper write "Why did you select No. 3?" Then hold the paper up and ask someone to choose one of the numbers—quickly. Almost without exception, number three will be selected and when you turn the paper over, your question will mystify the chooser. Try it!

THE ERBATIC CARD

Take a pack of cards from your pocket, shuffle them, and let any one draw a card; note it and replace it in the pack. You then note it and replace it in the pack. You then ask the person where he would like to have it appear, whether under the table-cloth, under a flower-pot, or in the pocket of any one of the company. As soon as his choice is made, you wave your magician's wand in the direction of the place where the drawn card is to be found.

Card is to be found. This trick is rendered more interesting if you employ an alarm clock, which you set so that it shall strike at the reappearance of the right card. This is done by forcing a card upon the person who draws. A similar card is put beforehand in the places which you mention for him to choose as the spot where his card shall appear.

A PURLE, GREEN, AND RED LIQUID FROM THE SAME BOTTLE

Boil some leaves of red cabbage, and after half an hour's ebullition you will have a beautiful purple liquid, which when cold may be put in a bottle for future use. Take three glasses. Let one be perfectly clean, in the second put a drop of ammonia, and in the third a drop of sulfuric acid. The liquid poured into the clean glass will, of course, preserve its original color, that in the second will turn green, and that in the third will become red.

TO MAKE ICE IN SUMMER

Fill an earthen bottle with boiling water; put into it 80 grammes of refined saltpeter, and 20 grammes of Florentine iris; then, after corking it tightly, place it into a well of water, as deep as you can, and let it re-main in the water two or three hours, at the end of which time the water contained in the bottle will be frozen. Draw out the bottle, crack it, and you will have a lump of ice of ice.

A LUNG-TESTING TRICK

You can test the power of your lungs in the following simple way: Take a long narrow and strong paper bag and place it on the edge of the table with the opening toward you. Put a weight, which can be gradually increased on the opposite end of the bag, in the shape of books, etc., and you will be surprised to learn how great a weight you can move in this way.

EXPLODING PASTILLES

Make out of the composition used for the Make out of the composition used for the perfumed lozenges burnt to scent a room, balls large enough to hold a pea, and, while damp fill these cavities with gunpow-der and cover them over. Turn them upside down, so that the damp will not neutralize the powder in their drying. When they are put in a chafing-dish their explosion will cause an amusing alarm.

TO OBTAIN FIRE FROM WATER

Throw a small quantity of potassium on the surface of a little water in a basin. Im-mediately a rose-colored flame will be pro-duced. Any chemist will supply the quantity for several of these experiments for a very small sum.

THE FLOATING BALL

This is more of a game than a puzzle, though it partakes of the nature of the latter. A hollow rubber ball, two inches in diameter, is set afoat in a tub or basin of water, and the players are challenged to take it out, using the mouth only.

Any one not acquainted with the secret will make a great many attempts before he finally succeeds. secret

Solution.—Just as the lips touch the ball, inhale vigorously, and the ball will be drawn toward them by exhaustion of the air. Main-tain the exhaustion till you have fairly lifted the ball, and then let it fall from the mouth to the hand.

HOW TO WASH THE HANDS IN MOLTEN LEAD

Take one ounce of quicksilver, two ounces Take one ounce of quicksilver, two ounces of good boleammoniac, half an ounce of camphor, and two ounces of aqua-vitae; mix them together and put them into a brazen mortar, beating them with a pestle. Rub the hands all over with this ointment, and they may be put into melted lead with im-punity; the metal being poured upon them will neither burn nor scald.

THE TOBACCO-PIPE CANNON

Take of saltpeter one ounce, cream of tartar one ounce, sulphur half an ounce; beat them to powder separately, then mix them together. Put a grain into a pipe of tobacco, and when it is lighted it will give the report of a musket without breaking the pipe. By putting as much as may lie on your nail in a piece of paper, and setting fire to it, tremendous reports will be the re-sult sult.

