## DIARIA BRITANNICA; OR, THE

## BRITISH DIARY:

A L M A N A CK, FOR THE Year of OUR LORD ${ }^{1789}$ deing the, first afteb BISSEXTILE, or LEAP.YIAR.
containingr

A Variety of ufeful and entertaining Matter in ARTS and SCIENCES:
Calculated, in a particular Manner, for the Improvement of the CURIOUS, in the more fublime Parts of the MATHEMATICS.

## The feconio Gimanaick publifhed of this Kind.

Hail learned Friends, we bave no ends, but learning doth adore, Your enigmas, and algebras, are laid up bere in fore; Works of merit, Ball inherit, a crown of verdant bays, And laurels too, if they swill do, $t^{\prime}$ infert for future days.

## BIRMINGHAM,

Printed and fold by PEARSON and ROXLASON:
Price Nine-Pence ftitched.

## BRITISH DIARY.

Chronological Notes for the Year 1789.
The Julian period
Golden number

Cycle of the Sun 502 | Septuagefima Sunday, Feb. |
| :--- | :--- |

Aftronomical Characters ufed in this Diary.

| $r$ Arics | $\overbrace{0}$ Cancer | $\bumpeq$ Libra | Uf Capricorn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Taurus | $\Omega$ Leo | $\eta$ Scorpio | ${ }_{\sim}^{20}$ Aquatus |
| If Gemini | 吹 Virgo | $\pm$ Sagitary | 天 Pilices. |
| b Saturn | © Sun | J Moor | $\Theta$ Tellus |
| 4 Jupiter | \% Venus | 83 North | Terra |
| \% Mars | ¢ Mercury | 8 D South | or the Ear |

o Conjunction, when Planets are in the fame lign, D, m.

* Sextile, when 2 figns dif. $\Delta$ Trine, when 4 figns diat.
- Quartile, when 3 ligns dift. 8 Oppolition, or 5 figns dift.


## Of the Four Quarters of the Year.

 Spring Quarter begins March 20, at 53 m . paft 3 morn. Summer Quarter begins June 21, at 55 m . paft 1 morn. Autumn Quarter begins Sept. 22, at 28 m . paft $\eta$ aftern. Winter Quarter begins Decem. 21, at 59 m . paft 3 morn.Beautiful Venus will be a morning far till May 30, at which time fhe becomes an evening far to the year's end.

Jupiter will be a morning far till Jan. 14, when he lecomes occidental or an evening far to the year's end.

## ECLIPSES for the Year 1989.

IN the courfe of this year, the inhabitants of this earthly globe, may obferve four eclipfes of the two luminaries, namely, two of the Sun and two of the Moon, whereof but one only of the Moon will be vifible to the inhabiters of Great-Britain; they happen according to the following order and computation.

The firf is an invifible eclipfe of the Moon on Saturday the 9 th of May, in the morning; the beginning of the eclipfe at 3 h .38 m . middle at 9 h .3 m . and the end at

## BRITISH DIARY.

soh. 24 m .-duration 1 ll .46 m . and the Digits eclipfed are 2 deg .54 m . on the Moon's northern limb.

The fecond is an invifible eclipfe of the greater luminary the Sun, on Sunday the $24^{\text {th }}$ day of May; the conjunction at roh. 2 mm . in $\Pi 4^{\circ} 3^{\prime}$, the Moon's latitude $30^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime}$ fouth; the Sun will be centrally eclipfed on the meredian at roh. 18 m . in longitude $154^{\circ} \cdot 30^{\prime \prime}$ weft, and latitude $11^{0} 1.5^{\prime}$ fouth.

The third is a vifible eclipfe of the leffer luminary, the moon, on Monday the 2 d of November, about midnight, but more particularly, according to the following calculation.

November the fecond the moon fhe will be,
A fmall part eclipfed in obfcurity;
Late in the night, if the fky be but clear,
By good computation it will thus appear
h. m. f.

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Begins, $p W$. Swift | 11 | 31 | 58 |
| Middle of the eclipfe | 12 | 30 | 59 |
| End next morning | 1 | 32 | 49 |

The fame from our M. S. tables Beginning

112521
Middle next morn. 122957
End of the eclipfe
Duration
Digits eclipfed
13433 Digits eclipfed $\quad 35023$ on the moon's fouthern limb.

The fourth and laft is an invifible eclipfe of the fun, on. Tuefday the $17^{\text {th }}$ day of November, in the morning, the conjunction being at 3 h .2 gm . in m $25^{\circ} 16^{\prime}$, Moon's lat. $33^{\prime}$ north. Sun will be centrally eclipfed on the meridian at 3 h . 22 m . in long. $129^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ eaft, and lat. $14^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ north.

Befides the luminary eclipfes there will happen, on the 5 th of November, in the afternoon, a moft famous and remarkable Tranfit of Mercury, over the Sun's difc, as under:


ATABLE of tbe MOON's fouthing, or Times wben flue paljes the Meridian of Creenwich Obfervatory, for the Year r 789 .

|  |  |  |  |  |  | e |  | Jly |  | Se | c. Uct. | Nur |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | +. m. | h.m | h. r | h. m | h.m. | h. m. |  | . m | h. m | h. | m. m. |  | . m |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 3 \mathrm{a} 40$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2422 | 5 | 54 |  |  | 1743 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $38 \quad 34$ |  |  | 102 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 56 | 786 | 6 | 5821 |  | 710 20 |  | - 49 | 1156 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 67 |  |  |  |  | 1114 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $7{ }^{7} 814$ | 468 | 83 | 10 | 1043 | morn |  | rn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 89.13 | 10459 |  |  | $113^{8}$ |  |  |  |  | 2218 | 82 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 91010 | 1143 | 1025 | 5115 | morn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{ClO}_{11} 13$ |  |  | morn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 morn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $2{ }^{2} 13$ | $13^{1} 4^{\circ}$ | 15 | 515 | 222 | 223 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2271 |  | $2{ }^{2} 4$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $2{ }^{2}$ |  | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $4{ }^{5}$ |  | 48 |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 13.2 |  | 31 |  |  |  | 31 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
|  | 52 |  |  | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 124 |  |  |
|  | 42 | 5 |  |  |  | $6 \quad 53$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 32.6 | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 7 |  | $7 \quad 397$ |  | 830 |  | 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $7{ }^{7} 4^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1015 |  | 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 99 45 <br> 9  | $9 \quad 56$ | [11 111 |  | 46 | 182 |  | 4335 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1028 |  |  |  | 44 | 133 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10. $35{ }^{1}$ | 1129 | 10171 | $\mathrm{IH}_{1} \mathrm{I}_{3} 1$ | 1137 |  |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11220 | 1110 | 10 $59{ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $0 . a 60$ | 5311 | $11410^{\circ}$ |  | 129 | 2593 |  | 26 | 56 | $6{ }^{6} 316$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $4^{8} 1$ | 35. | 25. |  |  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $13^{0} 2$ | 19 | 1:2 | 2403 | 322 | . 51 |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 593 | $3 \quad 364$ | 175 |  |  | 4.7 |  | 539 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 50.4 |  | 10. |  |  | 578 | 269 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 43 |  |  |  |  | 50.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

A TABLE of the Seven Stars fouthing, or Times when they pafs the Meridian.


Firft Quait, 4 day, 4 after. Full Moon It day, 6 night Laft Quart. 18*day, 9 morn. New Moon2 6 day, 6 morn.
 fouth fouth north fouth louth ic uth 1) 2257 10 $4^{2}$ 21 16


 $2518 \quad 461 \quad 9 \quad 47121 \quad 54 / 21 \quad 20 / 22 \quad 3720 \quad 10$


| D D | Days. | Weather |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I T | Circumcif. | ठ D |
| F |  | 口 5 |
| S |  | Snow, or |
|  |  | cold rain, |


| 6 T | Epinhany | * 万 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 W |  | winds. |
| 8 T | Lucian |  |
| ${ }_{9} \mathrm{~F}$ |  |  |



## MARCH hath XXXI Days.



D © de. $1 \frac{1}{2 d e} .44$ de. . व de. $f$ de. ชृ de $1 \begin{array}{llll}7 & 18 & 8 & 12 \\ 22 & 27 & 13 & 42\end{array}$ 1613 | 25 | 16 | 22 | 22 | 30 | 8 | 34 | 8 | 53 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 25 | n | 6 | 7 | 7 | 22 | 20 | 6 | 45 | - 3 y



M. A Y. hath XXXI Days.
 Full Moon 9 day, 9 morn. Laf Quart. 17 day, 2 morn. New Moon 24 day, 10 night Firft Quart. 3 I day, 8 night

$\square$ north fouth north north north north $-1 \frac{1}{15} 57 \frac{38}{52} \frac{0}{443} \frac{-1}{1137} \frac{-1}{820}$ 7 | 17 | 1 | 5 | 27 | 21 | 5 | 6 | 30 | 14 | 11 | 13 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 | 19 | 19 | 55 | 5 | 7 | 21 | 33 | 9 | 56 | 18 | 38 | 21 | $4!$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |




John P. Lat of wind
with fhowers of rain. ${ }_{4}$ S. af. Eant


[Dunft. Showers Afcen. day ${ }^{\prime}$ D 오 of Prs. Eliz, b. 5 ret.C.Ch
 T Auguffine $\quad$ Ven. Bede $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Cold wind }\end{array}$
 б $\odot$ 아 1 F 5 Whit Sund C.T. d.m

 105722 6 $2125 \mid 2217$ I 8 chf 312039 | 11 | 34 | 23 | 3 | 21 | 25 | 23 | 10 | 21 | 11 | 19 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |







 \begin{tabular}{lllllll|l|l|lllll}
2 \& 42 \& 1 \& 43 \& 2.2 \& 26 \& 8 \& 2 \& 10 \& 2 \& 8 \& 22 \& 14 \& 30 <br>
3 \& 11 \& 2 \& 40 \& 22 \& 26 \& 1 \& I \& 12 \& 15 \& 11 \& 17 \& 35 <br>
\hline

 

1, \& fets \& 3 \& 3 \& 8 \& 22 \& 27 \& 2 \& 2 \& 1 \& 28 \& 18 \& 19 \& 49
\end{tabular}

 $101_{3} 6$ | 10 | 51 | 728 | 22 | 27 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\left|\begin{array}{cc}11 & 23 \\ \text { II } & 5 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}\right|$



|  |  | Sun\| rife | Sun | D. 1 | leng. |  | Clock |  | ifes. | fets. | rifes. | $\stackrel{?}{8}$ |  | 8 m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 2 | 43 |  | 958 | 14.45 |  | 311 |  | $\mathrm{ml}^{2}$ | C | 50 | 4 m |  |  |
|  | $3 \%$ | 4257 | 73 t | 10.24 | 15 11 | 721 | 346 |  | 50 | - 40 | 34 |  |  | 2911 |
|  | $1 \begin{array}{ll}12 & 2\end{array}$ | 4157 | 746 | 1051 | 1531 | 741 | 4 0 | 02 | 28 | 0.283 | 317 | 4 |  | 2857 |
|  | O 34 | 447 | 755 | I1 27 | I 549 | 759 | 3. 54 |  | , | - 73 |  |  |  | 2838 |
|  |  | 350 |  | Dev | 163 | 4 1 | 327 | 71 |  | 11046 |  |  |  | 2881 |

