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## Wizards' Guide;

OR,
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## By

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## LORENTO'S WIZARDS' GUIDE.

How to Cut Your Arm off without Hurt or Danger.


You provide yourself with two knives, a true one and a false one, and when you go to show this feat, put the true knife in your pocket, and then take out the false and clap it on your wrist undiscorered, and with a sponge make the knife bloody, and it will appear you have nearly severed your arm.

A knife for the nose may be made on the same principal.

## The Basket Trick.

A basket is used, cone-shaped, with six inches opening at top, larg, enough to cover a person in a sitting position. With two hasps stcurely fastened to the basket, it is placed on a wooden platforn:1 about two feet four inches square, which has two staple plates securel fast at the proper distance to receive the hasps which are fastened to the basket. One of the staples is arranged with the spring bolt, which can be shot back at the will of the performer, by inserting a thin steel plate or key between the cracks of the platform from the inside or the basket, which relieves or unlocks one of the staples, when the performer has only to lift up that side of the basket and step out, replacing the staple on the plate and locking it again, which anyone will see can be done without breaking the scals on the lock or cords, whichever may be used.

To Rnock a Tumbler Through a Table.-This trick is vory effoctive, and calculated to excite an immense amount of curiosity and surprise. Take an ordinary tumbler and a newspaper. Sit on a chair behind the table, keeping the audience in front of it. Place the tumbler on the table and cover it with the newspaper, pressing the paper closely round, so that it gradually becomes fashionsd to the form of the glass. Then draw the paper to the edge of tho table, and drop the tumbler into your lap-quickly returning the paper to the centre of the table; the stiffness of the paper will still preservo the form of the tumbler; hold the form with one hand, and strike a heavy blow upon it with the other; at the same moment drop the tumbler from the lap to the floor; and you will appear to have positively knocked the tumbler through the solid table. Care should be taken after the tumbler is in the lap, to place the legs in such a fashion that the glass may slide gradually toward the ankles, so that the fall may not be sufficiently great to break the glass. Care should be also taken to smooth out the paper afterthe blow has been struck, to prevent suspicion of the fact that the form of the glass was simply preserved by the stiffness of the paper. Never repeat this illusion.

To Drive One Tumbler Through Another.-This trick requires somé little practice, or the result is nearly certain to be attended with considerable destruction of glass. Select two tumblers of exactly the same pattern, and considerably larger at the top than at the bottom-so much so, indeed, that either tumbler will fit at least half-way into the other. Sit on a chair, so that the falling tumDler may fall softly into the lap. Hold one tumbler between the thumb and the second finger of the left hand. Then play the other tumbler with the right hand several times in and out of the lefthand tumbler, and during this play contrive at the same instant to retain the right-hand tumbler between the thumb and first finger of the left hand, while the other, or lower glass, drops into the lap. Well done, this trick has few superiors, and it is worth any amount of practice to achieve it. It would be desirable to get a tinman to make a couple of common tumbler-shaped tin cups to practice with. It will save much expense in glass.

The Dancing Sketeton.-This is calculated to excite much astonishment, if well arranged beforehand.

Get a piece of board about the size of a large school-slate, and have it painted black. The paint should be what is known as a dead color, without gloss or brightness. Sketeh out the figure of a skeleton on a piece of card-board, and arrange it after the manner of the dancing sailors and other card-board figures exposed for sale in the toy-shops, so that by holding the figure by the head in
one hand, and pulling a string with the other, the figure will throw up its legs and arms in a very ludicrous manner.

Make the connections of the arms and legs with black string, and let the pulling string be also black. Tack the skeleton by the head to the black-board. The figure having bean cut out, is, of course, painted black like the board.

Now, to perform. Produce the board. Show only the side upon which there is nothing.

Request that the lights may be reduced about half, and take position at a little distance from the compary. With a piece of chalk make one or two attempts to draw a figure; rub out your work as being unsatisfactory ; turn the slate; the black figure will not be perceived; rapidly touch the edges of the card-board figure with chalk, filling up ribs, etc., at pleasure, and taking care that nothing moces while the drawing is progressing. Then manipulate with tho fingers before the drawing, and request it to become animated. By pulling the string below the figure it will, of course kick up the legs and throw about the arms, to the astonishment of everybody.