DETONATING GLASS BOMBS

These may be made in the following man-ner: Drop some small pieces of common green glass, while red-hot, into cold water-when they will assume a tear-like form. The spherical portion will bear very rough treat-ment, but the instant the smallest particle of the tail be broken off the whole flies into countless fragments. Many experiments may be performed with these curious drops, but being attended with danger, are omitted here,

EXPLODING SOAP-BUBBLES

This is a novelty, and will be found to pro-duce a very good effect. The bubbles are blown in the usual way with an ordinary clay pipe, the only preparation necessary be-ing that the bowl of the pipe must be filled with cotton-wool soaked in gasoline. Bub-bles blown with a pipe thus prepared will be found to explode in a flame when ap-proached with a light.

CANDLE TRICK

Remove part of the wick from a candle and insert in its place a wax taper. Sew a small piece of sand paper just above the inside breast pocket in which you place the candle. When you take the candle from your pocket scrape the taper against the sand paper and it comes out ablaze. N. B.'. It is clear any number of lighted candles can be thus produced be thus produced.

THE INDUSTRIOUS FROG

There was a well thirty feet deep, and, at the bottom, a frog anxious to get out. He got up three feet per day, but regularly fell back two feet at night. Required, the number of days necessary to enable him to get out.

Answer: The frog appears to have cleared one foot per day, and at the end of 27 days he would be 27 feet up, or within three feet of the top, and the next day he would get out. He would therefore be 28 days getting out.

THE SHEPHERDS

Two shepherds were feeding their flocks on the mountain-side. Said one to the other: "Jack, give me one of your sheep, and I shall have as many as you."

"Nay," replied the other greedily. Give me one of yours and I shall have as many again as you."

How many sheep had each?

Answer: The first had five, the second had seven.

A SOLDIER PROBLEM

In any army consisting of 127 squadrons of horse, each 157 meu, and 207 battalions, each 560 men-how many effective soldiers, supposing that in 7 hospitals there are 473 sick?

Answer: 144,808.

A LADDER PROBLEM

The top of a castle from the ground is 45 yards high, and surrounded with a ditch 60 yards broad; what length must a ladder be to reach from the outside of the ditch to the top of the castle?

Answer: 75 yards.

AN OX PROBLEM

If 12 oxen will eat 3 acres and one-third of grass in 4 weeks and 21 oxen will eat 10 acres in 9 weeks—how many oxen will eat 24 acres in 18 weeks, the grass being allowed to grow uniformly?

Answer: 720.

A SQUARE-FOOT PROBLEM

A certain pavement is made exactly square, each side of which contains 97 feet—how many square feet are contained therein? Answer: 9409.

TO CONVEY MONEY FROM ONE HAND INTO THE OTHER

You must hold open your right hand and lay thereon a dime or other piece of money, then lay thereupon the top of your left finger, and use magical words, and upon a sudden slip your right hand from your finger, where you hold down the dime, and suddenly draw your right hand through your left, you will seem to have left the dime there, especially when you shut your left hand, and that it may more plainly appear to be truly done, you may take a knife and seem to knock against it, that it may make a great sound. Get a rope the size of a clothes line, and about twelve or fifteen feet long.

Get someone to tie your wrists together with a handkerchief; then get him to draw the rope through the arms, and hold the two ends tight. Tel him to stand away as far as the double ropes will allow. The operator is now to drop the rope from his arms without untying the handkerchief.

To do it he must pull hard against the person holding the ends of the rope.

This enables him to draw the rope well in between the wrists, until, on slacking the rope, the fingers can easily reach it and draw it through the handkerchief, until sufficient is through to allow one hand to slip through the noose of rope which is formed by this last movement. A slight pull from the assistant causes the rope to fall free of the hands and arms.

PICK OUT THE CARD MOVED

On almost all cards one margin is slightly narrower than on the other. If you arrange several cards with the narrow margins along one side, you can then ask someone to turn any card around while you have your back turned and you will be able to pick it out. After you again look at the cards you merely have to look at the margin to discover which cards have been turned.



.

Bend a match in half so that it makes a prong. Place the inside of the prong upon the edge of the blade of a knife and hold the latter parallel with the table so that both ends of the match just touch it.

The match will then walk from one end of the knife to the other without any effort of your own. This can also be done with two matches joined at the ends by splitting one and sharpening the other. They may also be bent in tho center to impart a knee like appearance.