Full Moon 7 day, 8 night. Laft Quart. 15 day; 7 night New Moorl 23 day, 8 morn. Firt Quart. 29 day, midn.

|  | O | fout |  | $\delta^{\text {d de }}$. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | nort | fouth | nor | north |  |  |
|  | 122 | $45^{1}$ | 217 | 1321 |  | 2535 |
|  | 7225 | 45 | 20.53 | ${ }^{1} 44^{8}$ | 2311 | 257 |
| 13 | 2316 | $4^{1}$ | $203^{8}$ | 16 | 2349 | 2343 |
|  | $23 \quad 27$ | 30 | 2023 | 1726 | 24 |  |
|  | 23.24 | 37 |  | 183 | 2350 | 1949 |




| $12 \quad$ A U G U'S |
| :--- |
| Full Moon5 day, 10 night |
| Laft Quart. i4 day, 2 morn. |
| New Moon20 day, 11 night |
| Firft Quar. 27 day, 3 aftern. |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | fes | fets. | $\stackrel{{ }_{\mathrm{tifes}}^{\mathrm{t}}}{ }$ | fets. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 119 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 141 |  |  | 1018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 757 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SEPTEMBER hath XXX Days.

Full Moon 4 day, 2 after. Laft Quart. 12 day, 3 after. New Moon' ig day, 7 morn. FirftQuart. 26 day, 4 morn.

|  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { h de. } \\ & \text { iouth }\end{aligned} \frac{4 \text { de. }}{}\right.$ north |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hat{\sigma} \text { de. } \\ \text { north } & \text { ? de. } \\ \text { louth } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | no |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5 | 1615 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 555^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


$\frac{\mathrm{D}}{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{D} \frac{\mathrm{D}}{\mathrm{T}} \frac{\text { Days. }}{\text { Giles }} \frac{\text { Weather. }}{\text { Britk wind }}$

2 W Lond, burnt with
[I666 hhowers of
$\begin{array}{lll}* & \odot & \widehat{~} \\ 8 & \hbar & \succ\end{array}$
3S.af. Tri. tain.
7. M Enurchus

8 T Nati. B. V.
[M. Showers \&

 8 - Һ r4S.af.Tri. inunder. MHoly Crofs * | 15 | T | Buck-h.en. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ro | W | Emb.Week | ${ }^{17}$ T Lambert : Ió D. 4 Rainabout thele days. $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ccc}\text { O} & D & \neq \\ \text { d } & D & + \\ \text { Coldwinds } \\ \text { to the end. }\end{array}\right.$ * 4 ъ 27 D 2S.af.Tri. 23 M Sh. L. fwor. 20 TSt.Mi. Prs. C.A.M.b. 30 W St. Jerome ifare-h, b.

| fets. | m久 | \% | $\Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 159 | 923 | 21 | 17 II |

${ }^{4}{ }_{6}^{4}$

$$
745101120191513252^{28} 541255
$$

$$
\left.\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{lll|l|l|ll|lll}
0 & 44 & 23 & 0 & 20 & 10 & 22 & 7 & 29 & 43 \\
1
\end{array}\right.\right)
$$

$$
322450202120241029197
$$

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllll}
7 & 27 & 29 & 52 & 19 & 22 & 23 & m & 14 & 14
\end{array}
$$

Full Moon 4 day, 7 morn. Lat Quart. 12 day, 2 morn. New Moon 18 day, 4 after. Firft Quart. 25 day, 8 night

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}19 & 19 & 15 & 7 & 9 & 13 & 26 & 19 & 3^{2} & 22 & 6 & 20 & 49\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}25 \mid 12 & 22 \mid 7 & 15 & 113 & 9 \mid 18 & 50 \mid 23 & 37 \mid 21\end{array}$



Full Moon 2 day, midnight Laft Quart. Io day, 11 mor. New Moon 17 day, 3 morn. Firt Quart. 24 day, 4 after.

|  | O | b de. | 4 de . | \% de. | + |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | louth | fouth | north | north | fouth |  |  |
|  | 11441 | 720 | 1251 | 181 | 2453 |  |  |
|  | 71631 | 7 | 12.37 | 17.19 | $253^{3}$ |  | 445 |
| 13 | 1811 | $7{ }^{7} 24$ | 1224 | 1639 | 25. 44 | 11 | 14 |
| 19 | 1939 | $7{ }^{7} \quad 2 i$ | 1214 | 161 | 2530 |  |  |
|  | 512055 | 1721 |  | 15.27 | 4.50 |  |  |

N|W Feftival Afpects \& $D$ D

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10
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|  | D.L. | Sun | junt | U. L | of |  | aft. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | fets. | ${ }_{\substack{4 \\ \text { rifes. } \\ \hline}}$ | ¢ ${ }_{\text {difes. }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} 8 \\ \text { fets. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | 8 m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | beg. |  | fet. | ends | $\frac{51}{31}$ |  | $\frac{17 t . ¢}{1022}$ |  | $\frac{\text { rimes. }}{10 \text { a32 }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 547 551 | 755 | 4.56 | 6 15 | 7.10 | $1840$ | 10 22 <br> 7 53 | II 12 |  | 94.57 |  | 1750 |
| 13 | 13 | 33 | 3576 | 9 | 754 | 84 | 56 | 1117 | 941 | 926 | 730 | 1737 |
|  | . 554 | 35 | 3556 | 6 | 750 | 34 | 29 | IO $5^{2}$ | 914 | 9.5 | 7.43 | 1718 |
|  | 1553 | 3.4 | $356 / 0$ |  | 752 | in. | e. 51 | 10 23 | 847 |  |  | 659 |

## Laft Year's Enicmas Anfivered.

I. Guide-Poft.
II. Slate and Pencil.
III. A Fart.
IV. Letter A.
V. An Ars.
VI. A Vowel.
VII. Bladder.
VIII. Pocket Watch. XII. Pize, A Badge.

Prize Enigma anfwered, by Mr. Folon Smith. SchoolMafler, of Garthorp, near Melton-Muwbray, Leicefierßire. On CHARITY.
How bleff are they, who do in wealth abound, And fpend their days in one continual round Of virtue, peace, and honor, void of fear, Throughout the feafons, of the rolling year. But doubly bleft are they, who, mult with love, Enjoy thofe gifts, and blefings, from above; Never unmindful, of that bounteous hand, Who gave them all, and does that all command. That with a heart enlarged, as their loore, With what they well can ipare, relieves the poor, '!'he orphan, and the widow, at their gate, Whole badged arms, declare their abject tite. Such gen'rous actions, and unfaken zeal, No tongue can \{peak, nor grateful heart can tell: When once this tranfitory life is o'er, Titles, and honors, will avail no more. But charity, will neither fade nor die, But will accompany, our fouls on high, To thofe bleft regions, of the faints above, Where all is joy, fweet harmony, and bove.
The fame anfavered, by Mr. Charles Metcalf, SchoolMafter, of Great Dalby, Leicefler/hire.
Honors, and grandeur, noblenefs of birth, Titles, and ribbons*, are much fought on earth, No titles, norriches, I frall ever gain, But hope, thro' faith, falvation to obtain.
Prize Enigma, and the Anagram, anfwered, by Mr. Jobin Needham, of Hinckley.
To improve your Time, heaven grant you fuccef, An.
l've'fent you my mite, for I could do na lefs;
Your Badge is delightful, and pleafing to wear,
None with Britifh ladies, for wit, can cumpute.

## * Alluding to a Eadge <br> B

Generat

## General Answers to all the Enicmas.

All the Enigmas anfwered, by Mr. Fobn Smith, SchoolMafer, Garthorp, near Melton-Mowbray, Leicefer/hire. An ADDRESS to thr AUTHORS.
To you, kird firs, with gratitude and joy,
I do my mufe, in frains of praife employ;
May the work profper, that you have begun,
Until the wheels of time fhall ceafe to run.
Truly it is a Guide-poft for our youth,
When well appiy'd, we may affent to truth;
In learning's track, and mathematics art,
They may with Slate and Pencil, fhew their part. 2.
And, in that work, they fure will pleafure find,
'Tis pleafirie recreatinn, for the mind,
While eagerly they Watch, and long to know, 8.
With judgment clear, and fpotlefs as the Snoru.
The path, to trace, the fabric of the fphere,
To weigh the moments, of the circling year;
While fome with heads, that are as Bladders light, i-
In nothing elfe, but vanity delight.
May be compared, to the filly Fly,
That fpend their days, but know not how, or why;
Or for what purpofe, their time do enjoy.
Bur dull, and ttupid, fenfelefs as the Afs,
Like to a $P u f$ of $W$ ind, they quickly pafs,
Their ufelefs lives away, and wafte their time,
And fcarcely know, that $A$ 's the Vorvel prime.
4. 6.

But thofe who molt to tudy are inclin'd,
To find out matter, to improve mankind.
$D_{i, ~ \text { inguifs'd-bonor's, may all fuch receive, Allud. Prize. }}$
And while on earth, in health and affluence live,
To hoary age, but when to live they ceafe,
May they lie down, upon a Bed of peace.
All the Enigmas anfwered, by Mr. Charles Melcalf, School-Mafer, of Great Dalby, Leiceflerfinire.
A Guide-pof in the firf, you may behold,
1.

A Siate and Pencil, will the next unfold. 2.
The third's a Blaft of Wind, which quick doth pafs, 3 .
The next the letter $A$, the fifth an $A / s$.
A Vowel, Blatder, Watch, Snorw, Bed, and Fly, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.
In the fix foli'wing, I can plainly 'fpy,
Your Badge of honnr, hope now to obtain, Prize. And I, yuur correfiondent, will remain.

All the Enigmas answered, by F. Burr, of Digby, near Sleaford, in answer to the two frt 2 ueries.
Greatness confifts not in $A$ splendid Star, 4.6. Prize.
Sumptuous jewels, oftentatious car;
Illuftrious titles, magnificent fate,
Bedizen'd veftments, pompous coronet. 10.
Full as prepoofterous is the Bladder'd hope, 7.
Of finding it, in fenfual'ties fcope;
Voluptuous pleafures, life's a gilded Bait,
II.