A little musio from the piano will greatly assist the illusion,
To Place Water in a Drinking-glass Upside Dovn.-Procure a plate ${ }_{2}$ a tumbler, and a small piece of tissue or silver paper. Set the plate on a table, and pour water in it up to the first rim. Now, very slightly crumple up the paper, and place it in the glass; then set it on the fire. When it is burnt out, or rather just as the last flame disappears, turn the glass quickly upside down into the water. Astonishing ! the water rushes with great violence into the glass! Now you are satisfied that water can be placed in a drink-ing-glass upside down. Hold the glass firm, and the plate also, You can now reverse the positlon of the plate and glass, and thus convince the most sceptical of the truth of your pneumatic experiment. Instead of burning paper, a little brandy or spirits of wine can bo ignited in the glass; the result of lts combustion being invisible, the experiment is cleaner.

The Fuded Rose Restored.-Take a rose that is quite faded, and throw somo sulphur on a chafing-dish of hot coals; then hold the rose over the fumes of the sulphur, and it will become quite white; in this state dip it into water, put it into a box, or drawer, fol three or four hours, and when taken out it will be quite red again,

The Protean Liquid.-A red liquor, which, when poured into different glasses will becomo yellow, blue, black, and violet, may bo thus made: Infuse a few shavings of logwool in common water, and when the liquor is red, pour it into a bottle; thea tako
three drinking-glasses, rinse one of them with strong vinegar, throw into the second a small quantity of pounded alum, which will not be observed if the glass has been newly washed, and leave the third without any preparation. If the red llquor in the bottle be poured into the first glass, it will assume a straw-color; if into the second, it will pass gradually from bluish-gray to black, provided it bo stirred with a bit of iron, which has been privately immersed in good vinegar; in the third glass the red liquor will itssume a violet tint.

Eatable Candle Ends.-Take a large apple, and cut out a few pieces in the shape of canclle ends, round at the bottom and flat at the top, in fact, as much like a piece of candle as possible, Now cut some slips from a sweet almond, as near as you can to resemble a wick, and stick them into the imitation candle. Light them for an instant, to make the tops black, blow them out, and they are ready for the trick. One or two should be artfully placed in a snuffer-tray, or candlestick; you then inform your friends that during your "travels in the Russian Empire" you learned, like the Russians, to be fond of candles; at the same time light ing your artificial candles (the almonds will readily take fire and flame for a few seconds), pop them into your mouth, and swallow them, one after the other.

To Make a Watch Stop or Go at the Word of Command.-Borrow a watch from any person in the company and request of the whole to stand around you. Hold the watch up to the ear of the first in the circle and command it to go. Then demand his testimony to the fact. Remove it to the ear of the next, and enjoin it to stop. Make the same request of that party, and so on through the entire party.

E:planalion: You must take care in borrowing the watch that it be a good one and goes well; have concealed in your hand a piece of loadstone, which, as soon as you apply it to the watch, will occasion suspension of its movements, which a subsequent shaking and withdrawing of the magnet will restore.

To Waile upon a Hot Iron Bar.-Take half an ounce of camphor, dissolve it in two ounces of aqua vitæ, add to it one of quicksilver, one ounce of liquid storax, which is the droppings of myrrh, and prevents the camphor from firing; take also two ounces of hematis, which is red stone, to be had at the druggist's, -and when you buy it let them beat it to a powder in their great mortar, for being wery hard it cannot well be reduced in a small one; add this to the ingredients already specified, and when you purpose to walk upon the bar, anoint your feet well with it, and you may then put the feat into execution without the slightest danger,

To Pour Cold Witter into a Kettle and Make it come out Hot without the Aid of Fire.-Yougive a pint of cold water to one of the company, and taking off the lid of the kettle, you request him to put it into it; you then put the lid on the kettle. Take the pint, and the exact quantity of water comes out of the kettle boiling hot.