LOCATING CARD THOUGHT OF

Lay out sixteen cards in four vertical rows. Ask a person to think of a card and tell you which row it is in. Pick up all the cards making sure that the four cards in the vertical row named are on the top. Now lay them out in four horizontal rows being sure that the first four cards are in the top horizontal row. Now ask the person what vertical row whe card is in, and the top one of that row will be the card thought of.

HOW MANY CHANGES CAN BE BE GIVEN TO SEVEN NOTES OF A PIANO?

That is to say, in how many ways can seven keys be struck in succession, so that there shall be some difference in the order of the notes each time?

The result of multiplying 7 by 6 by 5 by 4 by 3 by 2 by 1 is 5,040, the number of changes.

A train starts daily from San Francisco to New York, and one daily from New York to San Francisco, the journey lasting five days. How many trains will a traveler meet in journeying from New York to San Brancisco, Francisco?

Answer: Ten. About ninety-nine persons out of a hundred would say five trains, as a matter of course. The fact is overlooked that every day during the journey a fresh train is starting from the other end, while there are five trains on the way to begin with. Consequently the traveler will meet not five trains, but ten. Ten.

SNAIL PROBLEM

A snall climbing up a post 20 feet high, accends five feet every day and alips down four feet every night. How long will it take to go to the top of the post?

Answer: Sixteen days. It is perhaps un-necessary to point out that the snail would gain one foot a day for fitcen days, and on the sixteenth day reach the top of the pole, and there manair and there remain.

AN ARMY PROBLEM

There is an army consisting of a certain number of men, who are placed rank and file; that is, in the form of a square, each side having 577 men. I desire to know how many the whole square contains?

Arswer: 322,929.

A QUIBBLE

What is the difference between twenty four-quart bottles and four and twenty quart bottles?

Fifty-six quarts difference; twenty fourquart bottles equals eighty quarts, from which deduct twenty-four, there remains fifty-six.

AN EASY PROBLEM

A man had eight sons, the youngest was 4 years old, and the eldest 32, they increased in arithmetical progression—what was the common difference in their ages?

Answer: 4.

A SIMPLE PROBLEM

How much is a third and half-a-third of 5?

Answer: Two and a half. There are exactly three-thirds in five, therefore a third and half-a-third make exactly half.

A PROBLEM

Divide the number 50 into two such parts that if the groater part be divided by seven, and the lesser multiplied by three, the sum of the quotient and product will make 50?

Answer: 35 and 15.

THE CLOTH PROBLEM

If you cut up thirty yards of cloth into one-yard pieces, and cut one yard off every day, how long will it take?

Answer: Twenty-nine days.

A man left 17 horses after his death to be divided among his three sons. One son was to get one-half of them; the second, one-sixth; the third, one-ninth. How were the horses divided without killing any?

Answer: The sons borrowed one horse making 18. The first son took one-half or 9; the second, one-third or 6; the third, one-ninth or 2. The total was 17, and they could therefore return the borrowed horse.

PROBLEM OF MONEY

Place ten pennies in a row upon a table; then take up any of the series, place it upon some other, with this proviso, that you pass over just two pennies. Repeat you pass over just two pennies. Re this until there be no single penny left.

Answer: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 pen-nies. Place 4 upon 1, 7 upon 3, 5 upon 9, 2 upon 6, and 8 upon 10.

ARITHMETICAL PROBLEM

The sum of four figures in value will be About seven thousand nine hundred and three; But when they are nalved; you'll find very fair. The sum will be nothing, in truth, I declare.

Answer: The four figures are 8588, which being divided by a line drawn through the middle, becomes figures, the sum of which is eight 0's, or nothing.

DECEMBER AND MAY

An old man married a young woman; their united ages amounted to C. The man's age multiplied by 4 and divided by 9, gives the woman's age. What were their respective ages?

Answer: The man's age, 69 years 12 weeks; the woman's age, 30 years and 40 weeks.

LIGHT UNDER WATER -

Rub two pieces of fine lump sugar together in the dark, and a bright electric light, will be produced. The same effect, but in a more In the dark, and a bright electric light, will be produced. The same effect, but in a more intense degree, may be produced with two pieces of silex or quartz, the white quartz being best for this purpose. The same effect may also be witnessed by rubbing the pieces of quartz together under water.

A GOOSE PROBLEM

If a goose weighs ten pounds and half its own weight, what is the weight of the goose? Answer: Twenty pounds. Ten pounds, and ten pounds for half its own weight.