When gratify'd, apungent pain create.
Benevolence, and hofpitality,
Inferiors treated-as we'd with to be;
A faithful execution, of the charge,
Which heaven's depofited, to us at large,
A frit adherence, to the laws of God,
Will conflitute us, truly great and good;
In all the mazy labyrinths of life,
When all fubfifts, in elemental frise.
Reafon, that heav'n-illumin'd lamp, will Guide,
7.

Our future conduct, and each grief fubfide ;
Watch well her impulse, wifdom is her aim, 8.

Discretion next, and prudence wait their claim.
Virtue fucceeds, and then experience we,
Our lives to $\mathrm{p} A f$ s, in feet tranquillity ;
And ever after, we fall find aS now
Her files benign, no, terror on her brow.
Nor abject fortune, nor condition hard,
Will e'er our peace of mind, or blifs retard;
This brings content, and happiness ifs at heart,
Ill pledge my Slate and Pencil to a $F_{--t}$.
2, 3.
All the Enigmas answered by, Mr. John Netdham, of Hinckley.
A Fart for them that never take,
The Slate and Pencil, for to make,
The letter " $A$, but like an $A f$,
5
9.

Regardless how the time does pals.
With fuch you need not go abroad,
To read the Poi upon the road,
Who the frt $\mathcal{K}_{6}$ wal ne'er did know
1.

Nor which firing makes the Watch to go.
Of Badge Snow, Bladder, fame ne'er think,
Like filly Flies the eat and drink
'Will night, and then they reel to Bed,
With an intoxicated head:

All the Enigmas anfwered, by Mr. Wm. Swift of Stow.

> ARURAI. ODE.

Whilft aurora gilds the morning,
With a fweet delightful ray,
Blooming flowers, th' fields adorning,
With Guide-poft for t' Shew the way.
With the early lark awaking,
Leaves his Snorv white Bed I fay,
9, 10.
Labour ev'ry hour pertaking,
Whiftling thoughts, and cares away.
Then how pleafant, and contented,
Lives this homely country clown,
With Slate and Pencil, unacquainted,
2.

A $F \cdot-t$ he fays, for all th' town.
He's no Badge for to atiend him,
No Watch to know the time of day, Pro
A Fly-bread Afs, a friend hath lent 'im, 11. $5^{\circ}$ For to pafs his time away.
No Puff'd up pride is in his cot, 7.

Virtue is his guiding clue,
A little learning he has got,
T' know his A E $10 U_{\text {. }}$
Nature all his toil befriending, Of her treafure, he's poffeft,
Health and peace, his life attending,
No monarch, fure, is half $s^{\prime}$ bleft.

## All the Enigmas anfwered, by Automathicus.

Now the cold blafts of froft, and Snow, are all blown o'er, 9. And fmiling fpring doth crown our ine from thore to thore, I with the eaftern light, each morn, rife from my Bed, 10. With a Badge upon my arm, trip to th' verdant mead, Pr. Or elfe unto the marfh, and old Trent fide I hie, 'Tho' I ne'er angle with th' rod, nor with th' bufy Fly, 11. Sometimes by th' Guide-poff, I towards Bingham rove, I. Where oft I mufe, on th' falfe fair, 'till l'm a flave t'love. But th' great Alpha chiefly, is the theme of my fong,
4. And divine contemplations, $m$ ' filent walk prolong,
'Till eight o'clock, fhew'd by m' Watch, I return t' my charge,
With Slate, Pencils, and books, young minds for to enlarge, 2 . Teach them t' fpell a Vorwel, a Bladder, and an Afs, 6,7•5But th' Huzza from behind, we feldom do exprefs. 3 .

## Rebufes anfwered.

All the Enigmas anfwered by Mafer Fobn Shakefpere, a Youth of $13^{\frac{1}{2}}$ Years, Pupil to Mr. Thomas Adcock, SchoolMafter, in Ajbby-de-la-Zouch.

$$
O_{N} S P R I N G
$$

Mild is the fpring, ferene the air,
Hail then, fiveet month of May,
When nature does her charms prepare,
'To deck the vernal day.
No Guide-pof now, mark'd with an $A$, 1. 4.
Nor Slate, or Pencil, pleafe,
2.

Like charming Flora's month of May,
Which unto all gives eafe.
No frigid blaft, can e'er annoy,
Thy mild, and pleafant, reign,
Whofe Snorw-white bofom ne'er can cloy,
So fiweet's thy graceful mein.
The Bed, and Lace, refplendent hine, 10. Prize.
With rich men here below,
A Bladder, and Bell-clapper fine,
That found and fight beftow.
The braying $A / J^{\prime}$ 's dreadful voice, 5 .
Th' animal race alarms,
Like Flying troops, who fhun the noife, In,
And horrid din of arms.
The blooming maid, with- ruftic fong,
Now gambols on the plain,
Without a Vowel frik along,
6.

To meet her love-fick fwain.
The warbling fongfers, thro' the grove,
Their wintry fears refign,
With raptur'd joy, and eager love,
Their lays harmonious join.
Ingenious general Anfwers were alfo given by Mefrs. R. Allwwsod, F. Bower, B. Burn, Clark, Cator, Dalby, Eaton, Evers, Fletcber, Garton; Gillot, Gibfon, Hunter, Fackfon, Kite, Lorve, Langley, Mafon, Nelfon, Newbam, O'Kelly. Puz;æleom, Pbilomatbes, Rotwley; Mr. Sankey, and many otbers.

Laft Year's Rebuses anfwered.
I. Wax.
II. Widown
III. Devil.
IV. Detraction.
V. Malice. VI. Liverpool.
VII. Carlton.
VIII. Hannah Prince.
IX. Shakefpear.

All the Rebuses anfwered, by Mr. John Needliam, of Hinckley.
Detraition is the Devil, Malice is the fame,

## In an ADDRESS to the CORRESPONDENTS.

Diarian gents (if I make fo free)
I beg the kind favour, of your company,
To dine (fome day th' next year) at the py'd bull,
Or at the Sbakefprare's head, in Liverpool.
Friend Langdale, of Carlton, hope will be there, 9.7.
And Mifs Hannab Prince, whom his heart dath enfnare, 8.
With friend Swift of Stow, or his Widow'd wife,
And all true friends, whom I love as my life.
Detrafion, and Malice, works of th' Devil,
W'll banifh from us, with words that are evil,
And let's be merry, good humour'd, and free,
And Seal our engagements, with true amity.
4, 5. 3.

All the Rebuseg anjwered, by Mr. Wm. Swift, of Stow. The other day walking, it beirg in fpring,
And calling at Carlon, where bells fweetly ring, 7 . A Widorw of fortune, th' Devil is in it, $\quad 2,3$. A Maliceful Villain, comes ev'ry minute. A Liverpool rival, they tell me he's one, $\quad$ 6. 9 : My heart melts like Wax, at the name Huddlefton, 1 : But I'll try once again, before I go hence, l'll not be debar'd, of my dear Hanniab Prince. 8. All the Rebuses anfwered, by Mr. F. Burr, of Dighy. The disappointed widow.
The wife became a Widow, ftraight way hies,
2.

To break the Wax, and ope' the will-efpies, I Sbake/peare, late of Liverpool, refign'd,
I.
9. 6.
(Tho' weak in body, wholly found in mind);
To Hannab Prince, of Carlion, half my ftore,
At twelve month's end-abominable whore, Vociferated fhe-the reft the tore.
All Malice, and Detraction's, much too civil,
I wifh him, and his whore, both at the D...l.
8. $7 \cdot\}$

## Laft Year's Charades anfwered.

1. Friend-fip.
III. Death-bed.
V. Bird-lime.
II. Punch-bowl.
IV. Cow-nlip.
Paradox, Three Fiders. Anagram, Time.

All the Charades anfwered, by Mr. Charles Metcalfe. As over the Puncb-bowl, we fit merry and free, 2. Let the bond of true Friend- 乃hip, our motto ftill be, I. Foir friendhip, like Bird-lime, entangles our hearts, 5 . And norlhing, but Death bed, true friendfhip e'er parts 3 . But falfe friends in adverity, will foon away, And, like Cow--lips in fpring, difappear in a day. 4.

All the Charades anfwered, by Mr. John Necelham.
If you Britifh ladies, think it any pain,
T' have any Friend-foip, with an unlearned fwain, I. Sooner than offend, to my Death-bed l'll go, 3 . So next year, dear ladies, I pray let me know. You have others, I grant, with Bird-lime quite new, 5 . Whofe poetical numbers, flo:v perfectly true, If I'm difregarded, I'll fill the Puncb-borwl, 2. With good Cow-flip wine, to chear up my foul. 4 . All the Charades anfwered, by Mr. Wm. Swift, of Stow. 'Twas down in a meadow, where Corw-flips look gay, 4 .
Where m' fair one I faw, bufy making of hay,
I gave her the day, then our $\bar{F}$ riend-/ßip began, I. And I thought, really thought, that I was the man. So, as clofe as Bird-lime, I thuck to my fair, 5. And light, as a feather, was m' heart I declare, I drank her health, in a Puncb-bowl of liquor, lnviting our fexton, clark, and our vicker,
Ne'er thought of a Death-bed, did all dance and fing, 3. And we tip'd off full bumpers, to God fave th' King. An acroflical Anfwer to all the Charades, by Mr. F. Burr. A ffift my mufe, ye fweet Pierian train, Come aid my flight, in a poetic frain, Of Friend Joip's, Bird-lime, chains I fain would fing, What charms accrue-then floop, and flag my wing. $S$ weeter than Punch-bowl, to the thirfty throat, L ove, when compar'd to, it's a Deatb-bed note, I'm friend hip's bond, when foul, with foul, unites, Pleafure commences, without bound delights.

The Paradox anfwered, by Mr. F. Burr, of Digiy. Tbree Fidlers were fcraping, and playing hum-drum. Collected three guineas-a capital fum.
An Anfwer to the Anagram, by Mr. Charles Metcalfe. The thief that purloins from the cheefe, is a mite, Which tranfpos'd makes 'Time, if't be tranfpofed right.

## Laft Year's Queries anfwered.

I. Query anfuered, by Mr. John Neediam, of Hinckley.

There is a nobility of extraction, much raifed above, what ran owe its rife to flefh and blood, and that is virtue, which being the fame in fouls, that the other is in bodies, and families; and as the foul is to be preferred to the body, this mortal honor, and nobility, prizes its value fo far above all other qualities, that the foical fatyrif, following the doctrines of that fchool, is hold to fay, that nothing but virtue deferves the name of nobility; and there is nothing truly noble, but what is fincerely virtuous: this will make you, as it did Augufus, the ornament of your age: and as it made 'Itus Veppafian, the delight of mankind.
II. Query anfwered, by Mr. Whi. Swift, of Stow.

Fear God, and his commandments keep in mind,
Then true content, and happinefs you'll find;
When you thofe precepts keep, thofe ftèps purfue,
Thofe heav'n born guefts, your fure to have in view.
The fame anfwered, by Mr. Joln Needham, of Hinchley.
Unto all others, juftice do, Peace, love, and virtues paths purfue, And to hew mercy, take delight, To keep thofe heav'n born guefts in fight.