This trick is performed in the following way: The kettle has two bottoms; boiling water has been previously conveyed into it through the nose. There is no passage for the cold water, which is put in when the lid is off; consequently, the hot water can alone be poured out.

This trick may be varied, and for the better; as the heat of the water may betray it, should the bottom of the kettle bo full. You may therefore propose to change water into wine or punch.

A coffee-pot may be made on a similar plan; but a kettle is preferable, it being more likely from its size and breadth to baffe the examination of the curious.

This trick may also be improved by an additional expense, so that whatever liquor is on either bottom may be poured out occasionally. For this purpose there must be a double passage to the nose of the kettle, and secret springs to stop either passage.
How to Cut a Man's Head Off, and Put it into a Platter a Yard from his Body.-To show this feat, you must cause a board, a cloth, and a platter to be purposely made, and in each of them must be made holes fit for a boy's neck. The board must be made of two planks, the longer and broader the better; there must be left within half a yard of the end of each plank half a hole, that both the planks being put together, there may remain two holes like the holes in a pair of stocks. There must be made likewise, a hole in the cloth; a platter, having a hole of the same size in the middle thereof, must be set directly over it; then the boy sitting or kneeling under the board; let the head only remain upon the board in the frame. To make the sight more dreadful, put a little brimstone into a chafing-dish of coals, and set it before the head of the boy, who must gasp twe or three times that the smoke may enter his nostrils and mouth, and the head presently will appear stark dead, and if a little blood be sprinkled on his face, the sight will appear more dreadiul. (This is commonly practiced with boys instructed for that purpose.) At the other end of the table, where the other hole is made, another boy of the same size as the first boy must be placed, his body on the table and his head throügh the hole in the table, at the opposite end to where the head is, which is exhibited.

To Discover any Card in a Pack by its Weight or Smell.-Desire any person in the company to draw a card from the pack, and when he has looked at it, to return it with its face downward; thent
pretending to weigh it nicely, take notice of any particular mark on the back of the card; which having done, put it among the rest of the cards, and clesire the person to shuffle as he pleases; then giving you the pack, you pretend to weigh each card as before, and proceed in this manner until you have discovered the card ho had.

To Turn Water into Wine.-Take four beer glasses, rub one of them on the inside with a piece of alum; put in the second a drop of vinegar; the third empty, and then take a mouthful of clean water and a clean rag, with ground brazil tied in it, which must lie betwixt your hind teeth and your cheek. Then take of the water out of the glass into your mouth, and return it into the glass that has the drop of vinegar in it, which will cause it to have the periect color of sack; then turn it into your mouth again and chew your rag of brazil, and squirt the liquor into the glass, and it will have the perfect color and smell of claret; returning the brazil into its former place, take the liquor into your mouth again, and presently squirt it into the glass you rubbed with alum, and it will have the perfect color of mulberry wine.

Mugic Breath.-Put some lime-water in a tumbler; breathe upon it through a small glass tube. The fluid, which before was perfectly limpid, will gradually become white as milk. If allowed to remain at rest for a short time, real chalk will be deposited at the bottom oif the tumbler.

To Make a Parly Appear Ghastly.-This can only be done in a room. Take half a pint of spirits, and having warmed it, put a handful of salt with it into a basin, then setit on fire, and it will have the effect of making every person within its influence look hideous.

How to Eat Fire.-Anoint your tongue with liquid storax, and you may put a pair of red hot tongs into your mouth without hurting yourself, and lick them till they are cold. You may also take coals out of the fire and eat them as you would bread; dip them into brimstone powder, and the fire will seem more strange, but the sulphur puts out the coal, and if you shut your mouth close you put out the sulphur, and so cherv the coals and swallow them, which you may do without offending the body. If you put a piece of lighted charcoal into your mouth, you may suffer a pair of bellows to be blown into your mouth continually and receive no hurt; but your mouth must be quickly cleaned, otherwise it will cause a salivation. This is a very dangerous trick to be done, and those who practice it ought to use all means they can to prevent danger. I never saw one of these fire-eaters that had a good complezion.