ARITHMETICAL PROBLEM

What is the difference between twice 25 and twice 5 and 20?

Answer: Twice 25 is 50. Twice 5 and 20 is thirty-difference 20.

THE NUMERICAL PROBLEM

What two numbers multiplied together will produce 7?

Answer: 7 and 1.

A CARD VANISHES FROM A PACK AND IS FOUND ELSEWHERE

IS FOUND ELSEWHERE Allow the pack to be shuffled, and to be placed face downwards upon the the table; invite, one of the audience to look at the top card, and tell him you wish to make it vanish from the pack, which he can do very simply by following your directions. You observe, "You have merely to place the back of your right hand upon the cards; but," you proceed (having moistened the back of your right hand) "in order to illustrate myself more clearly, watch the particular mode of pressure, and as soon as I say 'Vanishi' re-move the hands instantly." You forthwith pack, and prevs the palm of that hand winh the palm of the left, and upon the pack, and prevs the palm of that hand with heads of the right, which you can carelessly put behind your back and remove the card. You must be (apparently) very particular that the gentleman is in the right position to use both hands; this is to gain time, and order you an opportunity to dispose of the card, by putting it, unobserved, into some-one's pocket.

Inerica pocket. Having dono so, you are quite satisfied that the gentleman has assumed the right position, and you give the signal word, "Vanish!" at the same time slightly striking his fingers for effect, and command the card to pass into Mr. So-and-So's pocket, or wherever else you have placed it. The com-pany will at once turn up the top card, and find the original one has gone, and is really found in the place you mention found in the place you mention.

TO DROP A COIN IN A BOTTLE

Snap (but do not break) the match in



Snap (but do not break) the match in half at the center making an angular prong of it, and lay it upon the neck of a bottle. Then place the coin upon the match. The trick is to make the coin fall into the bottle without touch-ing either. It is accom-plished by letting a drop or two of water fall upou the broken part of the maturally open and the bottle.

coin fall into the bottle.

TO SLIP A CARD

To slip a card it is necessary: First, to hold the pack in the right hand, and show the spectator the undermost card, which we will suppose to be the ace of diamonds; second, turn the pack upside down, under pretense of taking this ace of diamonds third, take instead of the ace of diamonds the card immediately following it, in caus-ing this ace of diamonds to slip with the annular and little fingers of the right hand, which you have dampened a moment before with some saliva.

A CHOSEN CARD TURNS OVER

First get the desired card to the top of the pack, and quietly push it about an inch to one side, so that it may project over the rest of the cards; hold the pack about 18 inches above the table and let them fall flat: the resistance of the air will make the top card turn over, and it will appear face uppermost the rest of the cards remaining as they originally were.

THE QUEENS AND THE DIAMONDS

Although a trick which is not of much interest in itself, the one which is dependent upon the same cards, and forms a sequel to it, is amusing to a high degree. Separate from the pack the four aces, kings, queens, knaves, and four other cards of each suit. making in all thirty-two cards. You must then tax your marative powers for a pre-amble, after the following fashion. Lay down the four queens on the table separately and the four queens on the table separately and face upwards. "There were four queens who went to dig for diamonds (put a diamond on went to dig for diamonds (put a diamond on each queen), and, of course, required a spade (put a spade upon the diamond). Their husbands, being anxious of their welfare, gave them a guard of honour (lay an ace upon each spade). The kings, hearing of special danger, also set out themselves (place a king on each ace). Four knaves (place the knave upon the kings) deforming to rob upon each space). The kings, hearing of special danger, also so tout themselves (place a king on each ace). Four knaves (place the knaves upon the kings) determine to rob the queens, and arm themselves with clubs (lay a club upon each knave) and set out upon the enterprise with stout hearts" (lay a heart upon each club). Pick up the four heaps, one upon the other, turn them face downwards, let them be cut often, whist fashion, and deal then again into four heaps, and, of course, they come in their proper order again. The development is that you next ask another person if he can do it; it is so simple that he will not hesitate to say he can. The chances are exactly seven to one against him. The secret is, the cards must be cut until a common card of the heart suit is left at the bottom of the pack. If he does succeed in the first attempt, not knowing the key, which few do, it is an accident, and he is almost certain to fail next time.