## III. Query anfwered, by Mr. T. Cock, Cirencefier, Gloucefterfire.

'Tis manifeft that any burning body will appear with its greateft luftre in the dark; for if it be furrounded by any extranenus light of lefs intenfity than its own, the apparent brightnefs of its luttre, will be equal, coly, to the excefs of intenfity of its own greateft light, above that light which furrounds it Hence, if the intenfity of the extraneous farrounding light be equal to, or greater than, that of any jenecus body at its furface, that body will then appear to have no light of its own. - The fame anfwered by Mr. Needbam.
IV. Query, anfwered, by Mr. John Needham, of Hinckley.

A polifhed razor, \&c. that has the property of a plane mirror, if it be held parallel to the horizon, fuch ohjects, as are perpendicular to it, will appear inverted. Donn's epit. of expl. Pbilefophy.
V. Query anfwerel, by Mr. 7. Burr, of Digby, ncar Slenford.
I cannot conceive what probable reafon can be alledged for there being no rainbow before the flood. It is repugnant to common fenfe, to fuppofe there was no rain for the fpace of 1656 years. There were always the fame caufes to produce the fame effects from the beginning; the fame fun to exhale the vapours; the fame requifites to congregate them into clouds; the fame luminous rays to caufe reflection, \&c. And God does not fay I do make a new bow, but that from henceforth it fhall be confidered in a new light, viz. a pledge between me and you, and all fefh; and I looking upon it will remember my covenant, \&c. Asr. Fobn Needbam aniwered it nearly in the fame manner. But $M r$. Wrn. Swift, of Stow, fays, that no rainbow appeared before the flood, is evident, from the following argument; firft, God faith to Noah, I do fet my bow in the cloud, ard it fhall be for a token of a covenant between me and the earth, and it hall come to pafs, when I bring a cloud over the earth, that the bow fhall be feen in the cloud, \&c. Gen. ix. Now had there been a rainbow before the flood, there had been no occafion of the above expreffion.
VI. Query anfwered, by Mr. John Needham, of Hinckley.

Steam, of any heat whatever, if it be not fome how confined, and caught, as it were, by fome object near at hand, but being let into the air lonfe, like that rifing from a feeth-ing-pot, or flaking lime, as far as we can trace it, that is, fo long as it continues vifible, does not, by its motion, fhew any great difpofition, or tendency, towards rifing fteadily, brifkly, or the fhorteft way into fuch parts of the atmofphere as may be of equal gravity therewith. But it rather feems vaguely to fiy hither and thither, 'till it can be abforb'd, and received by the air thereby warmed, in fome manner, as the breath from the lungs, and other humid vapours are. C. Fluids.
VII. Query anfwered, by the Propger, Mr. Join Dalton.

It is well known to altronomers, of what fignal fervice, to that fcience, the difcoveries made by telefcope have been. The different phafes of Venus; the fatellises of Jupiter, and

Saturn ; the fpots upon the difks of the fun, and planets; and the times of their rotation upon their axes difcovered therefrom; the progrefive motion of light; the vaft numbers, and almoft infinite diftances of the fixed fars, are on!y fome of the phenomena of the univerfe; the knowledge of which we owe to this inftrument. All which have been of great fervice, not only to corroborate the copernical hypothefis, but alfo to pave the way for the difcovery of univerial gravity, whereby the fame hypothefis is actually demonftrated to be true.- Un the other hand, though the microfcope cannot boaft of throwing light upon any particular fubject in nature equal to this, yer its ufe to the different branches of fcience is more extenfive, having been fubfervient to the examination of the minute ?arts of nature, under very different circumftances, as the curicl:s fabric, and contexture, of the animal and vegetable wolds at large has received additional light by means of it. - Upun the whole, however, from what is hitherto known, I am apt to think, the telefcope may jufly claim the preference, in the point of view in which we have now been confidering them.

> The fame anfwered, by Mr. Wm. Swift, of Stow. Telefcope hath been, in natural knowledge, The mot approv'd, by mafters of our college.

## VIII. Query anfwered, by Mr. John Needham, of Hinckley.

I do entirely acquiefce with the learned Doctor's hypothefis of the different ftratas defcending, according to their relative gravities. But, at the creation, the elements would be in fiech a confufion, that there might be large quantities of air, water, and other materials, that would form long fubterraneous cavities, between the moft ponderous beds of ftrata, and there ferment together, and at laft burit from their confinement (as is the cafe in earthquakes) and then the ftrata of coal might very eafily flide under thofe of a fuperior fpecific gravity. This is my opinion, that the ftrata of coal is found at a confiderable depth, and under beds of a far denfer nature.

## IX. Query anfwered, by the fame.

The immaculate fon of GoD, did not curfe the fig-tree becaufe he found no fruit thereon, for by his onnicient power, he knew that it was barren before he came to it, but it was to flew, his difciples, the effectual power of faith; and this he confirmed to Peter, when he faid, if ye have faith, and donbe not, but believe, ye might fay to the mountains, be ye caft into the fea, and it fhall be done.

## X. Query anfwered, by the fame.

The manner in which God vifits the fins of the fathers upon the children, is in a temporal, and not in a fpiritual way, and is fuch that mult come in courfe, for inftance, as he did. with the children of Ifrael in the feventy years captivity, thofe that were born, during that face of time, fuffered for the fins of their fathers. But in a future fate, GOD declares, he will not vifit the fins of the fathers upon the children; for in Eze. chap. xviii. 20. The foul that jnneth, it 乃all die. The fon fhall not bear the iniquity of the father, neither the father the iniquity of the fon, \&cc. And in ACts, chap. x. 34, 35. it is faid, that God is no refpector of perfons, but, in every nation, he that feareth him, and worketh righteoufnefs, is accepted with him.-In a fimilar manner it was anf.wered by Meffrs. F. Burr, W. Swift, W. Wright, and others.
The Basket of Bread anfwered, by Mr. f. Burr, of Digby, with a Repaft of Cheese.
ADDRESSED to thz AUTHOI.
Friend Srwift, I've fent, and hope they'll pleafe,
For ev'ry loaf, a piece of cheefe.
"A county palatine," will how
A cruft, for barley bread, I trow,
"Six todd and half's," my friend, I fcan
A choice repaft, with bread of bran.
"A river in the fhire of notts,"
Is excellent with cake of Oats.
"Ladies garments," worn at Lincoln,
With good cubeat bread, 's ih' belt 1 think on.
The fame anfwered, by Mr. John Needham, of Hindkley.
I think, Mr. Srwift, I can make a hift,
To anfwer your bafket of bread,
You've oats, barley, and bran, if right I'd fcan,
And wheat, fo no more need be faid.
Nerv Enigmas to be anfrwered in next Year's Diary.
I. Enigma (13.) By Mr. Wim. Swift, of Stow.

By the fair I am made, Very ufeful in trade, In various fhapes do appear, I am round, and I'm iquare, And I'm triangular, And thoufunds of heads I do bear. Many heads did I fay, Yes, and eyes too you may Uyon me, fair ladies, behold,

And as neat is my drefs,
I will leave you to guefs,
Sometimes I am dreffed in gold.
For the good that I do,
I am ftab'd through and through,
So cruelly us'd by the fair;
So I'll turn to the men, And hold twenty to ten, That my name they cannot declare. 11. Enigma
II. Enigma (14.) By Mr. Fohn Needham, of Hinckley. Inactive you'll find me, when I was alive, Now dead, I am a ufeful thing,
My nofe in my mothers cold bofom they drive,
When me to my flation they bring.
It is by brutal force they drag me about,
Then handed I am by a clown,
While at topfy turvy we're playing, no doubt,
A game that is much in renown.
For the nations good, it is very well known, Hodge budges along then with me,
I toil for the monarch, that fits on the throne His civiliz'd fubjects may fee.
III. Enigma (15.) By Mr. John Sankey.

Enigmatifts, permit me to appear,
In Britiß乃 Diary, for the prefent year, My end condition, let me now relate, And to your mercy, fhow my abject ftate.
You kings, and princes, lords, and nobles all, Some pity take, c'er I diftreffed fall, Let your enlighten'd minds, now condefcend, To my weak dictates, and remain my friend. 1 dreadful tortures daily undergo,
And pains unnumber'd, ftill remain to grow, Amazing! fhocking! wonderous to behold,
With what reluctance, I do quit my hold.
What pangs I fuffer, e'er I do fubmit,
' Till by compulfion, I am forc'd to quit,
And then plac'd under fome inhuman hand,
And bruis'd, and tortur'd, juft at his command.
l've none to guard me, from oppreflions rod,
But forc'd, alas! to wait the tyrants nod,
And' in confufion great I'm forc'd to lie,
And to the vengeance of all ranks comply.
Take one hint more, and pity our fad cafe,
We're bought, and fold, like to the brutal race.
IV. Enigma (16.) By Mr. Abraham Sapcoat, of Burtonlazars, near Melton, Leiceferfhire.
The facred pages do relate,
My being was of early date,
Before our blefs'd redeemer then,
Came down from heaven, $t$ ' dwell with men.
But, to this day, my ufe is known
In city, country, and in town,

Tho', of my felf, I nought can do Without man's help, as you maft know, Nor will his help at all fuffice,
Unlefs he brings fome more allies, 1 mean not human, nor yet brute, But things that are in great repute. And, like myfelf, they are recorded, I' th' pages that at firft I quoted, Then jointly we, by man's affiftance, The good and bad fet at a diftance. And left they fhould again unite, I force the bad to take its flight.
V. Enigma (17.) by Mr. William Marfdcn, Netherhurl, Derbyhire.
When glorious fol, great ruler of the day, Through fultry cancer, takes his radient way;
When bounteous nature, in her pride appears, And flow'ry fields, a pleafing profpect wears.

For great exertions, then, I am brought forth, And former deeds declare, my well known worth;
If Collin, arm'd with me, but takes the field,
By him impell'd, I foon make thoufands yield.
Not young, or old, that come within my pow'r,
Can gain a refpite, for a fingle hour;
As near relation ! am to an elf
Of pigmy-fize, compar'd unto myfelf.
With fuch a fet of teeth, I will maintain,
That all within his grafp, he bites in twain;
Though I deftroy, I'm never cruel thought,
For my affiftance, ev'ry year is fought.
By me, the farmer does great profit make,
Though many times, I caufe his back to ach;
For gen'ral good, I my affiftance lend,
To king, and country am a feady friend.

## VI. Enigma (18.) By Mr. W. Nelfon.

From mother earth's capacious womb,
By human force, I'm brought,
Then various torments are my doom,
E'er to the fhape I'm wrought.
In which on youths, I often wait,
To fhew 'em the right way
From whence they're apt to deviate,
And, thoughtlefs, go aftray.