To Dip the Hand in Water Without Weting it.-Powder the surface of a bowl of water with lycopodium; you may put your hand into it and take out a piece of money that has been previously put at the bottom of the bowl, without wetting your skin; the lycopodium so attaching itself to the latter as to keep it entirely from coming in direct contact with the water. After performing the experimenta slight shake of the hand will ril it of the powder
How to Shoot a Bird and Bring it to Life Again.-Load your gun with the usual charge of powder, but instead of shot put half a charge of quicksilver; prime and shoot. If your piece bears ever so little near the bird, it will find itself stunned and benumbed to such a degree as to fall to the ground in a fit. As it will regain its senses in a few minutes, you may make use of the time by saying that you are going to bring it to life again; this will greatly astonish the company; the ladies will no doubt interest themselves in favor of the bird, and intercede for its liberty. Sympathizing with their feelings for the little prisoner may be the means of some of them sympathizing with yours.

Hideous Metamorphosis.-Take a few nutgalls, bruise them to a very fine powder, which strew nicely upon a towel; then put a little brown copperas into a basin of water; this will soon dissolve and leave the water perfectly transparent. After any person has washed in this water, and wiped with the towel on which the galls have been strewed, his hands and face will immediately become black; but in a few days by washing with soap they will again become clean. This trick is too mischievous for performance.

How to Fill a Glass with Beer and Water at the Same Time, Without Mixing the two Liquids.-It is done thus:-Half fill a tumbler with beer, then take a piece of brown paper or thin card, and placing it on the top of the beer, let it get perfectly still and quiet, taking care to keep the table on which the tumbler is placed quite steady. When all vibration has ceased, take some clear spring water, and having a small phial filled with it, proceed to pour it on the card as gently as possible, and in as small a quantity as you can, recollecting at the same time that the whole success of the experiment rests on the steadiness with which you pour the water on the card. You will by degrees perceive the water sliding from the card to the surface of the beer, and covering it like a sheet of paper, making them appear separated, one lying on the top of tho other; but the steadiness of hand must be preserved until the glass is sufficiently full. You may reverse the order of the liquids if you please-i. e. by putting in water first and then the beer, the samo process will give the same result.

How to Fill a Fowl and Bring it to Life Again.-Take a hen or chicken, and thrust a sharp-pointed krife through the midst of the head, tho joint toward the bill, that it may seem impossible for her to escape doath, then use some words, and pulling out the knife, lay oats before her and she will eat, being not at all hurt with the wound, because the brain lays so far behind the head that it is not touched.

To Lighl a Candle by a Glass of Water.-Privately stick a small piece of phosphorus on the edge of a glass of water, apply a candle newly blown out to it, and it will immediately be re-illuminated. The warmth of the snuff causes the phosphorus to ignite.

To Light a Candle by Smoke.-When a candle is burnt so low as to leave a tolerably large wick, blow it out, and a dense smoke, which is a compound of hydrogen and carbon, will immediately arise; then, if another candle or lighted taper be applied to the utmost verge of this smoke, a very strange phenomenon will take place; the flame of the lighted candle will be conveyed to that just blown out, as if it were borne on a cloud.

TJ Freeze Water by Shaking it.-During very cold weather put some water into a close vessel and deposit it in a place where it will experience no commotion; in this manner it will often acquire a degree of cold superior to that of ice, but without freezing. If the vessel, however, be agitated ever so little, or if you give it a slight blow, the water will immediately freeze with singular rapidity.

Iron Changed into Silver:-Dissolve mercury in marine acid, and immerse in it a bit of iron; or, if this solution be rubbed over iron, it will assume a silver color.

Two Cold Liquids when Mixed Become Boiling ILot.-Put into a thin phial two parts (by measure) of sulphuric acid, and add to it one part of water; on agitating or stirring them together the mixture instantly becomes hot, and acquires a temperature above that of boiling water.