TO NAME A CARD AT ANY POSITION IN THE PACK

IN THE FACK Having become acquainted with the bottom card in the pack, you take the pack in your left hand, tace downwards, between the thumb and fingers. Suppose the bottom card to be the ace of hearts. Under cover of the right hand, the right thumb draws back this card about half-an-inch. With the ends of the first and second fingers you draw back the cards one at a time from the top of the pack, in view of the audience, about the same distance, requesting the company to tell you when to stop. The word being given, you draw off the upper cards with the fingers of the right hand, and the thumb draws off from under the ace of hearts, which the ingers of the right hand, and the fuluro draws off from under the ace of hearts, which at once becomes the bottom card of those withdrawn from the top. Holding them to-wards the audience, you say, "This must be the ace of hearts." Replacing them on top, take a glance at the next bottom card, and repeat if desired.

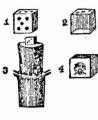
THE CLEVER CONSTABLE

THE CLEVER CONSTABLE Take out the four knaves and one king (the constable) from a pack of cards. Hav-ing quietly placed one of the knaves at the bottom or top of the pack, lay the other three upon the table together with the king. You must now entertain the company by illustrat-ing how three notorious burglars performed their operations, and how they were captured they a clever officer. One thief invariably en-tered the house by the cellar window (place one knave of the three at the bottom), the second preferred drawing-room society, and effected his entrance from the garden (place a second knave in the middle of the pack), whilst the third was partial to elevated posi-tions, and went in from the top of the pack). The constable followed the last, being the least watchful (king also is placed on top). If the pack is now cut, three knaves and the king will be found in company.

THE DIE TRICK

Get a wooden die about two and a half inches square (See No. 1), and a hollow tin die exactly the size of the wooden one, but without one of the sides (No. 2). Then paint them both exactly alike, as in the engraving. It will be better to let an accidental flaw appear on the same side of each. Then get a tin cover (No. 4) that exactly fits the dice.

dice. Now for the trick itself. Borrow two hats, and, while you turn your back upon the audience as you go to your table, slip into one of them the false die. Place both hats on the table, and send around the real die and cover for inspection. When they are turned, say. "Now, ladies and gentiemen, place these hats one above the other,



and cover for inspection. When they are returned, say. "Now, ladies and gentlemen, it is my intention to place these hats one above the other, thus." You then place the two hats as in No. 3. the hollow die being in the bottom of the hat. "I shall then cover the die thus." which you do, "and after I have knocked on the cover u shall take it off, and you will find that the

thus," which you do, "and after I have knocked on the cover I shall take it off, and you will find that the die is not under the cover, as it is now," taking it off, "but inside the hat, like this." You then put the real die into the hat, "You to not believe me, ladies and gentlemen, but I will soon convince you." You then take out the false die, and, replacing the upper hat, put the die on the top of the upper hat (of course with the open side downward), and place the cover over it. Pick up your conjuring wand, give it a few flourishes, and bring it down on the cover. Grasp the cover tightly near the bottom, when both cover and false die will come up together; put the end of your wand into them and give them a good rattle. Then knock off the upper hat with a blow of the wand, and push, the lower one off the table, so that the die tumbles out of it.

Always use plenty of gestures about your tricks.

THE ANIMATED CARD

This is a good trick, and will cause some amusement, but you do not want the audience too near. Give the pack to a person to select any card he has a fancy for, and to replace it in the pack. For him to replace the card, you hold the cards in such a manner that you keep them well separated, and when the card is replaced, you know its position, and a cut will bring it to the top if you cannot make the pass, which is much better. Previously you have a long hair fastened to your vest, with a small piece of prepared white wax attached to the other end, and which is concealed under your right thumb nail. The card having been duly brought to the top of the pack you press the wax upon it, and spread out the cards upon the table. Ask the person to name the card drawn, and command it to leave the rest of the pack, and come towards your hand. By moving the body backwards, the card will be drawn from the rest and move in the direction in-dicated. Slip off the wax, and break the hair, leaving no trace of the means employed. This trick appears marvelous when well performed.