## The Britifh Diary.

Yet I, like them too, have a guide, A kingly name who bears,
And when I travel by his fide, It's then my ufe appears.
A namefake too I have it's true, Which don't for me miftake,
For he is of a darker hue, And diff'rent is his make.
He's fometime us'd inftead of me, Which may my value fettle,
But all the world, it's plain, agree, That I'm the better metal.
Many a march, for you, l've took, Over yon argent plain,
For which reveal me in your book,
That all may know my name. VII. Enigma (19.) By Mr. Burne. I was form'd for a mate, eafy, modeft, and coy, Tho' I fometimes fall, out, greater brute, you'll fay, I; Yet, when e'er I don't with her comply or accord,
She gently flips from me, faying not a crofs word.
Soft mufic you'll fay then, to us two does belong,
Neither fhe, nor I never, come out with a fong;
Tho' to man I ftick faft, who of me fhould take care,
Yet, I fometimes am finger'd, as well by the fair.
Thro' whofe kind afifitance, I fo often flip in,
A nit fet with hair round-you may know what I mean ;
(Sapienti fal everbum) - I need fay no more,
Since, yourfelf has been taken, at that fport before.
'There's the flatefman, phyfician, or graver divine
Or, who keep ftricteft morals, are faid moft to thine,
Me, with my dear mate, never fcruple to join.
There's no prude, or coquet, holy fifter demure,
But accept of my help, as it forwards the care
Of their ails-cr to ftop, what might otherwife come,
Being ufeful abroad, full as much as at home.
The fine heau, cit, or clown, ftill the ladies like more,
Howe'er empiy, or vain, if $I$ fand up before.
King, queen, lords, and commons, nay each fex, and degree,
All are fond, on occafion, to make ufe of me.
A great rifque, bx a practice illegal, I run,
And, by rubbing at random, am often undone;
Chafte Jofeph had fuffer'd, fome very much fear,
'Thro' his wanton defire, had I been ufed there.
But to keep you no longer, in doubtful furpence,
The folution of this, you may guefs at, from hence,

An elliptical figure t' a circle I fretch, Find the focus of that, and the riddle you catch.

## VIII. Enigma (20.) By Urania.

'Tis I that fire the lovers heart with pain, And by my aid, no lover fighs in vain; ' T is I that teach the lover how to love, And do the fair with fiveet compliance move. Of all your wakeful thoughts, I am the theme, You court me too, in every nightly dream; With ladies I, to balls, and plays retire, Where I, their tender hearts, with love infpire. Not one fiveet paffion, e'er can be exprefs'd, But I unbounded reign within your breait; In conftant love, I am the brighteft feene, Indeed without me, love had never been.

From hence, ingenious artifts, folve my name, Whofe pow'r, does much attribute, to your fame.

> IX. Enigma (2I.) By S.S.

Ye wits reveal, unto the world, my name, For to record, in Diary of fame;
From mother earth, original arofe,
Tho' fince l've paft thro' various fcenes of woes.
Tho' by the fair, receive my prefent name,
Who with unrival'd art my being frame;
Both neat and clean, I often times am feen,
When Damon, to his fair, trips o'er the green.
Tho' oft I look fo grim, fo dark and mean,
That I'm abhor'd, by every fprightly fivain;
I help for to adorn, the airy beau,
T'were not for me, an odd figure he'd hew, And ali his gaity, look mean and low. When $\S$ uliuis $C a f a r$, did this land invade, Perhaps was near him, when his fcheme was laid;
1 did accompany Blakeney, at Mahon,
'Thro' dangers great, when England's valour thone.
With our bold Britifh fleets, I'm fure to be,
When cruifing on th' Mediterranean fea;
When quarrels rife, oh! then I'm oft abus'd, And for no fault at a!l, I am ill us'd.
'Tho'I endure fuch detrimental fate,
I fill am honor'd, both by poor and great.

> X. Enigma (22.) Dy T. Timothy.

Ingenious bards, be pleafed to relate
My name, from what I here communicate;

I, from as early date, can trace my birth, As any other being upon earth.
And yet a day will come, to rich and poc ,
By fate decreed, when I fhall he no more;
Of all the winged tribe, I'm priz'd the mott,
There's few who've power got like me, to buaf.
Nay, it is fuch, that even kings depend
On me, to know how their events mult end;
The lawyer, doctor, and the canting, quack,
Statefman, divine, all my afflilance lack.
Sometimes 1 in, the play-houfe do appear,
And if you go to church you'll find me there;
Where death himfelf, doth pay me due refpect,
And ah! ye mortals, if you fhould neglect
T' embrace me, I am quickly gone, and then
All th' art of man, can't fetch me back again.
I have fuch influence, o'er poor and rich,
You'd almoft fivear, I was a real witch;
The greatelt villanies, that lie conceal'd,
And deepeft, fecrets, are by me reveal'd.
But now, I'll leave you to yourfelves to guefs, And tell me who this fomething, nothing is.

> XI. Enigma (23.) By R. Alwood.

Ye puzzling wits, don't thiuk my pedigree,
Of defpicable mean, and low degree;
For tho' my parent rofe out of the carth,
1 boaft a higher, and more noble birth.
Yet in procefs of time, to earth I come,
Then barb'rous cruel ufase, is my doom;
Perhaps, to fome devouring beaft, a prey,
Or buried alive, in earth, or clay.
Yet though thus treated, bear fuch fad abufe,
l'm to this nation, of great worth and ufe, At leatt, my parent is, who often roam Abroad, with dreadful thunder in her womb.
Thro' me Great-Britain, rules the raging main,
Her warlike fons, their haughty foes have flain;
My pareni bore me, yet from me fhe fprung,
Tho' l'm a dwarf, fhe's flately, fout, and ftrong.
And may, in homely cottage, oft be feen,
Or in kings palace, where I've feldom been
For I am mofly found on verdent green.
Me, or my parent, once had power to fave,
A Britifh Monarch, from the threatning grave,
Enough is faid, my name is all I crave.
XII. Enigma (24.) Being the Prize Enigma, by Mr. 7 . Burr, of Digby, near Slenford.
Enigft. Whither fo faf, my flutt'ring gew-gaw, fay, Why, this anxiety, to get away?
Thou know'f not half the hardfips that attend,
Thofe that launch forth, devoid of any friend. If fortune quickly feem, thy hopes to crown, She's fo unftable, fhe'll as quickly frown.
Enig. I fear not friends-who ever yet did fee, A maid defpis'd, fo elegant as me,
The thiftle, and the rofe, upon my breaft, Shine neatly on my party colour'd veft, More requifites, than thefe, belong to me, Pray what are they? -The charms of novelty
Enigf. I own they are, a powerful argument,
When noveliy, doth knowledge reprefent ; But empty trappings, in a novel ftile, Are gilded nothings, pleafe while they beguile.
Enig. Inveetives ne'er, my purpofe fhall reftrain, For infpiration, feizes on my brain; Methinks, l'm mounted on a lofty car, Whole groups of people hither do repair. Them I, with candour and good will, receive, Forme a prophetefs they do believe;
The menial oppreft by cruelty,
Inquires the happy period, he is free.
'The learn'd divine, miftrufting his own fkill, Afks mine-when he his talents muft reveal;
The philofophic fage, the witty fair,
The math'matician hither do repair,
I fan their merits, bring their works to view, Reward the victor with a laurel boush.
Enigh. Enough-let merit be my conftant aim, Then friends will ftrive, to propagate my fame; And, with what is uncommon, thou'lt be bleft, 'The more advanc'd in years, the more carefs'd.

> New Rebuses. I. Rebus (io.) By Automathicus.

One half of an enfign, borne before m' lord may'r,
Two thirds of a grain, which in Old England grows; A nocturnal infect, whofe bite we don't fear, And a fourth of a gem, as red as a rofe.

When rightly connected, the name will difplay,
A charming fiveet creature, more blooming than May.
IV. Rebus (13.) By Mr. Wm. Swift, of Stow.You who, in numbers, take delight,My fair one's name, tell at firit fight;Four numbers (firs) will clear the doubt,If right combin'd, will make it out.
V. Rebus (14.) By Automathicus.

To two thirds of an infect, for induftry fam'd
Add one fixth of a plant, that by moft children's nam'd, What the cook puts i'th' pudding (when but one the has got)
To procure an increafe, as it boils in the pot.
One fourth of that bird, into which Scylla was chang'd A cardinal point robb'd, of a letter next rang'd; Then a fixth part of a county town, if you pleafe, Where our famous Shakefpeare ne'cr took up his degrees. If, unto thefe, you now half a denial combine, You'll fee the name of a love! $y$ nymph all divine; Whofe fair outide beauties, tho' engaging you find, Are far excelled by thofe of her virtuous mind.

> VI. Rebus (I5.) By Mr. 7. Burr.

Defcription would be beggar'd, to unfold, 'The charms of her, that keeps my heart in hold; A thoufand graces, revel in her eyes,
And on her fmiles, ten thoufand cupids rife. Fairer than Venus, rifing from the fea, More lovely than, th' Idalian deity; One third of what, we our relations call The time when gentle Somnus governs all. Thefe right connected, inftantly 'll appear, My charmer's name, whom I fo much revere.
VII. Rebus (i6.) By Mr. Abraham Sapicoai.

Three fourths of a ftar, one fifth of a crown, With one third of our general mother, Th' whole of a member, in beaft, and in man, By which, they all their danger difcover; Then next take a liquid in grammar i' call'd, And then, place them all right, in their flation, And they, unto you, a town will unfold,
That ftands near to the heart of the nation.

## VIII. Rebus (17.) by Mr. S. Gibfon.

To one half of a place, where fin took its firft rife, Add three fourths of a term us'd for Betty, Perhaps the fair maid, proves a fond loving jade, Shewing fomerhing that's form'd by the witty.

## New Charades.

I. Charade (6.) By Mr. John Sankey. A fhining head, will bring my firft to view, A creeping reptile, will my fecond fhew, My whole illuminates the lonefome way,
When right's dark fable curtain, fhuts the day,
II. Charade (7.) By Mr. Wm. Swift, of Stow.

My firt is a confine, where felons are fhat,
My next faftens iron, which on doors are put;
My whole, at fometimes, is as bitter as gall, At other times fweet, and attends on your call, Appear on your fide-board in parlour or hall.
III. Charade (8.) By Automathicus.

The fweets of my firf, I have never once talted,
My fecond, his time among hunters have walted;
My whole, blooming maids wih, to poffefs very foon,
When e'er morning is paft, they'd not tay until noon.
IV. Charade (9.) By Mr. John Needham. My firt is three fifths, of latin for hand, And fhews what th' fair one, would have at command. The ufe of my fecond, $t$ ' you I'll unfold;
${ }^{3}$ Tis wore round the head, for to keep 'em from cold.
Some men, thro' my whole, have been fent $t$ ' th' jailors,
Tho' little of me, you'll find, in nine tailors.