The Incombustible Handkerchief.-Mix the whites of eggs and alum together; then smear a handkerchief with it all over. Wash it in salt and water, and when dry fire will not consume it.

Two Cold Liquids Produce Fire.-Put a small quantity of aquafortis into a saucer, add a few drops of oil of turpentine, oil of caraways, or any other essential oil, and a flame will instantly be produced.

To Give a Person a Supernatural Appearance.--Put one part of phosphorus into six of olive oil, and digest them in a sand heat. Rub this on the face (taking care to shut the eyes) and the appearance in the dark will be supernaturally frightful; all the parts which have been rubbed appearing to be covered by a luminous lambent flame of a bluish color, whilst the eyez and mouth appear like black spots. No danger whatever attends this experiment.

The Fioating Needle.-Pour some water in a plate; then drop a needle lightly and carefully upon the surface, and it will float.

Luminous Writing.-Take a piece of phosphorus, and, during candle-light, write upon a whitewashed wall any sentence or word, or draw any flguro accordiing to fancy. Withdraw the candle from the room, and direct the attention of the spectators to the writing, Whatever part the phosphorus has touched will be rendered quite luminous, emitting a whitish smoke or vapor. Care must be taken while using the phozphorus, to dip it frequently in a basin of cold water, or the repeative friction will throw it into a state of the most active combustion, to the manifest detriment of the operator.

Beautiful Tiansformations.- Pour hali an ounce of diluted nitro muriate of gold into an ale glass, and immerse in it a piece of very smooth charcoal. Expose the glass to the rays of the sun in a warm place, and the charcoal will very soon be corered over with a beautiful golden coat. Take it out with forceps, dry it, and inclose it in a glass for show.

To Brealc a Stone with a Bow of the Fist.- Find two stones, from. three to six inchos long and about hall as thick; lay one flat upon the ground, on which place one end of the other, raising the reverse end to an angle of forty-five dogrees, and just over tho centre of the other stone, with which it must form a T, being upheld ia that position by a piese of thin twig or stick an inch or an inch and a hali long; il the elerated stone bo now smartly struck abont the centre with the little inger side of the hand, the stick will give way, and the stone will be broken to pieces. The stones must be placed, however, so as not to slip, otherwise the feat will not be effected.

Mayical Tea-spons.-Put into a crucible four ounces of bismuth and when in a state of fusion, add two ounces and a half of load and one ounce and a half of tin; these metals will combine anc form an alloy fusible in boiling water. Mould the alloy into bars. and take them to a silversmith to be made into tea-spoons. Givs
one to a stranger to stir his tea with, and he will be greatly surb prised to find it melt in his tea-cup.

To Cut and Tear into Pieces a Hendkerchief, and to Make it Whole Again.-This feat, strange as it appears, is very simple; the performer must have a confederate, who has two handkerchiefs of the same quality and with the same mark, one of which he throws upon the stage to perform the feat with The performer takes care to put this handkerchief uppermost in making up a bundle, though he affects to mix them together promiscuously. The person whom he desires to draw one of the handkerchiefs, naturally takes that which comes first to hand. He desires to shake them again, to embellish the operation, but in so doing, takes care to bring the right handkerchief uppermost, and carefully fixes upon some simpleton to draw; and if he find that he is not likely to take the first that comes to hand, he prevents him from drawing by fixing upon another, under pretense of his having a more sagacious look. When the handkerchief is torn and carefully folded up, it is put under a glass upon a table placed near a partition. On that part of the table on which it is deposited is a little trap which opens and lets it fall into a drawer. The confederate, concealed behind the curtain, passes his hand within the table, opens the trap and substitutes the second handkerchief instead of the first; then shuts the trap, which fits so exactly the hole it closes, as to deceive the oyes of the most incredulous. If the periormer be not possessed of such a table (which is absolutely necessary for other feats as well as this), he must have the second handkerchief in his pocket, and by sleight of hand change it for the pieces, which must be instantaneously concealed.