TO TELL THE CARDS THOUGHT OF BY FOUR PERSONS

The pack having been shuffled, offer it to a person to select four cards from it; this being done, offer it to a second, third, and fourth person to select iour each. Now request each person to select in his mind one card from the four he holds, and taking the several fours in your hands, face downwards, one heap upon the other, deal four out upon the table, face upwards, and upon these the next four. Continue in like manner until the sixteen cards are on the table again in four heaps. You ask the first person in which heap his card is, which having been pointed out, his card is the first or uppermost of the heap. He second person's is the second card of the heap he points to, the third person's is the third of the group, and the fourth person's is found at the bottom of the heap. You could, of course, mention them as the several persons specify the heaps, but it is much better in all tricks to avoid giving any clue as to how you derive your information; therefore if you can do it, notice the cards, and pick up the heaps again, and dealing them out in rotation name the cards as they are exposed. It is guile possible that two, or even the four, by accident fall in the second person's the next, and so on. This trick can be done with three, five, six, or soven persons, the seame number of cards as there are people to choose—i, e., if there are three persons, cach must have three cards, if five, then five cards—and proceed as indicated.

FROM TWENTY-ONE CARDS TO TELL WHICH HAS BEEN THOUGHT OF

Deal the cards in three groups of seven each, face upwards, requesting a person to think of one and mention in which pack it is. Place that one in the middle of the three and deal again, ascertaining a second time in which pack it is. Plek up the cards again, the group selected being always middle, and deal for the thirn time, observing the fourth card of each heap, as the card thought of must be one of these. Again ask the question in which heap it is, and you at once know the card. Or you can take up the cards again in the same way as before, and the eleventh or middle card is the one you require. You can do a similar trick by making the groups each consist of any odd number up to seventeen, the card to be observed being the middle one of the several groups.

ALL THE CARDS, EXCEPT A CHOSEN ONE, FALL TO THE FLOOR

Having brought the chosen card to the bottom of the pack, and face upwards, request one of the audience to hold the cards for you for a moment. You tell him to put the fingers underneath about one inch, and the thumb on top, to prevent them falling, and ask him to hold them firmly; at the same time give them a smart rap with your finger on top, and all the cards will fall to the floor, save the one chosen, which is facing him, and retained in the hand.

The same result may be obtained by holding the cards with the fingers on top and thumb under, the chosen card being on the top of the pack. This time you must strike the cards upwards. The cards will be scattered, but the chosen one will remain in the hand.

TWO PERSONS DRAW THREE OR FOUR CARDS EACH FROM THE PACK, THEN TELL EACH DRAWER THOSE HE DREW

HE DREW For this trick you can use an ordinary pack or a piquet pack; the latter is preferable, on account of the number being less, and the chance of detection correspondingly reduced. You take your pack, and divide it into two parts, in one of which are the sevens, tens, knaves, and queens; in the other, the eights, inves, kings, and accs. Any other arrangement would do, but in the above odd and even numbers are mixed, and would not appear singular. You must avoid having all of one number together. The top card of one half must be a long card, so that you can easily distinguish it. You go through the false shuffle, cut the cards at the long one, and taking them up, invite someone to draw three or four cards, as he thinks fit, and offer the upper half, fanwise, for that purpose. This done, again use the false chufile, and cut again at the long card, or make the pass, and, spreading the other part—mow at the top—ianwise, request a second person to draw three or four. Both persons are to note their cards. Without disarranging the parts, request the flast person to replace his cards, and offer the top part for that purpose —and the lower part is open to receive the second drawer's. It is an easy matter now for you to discover the cards drawn; for should you find a king, nine, and eight anongst the queen and knaves, you know those cards were drawn by one party; and should there be a seven, ten, and queen with the kings, then it is clear the other party drew them.

TO LIFT TWELVE MATCHES WITH ONE

Lay an ordinary household match on the table, and across it place twelve others as shown in illustration.



place twelve others as shown in illustration. Lay another match across the twelve in the same direction as and directly over the one below. Then raise the bottom match slowly and the matches can be lifted.