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V. Ciarade (io.) By Mr. William Marfden.

To fhew my firt, you haften to the fhade, Beware my next, left you are captive made; My whole, a curious emblem, doth impart By far furpafing human ikill or art.

> VI. Charade (i.) By Mir. I. Burr.

My firf on ftage, what an eclat and hifs,
Whilt n'er my next, the wretch blafphemes his God;
My whole, the coyeft nymph will deign to kifs,
And am moft valued, when come from abroad.

## New Paradox.

1. Paradox (2.) By Mr. Wm. Swifl, of Stow. One Thomas, and 7 obn, they both travel'd together, In th' hot fands of Afia (were birds of a feather) $T$ he one cover'd with frof, and the other with fnow, A whole year together-but how, let me know.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { New ANAGRAM. } \\
\text { I. ANAGRAM (2.) }
\end{gathered}
$$

Amongft the fons of Vulcan, I am found,
Tranfpore me right, I'm worth a thoufand pound.
New Queries.

1. Query (if.) By Mr. T. Cook, of Cirencefter, Glouceferf/hire.
Required the beft practical method, of giving a proper fuherical figure, to a concave brafs tool, to grind a concave fpeculum, of a given long focal diftance.
II. Query (I2.) By Mr. John Needham.

When, by whom, and on what account was the famous Delian problem firft cultivated by geometricians.
III. Query (i3.) By the fame.

Ingenious artifts, tell to me; of what fervice, is rain at fea.

> IV. Query (14.) By Mr. 7. Burr.

I flouid be obliged to fome of your ingenious corréfpondents, to explain the following-If any man's work fhall be burnt, he fhall fuffer lofs; but he himfelf thall be faved; yet fo as by fire. 1 Cor. iii. 15.

Laft Year's Mathematical Questions anfwered.
I. Question (i.) anfwered, by Mr. 7. Burr, of Digby, near Sleaford.
Firft, 4000 feet of poplar at 6 d each, amounts to 1001 . Then $P \times t r=A=4321.3$ s. $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. Secondly, 4000 feet at is. 6 d . $=3001$. the difference of which fums is $=1321.3$ s. $10 \frac{\pi}{2} \mathrm{~d}$.
Lafly, $\frac{P \times{ }_{t r}-3001 .}{4000}=17 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. the gain per foot in favour of poplar at the end of 50 years.

The fame anfwered, by Mr. Geo. Ratliff, of York.
Forty feet of willow or poplar being worth one pound, the amount of which for thirty years at the given rate of intereft is 4l. 6s. $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. : but forty feet of oak at the end of 50 years is worth but 3l. therefore willow or poplar is the moft advantageous.
Anfwers were alfo given by Mefrs. R. Allwood, T. Aljop, F. Bower, B. Burn, R. Bltthe, S. Blackley, T. Burton, F. Barns, R. Borwmer, T. Broombead, C. Bubinan, T. Clark, S. Crofs, T. Cator, B. Crofshy, P. Dalby, T. Daykin, f. Darring'on, T. Dudley, B. Dennifs, 7. Eaton, 7. Enfon, 7. Evers, F. Fletcher, T. Garion, H. Gillott, M. Geiling, T. Gillon, F. Huater, B. Harris, S. fackfon, B. Kite, S. Lorwe, T. Langley, B. Letterwoorth, R. Matberws, B. Milward, T. Mafon, P. Rowland, F. Slack, and A. Young.
II. Question (2.) anjwered, by Mr. S. Crofs, of Nottingham.
Let A B D F reprefent the hay-rick, and from D let fall the perpendicular D ; then in the triangle R DF are given the fides; , bence by Trig. the $\angle$ D F R $83^{\circ} 39^{\prime} 36^{\prime \prime \prime}$ the comp. of which to $180^{\circ}$ is the $\angle \mathrm{EFP}$ : now in the triangle F P E are given P E, E F, and the $\angle \mathrm{F}$; bence by Trig. the fide F $\mathrm{P}=$ 42.3526 ; therefore $P D=2.9243$ feet

$R G F$ the diftance the ladder will filp from the top of the rick; the content of the top part 945 feet, and the truffes of hay to top the rick 856.8 .

Hnd thus neariy is the folution given by Mefrs. Alwood, Burr, Broombsad, Clark, an. $l$ Evers.

Ain Algebraical Anfwer, by Mr. P. Dalby.
Let $\mathrm{GF}=x, \mathrm{FE}=12=d, \mathrm{RF}=5=s, \mathrm{RD}=45=a$, and $\mathrm{DF}=\mathrm{PE}=45 \cdot 2759=w$. Then by fimilar triangles s:a::
$x: \frac{a x}{s}=\mathrm{GP}$, and (by 47.1) $n^{2} \overline{d+\lambda}^{2}=\mathrm{GP}^{2}$; therefore $\left.n^{2}-\overline{a-1-x}\right)^{2}=\frac{a^{2} x^{2}}{s^{2}}$; hence $x^{2}+.2926 x=23.2439$, and $x=$ 4677 feet, the content of which part is 946 , and 856.8 truffes it will take to top the rick.

Anfwers were alfo given by Mofrs. Alfop, Bower, Blithe, Burr, Burton, Cator, Dally, Daykin, Darlington, Dudley, Dennis, Eaton, Enjon, Fletcher, Garton, Gellott, Gilfon, Hunt, Fackjon, Lowe, Langley, Longdale, Rewiland, Young, E゚c.
III. Question (3) anfwered, by Mechanics Frozzen.

Divide the fecond given equation by $x^{2}$, and let $a=$ $7340081.803272 .96, b=11199997.44, p=x^{2} y^{2}, q=\frac{y^{2}}{x}$; then the given equations will be $\mathrm{p}^{4}+p^{2} q^{2}+p^{2}=a$, and $q^{2}-p$ $=b$, from which $q^{2}=b+\mathrm{P}$ this fubtituted for $q$ in the other equation gives $p^{4}+p^{3}+b p^{2}+p^{2}=a$; whence $p=2.56$; therefore $q=\sqrt{b+p}=1058.300 j^{2.4}$. Now $y^{2}=\frac{p}{x^{2}}$ and $y^{2}$ $=q x$ (from above); therefore $\left.x=\frac{p}{q}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}=.134238$ and $y=$ 11.919066.

Anfiwers were alfo given ly M. Grs. Bower, Burton, Dalby, Enfon, Garton, Rozvland, and Yoing
IV. Question (4.) anfwered by the Propiofer.

Put $\mathrm{AB}=a, \mathrm{BC}=b, \mathrm{C} \mathrm{D}=$ $c, \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{D}=d$, and $\mathrm{D} \mathrm{E}=x$. Now, becaufe the fum of the angles $B$ and $D$, are $180^{\circ}$ the trapezium may be infcribed in a circle; there-
 fore, $A E \times D E=B E \times C E$, and confequently the triangles $A B E$ and $C D E$ are fimiJar; therefore $a: d+x:: c: \frac{\overline{d-x} \times c}{a}=\mathrm{CE}$ and $\mathrm{BE}=$ $\frac{b a+\overline{d+x} \times c}{a}$. Again, $a: \frac{b a+\frac{a}{d+x} \times c}{a}:: c: x$; hence $x=\frac{b a{ }^{a}+-d c^{2}}{a^{2}-c^{2}}=32.5$, and the area of the trapezium A B E D $=21.504$ acres, one third of which is 7.163 acres, the area of each inclofure; and from hence the exact length of the dividing lines may be cafily determined.- In the fame manner che foiution reas given by Mr. Thomas Adrock.

The fame by Mr. S. Crofs.
Draw the lines as in the figure, and let $\mathrm{A} \mathrm{B}=15 \cdot{ }_{10}^{c} \cdot 6=a, \mathrm{BC}$
c. ${ }^{\text {c. }} 13.20=b, \mathrm{CD}=\stackrel{c}{c}=c, \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{D}=\stackrel{c}{2}$. $6=d$, and $\mathrm{D}=x$. Then (by Eucl. 36.3) A $\mathrm{E} \times \mathrm{DE}=\mathrm{BE} \times \mathrm{CE}$; therefore the triangles $A B E$ and $C D E$ are fimilar; wherefore $a: a \nmid x:: c$ : $\frac{d c+c x}{a}=\mathrm{EC}$, and $\mathrm{BE}=\frac{b a+d c+c x}{a}$; hence $a$ : $\frac{b a+d c+c x}{a}:: c: x$, and $x=\frac{b a c+{ }^{a} d c^{2}}{a^{2}-c^{2}}=32.5$ chains. Let $s=$ half the fum of the four fides; then (by Emer. Geom. cor. to the 40.4) we have $\overline{\overline{s-A B} \times \overline{s-B C}} \times \overline{\overline{s-C D} \times \overline{s-D A}}{ }^{\frac{x}{2}}$ $=21.504$ acres the content of ABCD. Now as AE:AB + $\mathrm{BE}:: \mathrm{BE}-\mathrm{AB}: 39.78$ the difference of the fegments of the bafe; therefore R E is 49.14 , hence, by trig. the nat. fine of the $\angle ' B E R=.2461583$ and $B R=12.479972$ cha. confequently the area of the triangle $B E R=30.66329, \triangle C E D=14.99995$, $\Delta z E s=22.1679$, and $\Delta e \mathrm{E} n=29.33896$ acres. Now, fimilar figures being as the fquares of their like dimenfions, we have $\triangle \mathrm{BER}: \overline{\mathrm{BR}}^{2}::\left\{\right.$ area $\left.\triangle e \mathrm{E} n: n e^{2}=149.0229\right\}$ the $\left\{\right.$ area $\left.\Delta z E \operatorname{s}: s z^{2}=112.0989\right\}$ fquare roots being taken, gives 12.2074 , and 10.6112 chains, the length of each dividing line W.W.R.