How to Fire a Londed Pistol at the Hend, withow Hurting it. -This extraordinary illusion is periormed with real powder, real bullets, and a real pistol; the instrument which effects the deception being a ramrod. This ramrod is made of polished iron, and on one end of it is very nicely fitted a tube, like a telescope tube. When the tube is off the rod, there will, of course, appear a little projection. The other end of the rod must be made to resemble this exactly. The ramrod with the tube on being in your hand, yoa pass the pistol round to the audience to be examined, and request one of them to put in a little powler. Thea take the pistol yourseli, and put in a very small piece of wadding, and ram it down; an lia doing so you will leave the tube of the ramrod inside the barrel of the pistol. To allay any suspicion which might arise ia the minds of your audience, you hand the ramrod to them for their inspection. The ramrod being returned to you, you hand the pistol to some person in the audience, requesting him to insert a bullet, and to
mark it in such a way that he would know it again. You then take the pistol back, and put in a little more wadding. In ramming it down, the rod slips into the tube, which now forms, as it were, an inner lining to the barrel, and into which the bullet has fallen; the tube fitting tight on to the rod is now withdrawn along with it from the pistol, and the bullet is easily got into the hand by pulling off the tube from the rod, while seeking a plate to "catch the bullets"; and the marksman receiving order to fire, you let the bullet fall from your closed hand into the plate just as the pistol goes off.

[^0]The Conjurer's Banquet.-In which he eats a quantity of paper shavings; afterwards draws from his mouth a barber's pole, slx feet in length; then draws out several yards of different colored ribbons; then pushes out with his tongue an ounce of pins; and, lastly, after well shredding the paper shavings, to show that there is nothing in them, a flight of birds come out from among them, their number ad lisitum. This is really a first-rate experiment, and if got up carefully will excite much wonder. Ishall commence by giving instructions how to make the necessary properties, commencing with the Barber's Pole. Cut some white paper into lengths thres inches wide; paste them together, making a long length of ten or twelve feet or more; paint one side red, a strip about half an inch wide, the whole length of the paper, and at its edge; glue on at one end of the paper a piece of round wood, with a small knot on the end; then roll the paper up like a roll of ribbons. I will explain, presently, what to do with it. The next is to prepare your pins and ribbons. In a piece of soft paper, in as small a compass as you can, roll up a number of pins, and upon this packet roll your ribbons of different colors, making altogether a round ball, which you can conveniently slip into your mouth; then make a long paper bag similar to those of the confectioner; paint it in stripes-pink and white; in this place your birds-canaries, sparrows, or any small birds you can most conveniently procure. The process will not hart them, if you make a few pin-holes
in the bag to admit the air: you then procure some pink and white tissue paper, cut it into strips until you have a good heap, as many shreded out as would fill a small bread-basket, in which you place them; at the right hand, hid in the shavings, you have the barber's pole, the ribbons and pins, and the bag containing the birds, and by your side a glass of water, of which you pretend to drink occasionally. Thus prepared, you present yourself to the audience. Sip a little water, make two or three preliminary ahems! run your fingers through your hair, arrange your necktie, curl your mustache-if you have none it will be the greater burlesque to pretend to curl it-and then, with mock dignity, address your audience: "LLadies and gentlemen, doubtless you have witnessed the performance of many conjurers, some of them clever; but of all the professors you ever saw, none of them ever possessed such extraordinary abilities as the illustrious individual who now does you the honor of exerting himself for your amusement. My natural modesty and diffidence prevent my saying more. I shall at once commence my performance by introducing the Conjurer's Banquet. I have some macaronies (alluding to the paper shavings). Excuse the vulgarity, but I must refresh (takes a quantity of shavings in each hand and commences munching them as a horse would eat hay, taking a little water occasionally, smacking his lips, and seeming to enjoy the feast very much). After having proceeded in this manner for a short time, take up among the shavings the barber's pole; place it, shavings and all, against your mouth, take hold of the little knob at the end of the pole which is rolled up like a roll of ribbons, pull it gradually out, and it presents the appearance of a barber's pole several feet in length; put this carefully on one side; commence feedlng again upon your paper shavings in the samo burlesque style, then take up your roll of ribbons and pins, and during the process of seeming to eat, you slip the roll of ribbons and pins into your mouth.