TO DISTINGUISH THE COURT CARDS FROM OTHERS WITHOUT SEEING THEM

To perform this, one has to have prepared cards; but unlike similiar tricks, the pack can be passed to the company to be shuffled. The preparation consists in previously taking out the court cards from a pack, and with a blunt knife just split the cards at either end, about an inch in the middle—the split need not be deep, as the blunt edge of the knife will make a groove sufficiently wide to be easily distinguishable by touch. With the cards thus prepared, you offer them to the company to shuffle, and observe that you propose to mention, without seeing the cards. You can do it equally as well blindfolded as not, if they imagine it is done by confederacy, which rou assure them you would not stoop to: neither is there any arrangement of cards, which, you will allow to be examined and shuffled at any time. You then take the pack, and put it face downwards upon the table, or in your left hand, and with the right first finger you raise the card, or slide it off with the thumb; the touch of the finger will give you your information, and you rass the cards round one at a time, saying whether they are plain or court cards. This is the best means we know of naming the court from indifferent cards. We have seen cards grooved their whole width; but a shorter one is sufficient, and the chance of discovery is diminished.

TO EXCHANGE FOUR KINGS

In the first place, you palm four cards, and then select the four kings from the pack, putting them into your right hand in such a manner that one slightly overhanss the other, yet so that each can easily be distinguished when held closely in the hand; in this manner they effectually hide the four already in the hand, and you hold the cards (four kings) up for inspection. Closing the fingers, you draw them together, and together with the four already in your hand, place them upon the pack. You now observe that you wish four persons to hold the four kings, and taking the four top cards (which are supposed to be kings), one at a time, place them upon their knees and request each to put his hand upon them; you next take the four following cards (which are the kings), and place them in the custody of the four persons to the others, and then make some remarks about a company never being able to take care of the trusts imposed upon them, when it is the conjuror's wish that a change shall be made. You will prove it by showing them that these eight people have unconsciously exchanged cards in obedience to your will whilst you have been takings, and request them to turn up their respective cards, when to see who had the (supposed) kings have now indifferent cards, and the kings have gone to the other four.

NAME THE CARDS CHOSEN BY TWENTY DIFFERENT PERSONS WITHOUT SEEING THEM

One would imagine this to be a difficult feat; but it is easily accomplished, and the whole consists in the principle of forcing. You take the pack with a long card in it, and have the pack well shuffled, and, commencing either to the right or left hand of the company, you force the long card upon someone, which he replaces and shuffles. Taking the cards again, you shuffle them, and, going to some person a little distance from the first, you force the same card upon the second, and so on until you have allowed 20 persons to draw; you must, however, take care to have the different drawers at such a distance apart that they cannot compare notes.

Everyone having drawn, you go to the first person, and shuffle the cards, and by cut or pass leave the long card at the bottom, which you show to him, and ask if that is his card, "Of course it is." Go to the next person, and after again shuffling the cards, show him the bottom one, and ask if that is not this---"Yes;" and so you go on through the entire number of drawers, and they are surprised at your being able to show the cards drawn so rapidly. It is quite possible in so many forces you might fail once or twice; this won't matter. Have the card replaced, and your of the bottom of the pack, keeping it or them there, remembering who drew them, and you can produce those cards at the bottom, instead of the long card, at the time required. For this trick, a "forcing" packi. e., a pack consisting all of the same cards can be used. Of course, no mistake can occur with such a pack, as far as the drawing is concerned, but the great disadvantage is, the pack cannot be examined, nor even shuffled, by the various drawers.

TO CONJURE A CERTAIN CARD INTO YOUR POCKET

YOUR POCKET Another good trick, in which the performer and accomplice have it all their own way. You previously agree upon a certain card—say, the ace of hearts—which is withdrawn from the pack and placed in your pocket. At the proper time, hand the pack to your accomplice, and request him to look at a card and place the pack upon the table. You make a few passes over the cards with your wand, and ask, "Would you be good enough to tell me the card selected?" "Certainly; the ace of hearts," he replies, "I should be very much obliged to you if you will show me that card." The confederate takes the pack, and deals the cards, face upwards, on the table, and everyone sees that the ace of hearts is not there, and repeating you that the card is not there. "Ahl hearts are warnly attached at times;" and you take the missing card from your breast-pocket, and exhibit it to the astonished company.