The fame by Mr. P. Rowland, of Robinficks.
Since the fum of the oppofite angles are $180^{\circ}$, the trapezium may be infcribed in a circle. I, et $A B=15.60=a, B C=$ $13 \cdot 20=b, \mathrm{CD}=10=n, \mathrm{AD}=26=d$, and $\mathrm{DE}=x$. Then (by Euc. 36.3.) $\mathrm{AE} \times \mathrm{DE}=\mathrm{BE} \times \mathrm{CE}$; therefore the triangles $A B E$, and C D E are fimilar ; therefore $a: d \nmid x:: n$ : $\frac{d n+n x}{a}=\mathrm{C} E$, and $\mathrm{E} \mathrm{C}=\frac{n a+d n+n x}{a}$ : Again, a : $\frac{b a+d n+n x}{a}:: n: x$; hence we have $x=\frac{b a n+d n^{2}}{a^{2}-n^{2}}=3^{2} .5$ chains. Now we have given the fides of the triangle ABE, and alfo thofe of C E D, the difference of their areas is 21.50396 acres, equal the area of $A B C D$ the inferibed trapezim. Hence the areas of the triangles $\mathrm{BER}, \mathrm{CED}, z \mathrm{Es}$, and $e \mathrm{E} n$ are $30.66329 ; 15 ; 22.1679$; and 29.33806 , acres refpectively; and fimilar figures being as the iquares of their like dimenfions we have, as the area of the $\triangle B E R: B R:$ : area $\left.\Delta c E n: n e^{2}=149.0229\right\}$ whofe fquare roots are $\{12.2074$ area $\left.\Delta z E s: s z^{2}=112.5989\right\}$ whofe fquare roots are $\left\{\begin{array}{l}12.2074 \\ 10.6112\end{array}\right.$ chains, the length of the dividing lines W.W. R.

Anfwers were alfo given ly Melfrs. Alfop, Bower, Blith, Cator, Dalby, Daykin, Duldley, Denis, Eaton, Enfon, Fletcber, Garton, Gillot, Cilfont, Hunt, Hall, Jackjon, and otbers.

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V. Question (5.) anfwered, by the Propofer.

Conftruction. With the two given radiufes upon C as a center defcribe the two circles MHG and AFL; draw A Fa tangent to the circle KH ; make FE perpendicular, and equal, to HF, and draw EHK bifectiny AF in H; alfo draw D $G \| F E$ and it is done. For $\mathrm{FE}=\mathrm{FH}$, by conftruction; confequently $\mathrm{GI}={ }_{2} \mathrm{GD}$. Calculation. In the triangle KCD , is given the angle K , and the fides KD and DC , hence we have by trig. $\mathrm{K} D=$ 8.1198, and $\mathrm{KH}=5.6568$; therefore $H D=2.463, G D=1.7416$, and $G I=3.4832$.
An Algebraical Anfwer, by Mr. 7. Bower.

Let $\mathrm{CH}=4=a, \mathrm{CN}=6=b$, and $\mathrm{H} Y=\mathrm{G} D=x$. Then, hy the circles property, $\overline{b+a+x} \times \overline{b-a-x}=x^{2} \mathrm{~K}$ hence $x^{2}+4 x=10$, and $x=1.7416$;
 therefore $2 x=3.4833$ the length.

> The Jame by Mr. T. Garton.

Let $\mathrm{CH}=4=n, \mathrm{CN}=6=m$, and $\mathrm{PN}=x$. Then by the property of the circle $\overline{2 m-x} \times x=\overline{m-n-x}{ }^{2}$; hence $x^{2}$ $8 x=-2$ and $x=4 \pm \sqrt{14}=.25835$; therefore the breadth is 1.74165 , and length 3.4833 .

Soluticns wecre alfo given by Mefrs. Alfop, Blith, Burton, Calor, Dalby, Doykin, Dudiey, Eaton, Enfon, Hetcher, Gillot, Hunt, Hall, Fackjon, Lang'er, Lang, Young, ant others.
VI. Question (E.) arfivered, by Mir. Thomas Cock, of Cirencefer.
Conceive a femi-circle $C B E$ to be defcribed on the produced axis $C 1$, and to pals through $B$, the extremity of the bafe diameter A B. Put the altitude $C D$ of the cone $=x$; then $D B^{2}$ the fquare of half the diameter of its bafe $=\left(\right.$ by putting $\left.b=\frac{a}{1.0472}\right) \frac{b}{x}$, $\mathrm{BC}=\sqrt{x^{2}+\frac{b}{x}}, \mathrm{DE}=\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} \mathrm{B} \\ & \mathrm{C} \mathrm{D}\end{aligned}=\frac{b}{x^{2}}$, $C E=x \div \frac{b}{x^{2}}$; now the fquare of the
 time of defeent dowr the fide of the cone, or the chorl C P,
being equal to that down the vertical diameter C E, is as $x+\frac{b}{x^{2}}=$ a minimum; in fluxions $\dot{x}-\frac{2 b \dot{x}}{x^{3}}=0$; hence $x=2 b \frac{1}{3}$ $=\mathrm{CD}$; therefore $\mathrm{DB}=6^{\frac{7}{3}} \sqrt[6]{\frac{1}{2}}$, and $\mathrm{BC}=6^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{7}{2} \frac{1}{3}}+4^{\frac{1}{3}}$. The fame anfwered, by Mr. Timothy Simpfon, the Propofer.
Put $a=$ the folidity, $b=3.1416, c=16 \frac{1}{2}$, and $x=$ perpendicular altitude; then will $\sqrt{\frac{3 a}{b x}}$ exprefs the radius of the bafe; hence $\sqrt{\frac{3 a}{b x}+x^{2}}$ is the flant fide, and by mechanics, $x: \sqrt{\frac{3 a}{b x}+x^{2}}:: \sqrt{\frac{x^{2}}{6}}$ (the time of defcent down the perpendicular altitude): $\sqrt{\frac{3 a}{b c x^{2}}+\frac{x}{c}}$ the time of defcent down the flant fide, which, or its fquare $\frac{3 a}{b c x}+\frac{x}{c}$ is (per queftion) to be a minimum; hence $x=\sqrt[3]{\frac{6 a}{b}}$.

The fame anfwered by Mr. George Ratliff.
Put $a=$ the folidity, $c=3.1416, s=15 \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$, and $x=$ the perpendicular of the cone; then $\sqrt{\frac{3 a}{c x}}$ will be the radius of the hafe, and (by 47 . I.) $\sqrt{\frac{3 a}{c}+x^{2}}$ the flant fide; hence (by mechanics) $5^{\frac{x}{2}}: 1:: x^{2}: \frac{x^{2}}{6 \frac{1}{2}}$ the time of defcent down the perpendicular, and $x: \sqrt{\frac{3 a}{c x}+x^{2}}:: \frac{x^{2}}{c^{2}}: \sqrt{\frac{3 a}{i 5 x^{2}}+\frac{x}{5}}$ the time of defcent down the flant fide, which, or its fquare $\frac{3 a}{\operatorname{cs} x^{2}}+\frac{x}{s}$ is to be a minimum, in fluxions $\frac{\dot{x}}{s}-\frac{6 a c s x \dot{x}}{c^{2} s^{2} x^{4}}=0$; hence $x=\left.\frac{0 a}{c}\right|^{\frac{1}{3}}$, and the diameter $2 \sqrt{\frac{3 a}{\overline{-a c^{2}} \frac{1}{5}}}$.
Solutions ruverealfo given by Megirs. Alion, Altwood, Bower, Blyth, Burton, Broombead, ilark, Ciofs, ipuiliy, and Enjori.

To the Vlith Quefion, we have toceived no anfwer. The Diary being not geanerally advertifed; we bopole the Propufer has not met with one; but for the time to come, than infat no new quations, but thofe that have folutions icnt with them.

## ViII. Question (8.) anfwered, by Mr. P. Rowland.

As the diftance of the eye from the bottom of the window 12 feet, is to radius, fo is one foot the diftance up the bar, to .083333 the natural tangent of $4^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 49^{\prime \prime} 7^{\prime \prime \prime}$, which added to $90^{\circ}$ gives $94^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 49^{\prime \prime} 7^{\prime \prime \prime}$ the angle fubtened between the cloud and the center of the earth, at the firft obfervation; and as 4001 is to the fine of $94^{\circ} 45^{\prime} 49^{\prime \prime} 7^{\prime \prime \prime}$ or $85^{\circ} 14^{\prime} 10^{\prime \prime} 53^{\prime \prime \prime}=.9965457$ fo is 4000 to $.9962966=$ fine of $85^{\circ} 4^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$; hence the angle at the center, or the diftance of the cloud from the zenith $=$ $10^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime} 53^{\prime \prime \prime}$. In the fame manner the diftance from the zenith at the fecond obfervation is found $=1^{\prime} 43^{\prime \prime} 48^{\prime \prime \prime}$. Now as $12{ }^{f}$ : (R) $1:: 2: .1666666=$ nat. tangent of $9^{\circ} 27^{\prime} 41^{\prime \prime} \approx 1^{\prime \prime \prime}$ the angle contained between the two vertical circles; now we have given the two fides of a fpherical triangle, and the contained angle; hence, by spherics, the third fide is $8^{\prime} 25^{\prime \prime} 43^{\prime \prime \prime}$ the arch of a circle through which the cloud moves in 40 minutes; hence as $77760000^{\prime \prime \prime \prime}: 25139.0832$ miles the circumference of the circle in which the cloud moves :: $30343^{\prime \prime \prime}: 9.30 g 6$ miles; therefore its velocity is nearly at the rate of one mile in four minutes. Now as $5:(\mathrm{R})_{1}:: 2: .4$ the nat. tangent of the angle which the wind makes with the meredian $=21^{\circ} 48^{\prime} 5^{\prime \prime}=\mathrm{N}$ by $\mathrm{W}+\frac{4}{5} \mathrm{~W}$.

Nearly in the fame manner was the folutions giv:n by Mefrs. Allavood, Bower, Eurn, Evers, Fletcher, and Gillot.
IX. Question (9.) anfwered, by Mr. R. Allwood.

The diameter of the circle belonging to the hollow of a wave is eafily found to be 20 feet, and the angle fubtended by the hollow of a wave $=73^{\circ} 44^{\prime} 22^{\prime \prime}$. Now as $360^{\circ}: 52.832$ feet the circles periphery :: $73^{\circ} 44^{\prime} 22^{\prime \prime}: 12.87$ feet which is nearly the breadth of a wave when they are broad, and does not rife high (vide Gravefand's Pbilofopby, p. 208). By the motion of pendulums $\sqrt{39.2}: 1^{\prime \prime}:: \sqrt{12.87 \times 12}: \frac{\sqrt{12.87 \times 12}}{\sqrt{39.2}}=1^{\prime \prime} .98$ the time of a pendulum vibrating whofe length is the breadth of a wave; therefore $20^{\prime} \times 60^{\prime \prime} \div 1^{\prime \prime} .98=606.0606$ the number of vibrations the pendulum makes in twenty minutes; confequently $606.0606 \times 12.87=7700$ feet the fpace it defcribed on the undulatory furface of the water, and $606.0606 \times 12=$ 7272.7272 feet the cafk's diftance in a right line when firft obferved.