You must chew the shavings you place in your mouth into a hard lump, and as you supply one mouthful from the heap you hold in your hand, push the hard lump of chewed shavings out of your mouth with your tongue. Well, you have the roll of ribbons in your mouth; place ycur shavings ngain in the basket, put your finger and thumb in your mouth, taking the end of the ribbon, and pull it out of your mouth with both hands, one after the other; letting the ribbon slip through your hands as you pull it out, it will appear a limger quantity. After one length or color is pulled out of your mouth, sip a little water, smack your lips, and again secure the end of the ribbon, pulling it out in the same manner as the previous one; continue this until you have pulled all the ribbon out of your mouth; you will now feel with your tongue the paper containing the pins; talke a little more water, saturate the
paper and the pins will remain in your mouth; these you push out vith your tongue, keeping the lips almost closed; spit the pins jut on a small tray, one that will sound when the pins fall on it; it is more effective. The trick is now finished, excepting the flight of birds. Your bag containing them is at your right hand; you slip this in among the shavings, and commence shredding them, and during this process tear the bag open, and the birds, of course, escape. The paper being painted in pink and white stripes, cannot be observed.

A Dollar Bill Concealed in a Candie.-Ask some one to lend you a dollar bill, and to notice the number, etc. You then walk up to the screen behind which your confederate is concealed, pass the bill to him, and take a wax or composite candle. Then, turnins to the audience, you ask one of them-a boy would be preferredto step up on the platform. At your request he must cut the candle into four equal parts. You then take three of them, and say you will perform the trick by means of them, passing the fourth piece to the other end of the table, where your confederate has already rolled up the note in a very small compass, and thrustitinto a hollow bit of candle, previously made ready. You take up this piece, and, concealing it in your hand, you walk up to the boy, and appear accidentally to knock one of the bits of candle out of his hand, and while you are stooping to pick it up off the floor, you change it for the bit which contains the bill. You then place it oin the table, and say to the audience, "Which piece shall I takeright or left?" If they select the one which contains the note, as': the boy to cut it carefully through the middle, and to mind that he does not cut the bill. When he has made a slight incision, tell him to break it, when the note will be found in the middle. If the audience select the piece which does not contain the note, you throw it aside, and say the note will be found in the remaining piece. When this is done with taet, the audience will naturally believe that they have really had the privilege of choosing.

## To Melt Iron in a Moment, and Make it Run into Drops.-Bring

 a bar of iron to a white heat, and then apply to it a roll of sulphur. The iron will immediately melt, and run into drops.The experiment should be performed over a basin of water, iz which the drops that fall down will be quenched. These drops will be found reduced into a sort of cast-iron.

[^1]peculiar construction, so that in a hollow handle it will retain about a teaspoonful of ink, which will not run out as long as a hole near the top of the handle is kept covered or stopped. A large tumbler and two or three minnows will do for a simpler exhibition, but will, of course, not be so pleasing to the eye.

Place the black silk so as to cover the part of the bowl that is shaded; when damp it will adhere to the glass. Pour in clear water to fill the space covered by the black silk, and place the fish in the water.

Commence the trick in public thus: Holding the spoon-handle slanting up and uncovering the hole in the handle, the ink which you have placed in the handle will run into the bowl of the spoon, and the spoon being held carefully to the surface of the water, concealing the black silk, will give the spectators the impression that you fill the spoon from the glass bowl.

Pour the spoonful of ink on a white saucer, and show it round to convince the spectators it is ink. They will see it is undeniably ink, and they will conclude, if the spoon were properly lifted out of the bowl, that the glass bowl contains nothing but ink.