TO TELL A CARD THAT A PERSON HAS TOUCHED IN A PACK

Having arranged with the confederate certain signs—say, to denote the suits, for hearts he touches the lowest buttom of his vest, for clubs the second, for diamonds the third, and for spades the fourth: and for numbers of the card, he can indicate this by laying the fingers of his other hand on the table, or elsewhere. These preliminaries being settled, you give the pack to be well shuffled, and, during your absence, one of the company is to select a card, and having sl-own it to the rest, so that there may be no mistake about it, he is to replace it where he likes in the pack. You are called, and take the pack, which while appearing to examine, you observe the confederate's movements, and can withdraw the card he indicates as the one selected. Your confederate should always engage in conversation, to divert suspicion from himself.

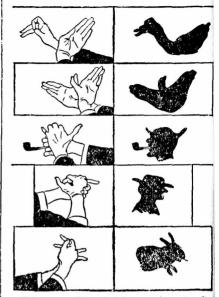
TO FIND A CHOSEN CARD IN A PERSON'S POCKET

The pack having been well shuffled, you request a person to draw a card, which, being noted, is returned to the pack. You make the pass and bring it to the top, and forthwith palm the card, and request the person to shuffle the cards again. The cards being again given into your possession, you place the card on top, and request the person to allow you to put the cards into his pocket, and ask him to be good enough to name the card drawn; upon his doing so, you have merely to take the top card from the pack in his pocket and expose it for examination to complete the trick, this being the card

TO PRODUCE A CARD CALLED FOR INSTANTLY

You tell your accomplice beforehand what card he must call for—say, the nine of spades. Take the pack of cards and shuffle them well, bringing the nine of spades to the top or bottom, put the cards in your pocket, and ask for one of the company to call for a card. "Nine of spades!" quickly crics your confederate: and you produce the card from your pocket, and lose no time in going on with your next trick in the event of other cards being demanded.

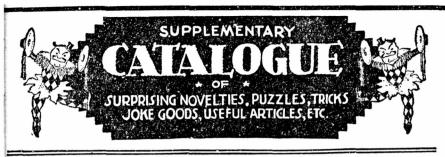
SHADOWGRAPHY



This very old entertainment is not often introduced into drawing-rooms nowadays, but it always affords considerable amusement to the little ones. To become expert in the art considerable time must be spent in practice in order to make the fingers pliant, and to learn how properly to secure the best positions. A few good ones are illustrated and a little experience with these will soon enable the performer to invent many other equally good ones—especially i' he uses a few card board figures which may be easily made. Ar electric light will supply quite sufficient light ing power in a small room, and the hand should be held about two feet away from the lamp, and four feet away from the screen of wall. Considerable fan may be got out of shadowgraphy by introducing sham fights are only grown-up children, and that this entertainment is just as likely to appea to an audience of adults as to one of child ren.

OF TWENTY-FIVE CARDS LAID ON THI TABLE, TO NAME THE ONE TOUCHED OR REVERSED

For this trick you lay the twenty-five cards in a square, that is, **m** five rows of five cards each, and requesting one of the company to reverse a card, or even to touch it, durin your absence, you retire. The card is indicates to you by the confederate in this manner. The fingers of the right hand represent the per pendicular rows. Therefore, suppose you ob serve the third finger of his right hand, and the second of the left, closed (the thumb in this case counting as one), you know at one the second row from the top, and car point out the card.



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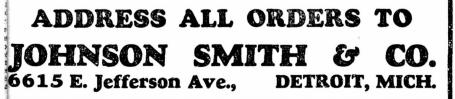


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10. 34	230.	Dac	n	26	24.6	$\boldsymbol{\nu}$.ver	50
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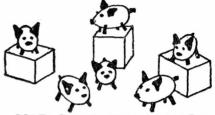
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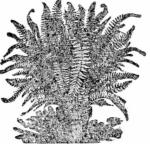
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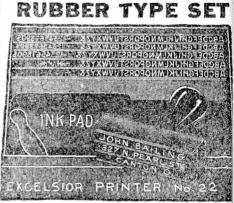


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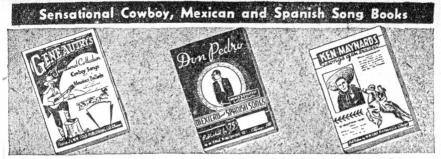
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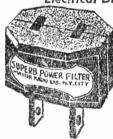
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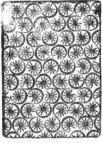








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