The fame anfwored by Mr. 7. Fletcher.
The radius of the circle belonging to the hollow of a wave is 10 feet, and the angle fubtended by the hollow of a wave is $73^{\circ} 44^{\prime} 21^{\prime \prime}$. Now as $360^{\circ}: 62.832$ feet the circles periphery
$:: 73^{\circ} 44^{\prime} \cdot 21^{\prime \prime}: 12.86$ feet the hollow of a wave; if the breadth of a wave be taken 12 feet (which is according to Mr. Emerfon)
 $\times 60 \div 1.916=626.304$ the number of vibrations in twenty minutes, and $626.304 \times 12=7515.648$ feet the cafks diftance in a right line when firlt obferved; alfo $626.304 \times 12.86=$ 80605324 feet the face it deferibed on the undulatory furface of the water.
Nearly in this way was the folutions given by Mcfis, Alfop, Bower, Burn, Blythe, Burton, Barns, Bowmer, Broombead, Clark, Crofs, Cator, Dalby, Dakin, Dennis, Eaton, Evers, Garton, Gillot, Hunter, Hunt, and Harris.
X. Question (io.) To this queftion we received but one folution, and it was not right.

## XI. Question (ir.) anfwered, by the Propofer.

By reafon of the valt diltance of the ftar, together with its great latitude, the ratio of two lines drawn from it, to any two points in the earth's orbit, will be that of equality very nearly; hence a line bifecting the parallactic angle, will bifect the diameter of the earth's orbit alfo, or will pafs through the fun. Wherefore, we have $2 \triangle E * S$, in which there is given the angles $\mathrm{E} * \mathrm{~S}=30^{\prime \prime \prime}$, and SE $*=6^{\circ}$; alfo the fide $\mathrm{S} \mathrm{E}=$ radius of the earths orbit (which call 1 ); whence (by Trig.) fine LE * S, or $\frac{\pi}{2}$ a fecond ( $=.00 c 002424068405$ ) I : S E (1.) :: fine LSE *, or $60^{\circ}$
 ( $=.86602540378$ ) : the required diftance $S *=357261.124$ times the radius of the earth's orbit, or diftance of the earth and fun; which multiplied by 8 minutes, and reduced, gives the time of the paffage of light $=5$ years, $1 ; 8$ days, 13 hours, 44 minutes, $2 . E . \mathcal{F}$

## XIII. Prize Question (i3.) anfwered, by Mr. Johiz Dalion, of Kendal.

From the nature of centripetal forces, it will readily appear, that the velocity muft be, very nearly, fuch as would make the ball revolve round the earth in a circle, at its furface, and the time equal to half the periodic time of the fame. Now, it is proved by writers on this fu’ject (rid. Simpf. fux. part 1. fect. 12. prop. 6 and coroll.) that the velocity of a body revolv-
ing in a circle, by means of a force attracting it towards the center, or the fpace defcribed by it, in any finall given time ( 1 ) is equal to $\sqrt{s r}$ (where s reprefents the meafure of the force at the circumference, or twice the fpace defcribed by a body falling from reil, in the given time (1) and $r$, the radius of the circle) ; alfo it is proved, that the periodic time of the fame $=2 \times 3.1416 \sqrt{\frac{r}{s}}$. Wherefore, in the prefent cafe, we have $s=3276$, and $r=21120000$ feet; hence, the required velocity will be 26064 feet, or 4 miles 1648 yards per fecond; and the time of defcending, or half the periodic time $=2545.6$ feconds, or 42 minutes and 25.6 feconds.

Scbol. It may be obferved, that as the ball will defcribe a femicircle, its velocity, in every point of it, will be the fame as the initial velocity. Alfo, that, frictly fpeaking, if the ball was projected from any confiderable diftance above the earth's furface its path would be a femi-ellipfis, and the antipodes would be the lower apfe, and the place of projection the higher apfe of the revolving body, \&c. \&c. - But this diftinction is too nice to have any ienfible effect in the prefent cafe.

New Questions to be anfwered in next Year's Diary.
I. Question (I4.) By Mr.

In what latitude is the fhortelt day $\tilde{i}_{5}^{8}$ of the longef day at London?
II. Question (15.) By Mr. Fohn Needham, of Hinckley. Unto the world, next year, declare The ages of a loving pair, $y$ is the nymph, and $x$ the fwain, Which 1 do afk you to explain.

$$
x y=352, \text { and } x^{2}+y^{2}=900 .
$$

III. Question (16.) By Mr. Thomas Adcock, of A/hby-de-la-Zouch.
Near unto me, two lovely maids refide,
Religion is their chiefeft rule, and guide,
Private devotion, furely never ftray,
To church they go, their adoration pay.

Soft innocence, protects their fweeteft fleep,
Whilft virtue round them, a fure guard doth keep.
Kind algebraifts, pray their ages fhow,
From thefe equations*, here propos'd below.

* $\left\{\begin{array}{l}4 x y-y^{2}+x+y=599^{2} \\ \frac{x^{2} y^{2}}{y}+x+y=63009^{2}\end{array}\right\}^{x=\text { the age of the youngef. }}$
$\frac{7}{7} \int y=$ the age of the eldeit.
IV. Question (17.) By Mr. Will. Marfden, Netherhurf.

Happening to furvey two pieces of land in the form of a fquare and an equal-fided triangle, I found their compafs round was equal, and their areas in proportion, in chains as 1 to .7698 ; a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ fo the product of their areas $=6561$ : required each of their dimenfiuns and content.
V. Question (18.) By Mr. William Suift, of Stow.

A fhip failed from latitude $\ddagger$ exprefs'd $\quad \ddagger 53^{\circ} 40^{\prime}$ n. On a certain courfe, between th' north and caft,
'Till her departure, was miles eighty four,
Her Rhip-malts, all that time, fhe ne'er did low'r.
And after failing, thirty-four miles weli,
On the fame courfe, as I before did tell;
In latitude* fhe was (fure as a gun) $\quad{ }^{*} 55^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{n}$. Pray tell her courfe, likewife her dittance run.

## VI. Question (19.) By Mr. Fofeph Hall.

Required the diameter of the greateft ©emi-circle, that can be infcribed in a fquare, whofe fide is 40.

## VII. Question (20.) By Mr. S. Crofs.

Given, the diagonal of a rectangled paralleiogram 60, and the length of a right line, drawn from the right angle, perpendicular to the diagonal, and terminating in the other fide of the parallelogram 16; to determine the fides, and area?

## VIII. Question (21.) By Mr. Jofeph Hall.

A gentleman was indebted to two perfons, $A$ and $B$, whom he owed an equal fum of money, which he difcharged as follows ; to A, he paid 81. the filt payment, i21. the fecond, 161. the third, and fo continued increafing 4l. every payment. Now B, at his firft payment, received but 1l, the fecond 4!.
the third 91 . increafing, according to the fquare of the number of payments; quere, what he owed each perion, and the number of payments to difcharge the debt?

## IX. Question (22.) By Mr. Fofeph Peet, of Nottingham.

In the latitude of 30 , and 50 degrees north, on the fame meridian, and on the 2 Ift of June in the morning, it is propofed to determine the time, when the alcitude of the fun will be equal (if obferved) at each place?

## X. Question (23.) By Afronomicus.

To what height mult a perfon be raifed, from the city of London, on the 2 ift of June at midnight, to fee the fun's upper limh; the radius of the earth being 4000 miles?

## XI. Question (24.) By Mr. P. Rowland.

A maltfter propofes to have a circular ciftern made of lead, that will contain ten quarters of grain, the thicknefs of the lead three-tenths of an inch ; he defires to know the diameter, and depth, when they are fuch that the ciftern will colt the leaft money poffible?

## XII. Question (25.) By the fame.

A perfon has a round piece of tapering timber, the diameter at the greater end five feet, at the 1 effer end two feet, and the length, meafured on the outinde, eighteen feet; he defires to know where he muft cut the fame into two parts, fuch, that if meafured by the cuftomary method, it will come to the moft money poffible?

## XIII. Question (26.) By Mr. William Marfden.

The different feconds. in mufic harmonic,
Are frequently found, in degree diatonic; The belt method, how each of thefe feconds are found, And, alfo their true ratio, be pleas'd to expound.

## XIV. Question (27.) By Mr. S. Crofs, Noltingham.

The abfolute force acquired by a ball of half a pound weight, freely defcending from reft, to the furface of the earth, is
to the force by which, a ball of five pounds weight, endeavours to fly off, when whirl'd about in a fling (whofe length is four feet, and time of revolution $\frac{1}{8}$ of the time of the defcending hody in falling to the earth) as eight to three; required the fpace defcended, by the falling body, and the force of each ?

## XV. Question (28.) By Mr. S. Crofs.

Let a given cylinder of copper (whofe diametar is 10 inches, and length $4 \frac{1}{6}$ feet) be futtained alternately in one point, by two fupporters, one in a direction perpendicular to it, and the other in a perpendicular direction to the horizon, and at a given horizontal diftarce (eight inches) from its bafe; to find to what degree of elevation, the faid cylinder muift be raifed, fo that the difference of the prefures upon the fupports, in each direction, may be the greateft pofible; and alfo, to determine their lengths, with the refpective preffure upon each ?

## XVI. Prize Question (29.) By Mechanics Frozzen.

As no folution was fent to the $12 i / \mathrm{h}$ Quefion in laf year's Diary, it is bere republiped, as the Prize Quefion for this year; and whoever anfwers it before the firg if May, bas a chance for tweive Diaries.

Suppofe a cylinderic veffel, whofe diameter is 12 inches and and depth 20 , was filled with water, and connected to a cord hanging over a pulley kept in equilibrium by a weight appended at the other end of the cord, and that a hole, of one inch diameter, was initantly made in the bottom of the veffel; required the fpace, through which, the veffel will be drawn up by the weight, when half the water is run out, the veffel and cord being confidered as without weight, and to move freely ?

The Prizes for the feveral folutions have been determined by lot as follows: Firf, for the prize queition, to Mr . Fob Dalton, of Kendal, eight Diaries. Secondly, for the prize enigma, to Mr. Fobn Smith, of Gartborp, near Melfon-Mowbray, fix Diaries Thirdly, for the general anfwer to the enigmas, to Mr. 7. Burr, of Digby, near Sleaford, ten Diaries. Fourthly, for rebufes, \&c. to Mr. William Swift, of Storv, fix Diaries. All of whem will pleafe to fend for them to Meffrs. Prarson and Rollason, Printers, in Birmingham.

The

The number of prizes are five, to be determined by lot, viz. One of fix Diaries for the folution of the prize enigma. Two of fix Diaries each, for the general folutions of the enigmas. One of fix Diaries for the moft and beft anfwers to the rebufes, charades, \&rc. Alfo, one of twelve Diaries for the folution of the prize queftion.

The Authors returns unfeigned thanks to all their kind contributers, fill intreating the continuance of their favours, ond that they will always fend folutions at large to whatever they propofe, whether in the mathematical, or the poetical way.

All letters for the ufe of this Diary are defired to be directed thus, "For Fohn Cotes and George Taylor, to be lefi with Mr. Joseph "Peet, High-pavement, Nottingham" (poft-paid) to come to hand by the firft of May.

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Modefty.

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