Borrowing a silk handkerchief, place it for a few seconds over the bowl, and feigning to be inviting fish to come to the bowl, exclaim, "Change!" Then, placing your hand on the edge of the bowl near yourself, draw off the handkerchief, and with it take eare to catch hold also of the black silk. The bowl when uncovered will exhibit the fish swimming about in clear water. While the spectators are surprised at the fish, return the handkerehief, having first dropped out of it the black silk on your side of the table. Decline giving any explanation, as people will not thank you for dispelling the illusion.

How to Swallow a Number of Needles and Yards of Thread.-The erick is performed as follows: In the first place thread a dozen needles, put them in as small a compass as possible, and place them between the gum and the upper lip; you can speak without difficulty, and without any effort they will remain there. Let the needles be short ones, and take the ond of the thread a little distance from the needles, and deposit it between the gum and the lips in such a position that you can always feel it and pull it out when required. Thus being prepared, of course unknown to your audience, you take your second dose of needles, placing them one by one on your tongue, seeming to swallow them, but depositing them on the other side of your mouth, between your gums and lip, which will effectually conceal them, notwithstanding an examination of the mouth; afterward roll up letween your fingers about a yard of thread; place this in your mouth, and with your tongue concsal it between your gum and lip. Tako a drink of water, wake a few wry faees, then place your finger and theweb in vour
mouth, securing the end of the thread upon which the needlos are threaded, draw it out and exhibitit, taking an early opportunity of retiring to get rid of the needles concealed in your mouth. This is a most effective trick, and easily performed. Be careful not to swallow the needles.

To Make a Bird Seem as Dead.-Take any bird out of a cage, and lay it on a table; then wave a small feather over its eyes, and it will appear as dead; but directly you take the feather away it will revive again. Letit lay hold of the stem part of the feather with its feet, and it will twist and turn about just like a parrot; you may also roll it about on the table any way you like.

To Make the Appearance of a Flash of Lightning when Any One Enters a Room with a Lighted Candie.-Dissolve camphor in spirits of wine, and deposit the vessel containing the solution in a very close room, where the spirits of wine must be made to evaporato by strong and speedy boiling. If any one then enters the room with a lighted candle, the air will inflame, while the combustion will be so sudden, and of so short a duration, as to occasion no danger.

To Breale a Stick placed on Two Glasses without Breaking the Glasses-The stick intended to be broken, must neither be thick, nor rest with any great hold on the two glasses. Bothits extremities must taper to a point, and should be of as uniform a size as possible, in order that the center of gravity may be more easily known. The stick must be placed resting on the edges of the glasses, which ought to bo perfectly level, that the stick may remain horizontal, and not inclined to one side moro than another. Care must also bo taken that the points only shall rest lightly on the edge of each glass. If a speedy and smart blow, but proportioned, as far as can bo judged, to the size of the stick and the distance of the glasses, be then given to it in the middle, it will break in two, without either of the glasses being injured.

To Set a Combustible Body on Fire by the Contact of Water.-Fill a saucer with water, and let fall into it a piece of potassium the size of a pepper corn, which is about two grains. The potassium will instantly burst into flamo, with a slight explosion, and burn vividly ou the suriace of the water, darting at the same time from one sile of the vessel to the other, with great violence, in the form of a beautiful red-hot fire-ball.

To Eat a Dish of Paper Shavings, and Drazs Them Out of Your Mouth Like an Atlantic Cable. - Preparation.- Procuro threo or four yards of the thinnest tissue paper of various colors. Cut these up La strips of half an inch or threc-quarters of an inch breadth, and fois thexa. They will fore a continuous strip of many foet in
length. Roll this up carefully in a flat coil, as ribbons are rolled up. Let it make a coil about as large as the top of an egg-cup or an old-fashioned hunting-watch. Leave out of the inncrmost coil about an inch or more of that end of tho paper, so that you can easily commence unwinding it from the center of the coil.

Procure a large dish or basketful of paper-shavings, which can be obtained at little cost from any bookbinder's or stationers. Shaken out it will appear to be a large quantity. As you wish it to appear that you have eaten a good portion of them, you can squeeze the remainder close together, and then there will appear to be few left, and that your appetite has reason to be satisfied.

Commence the trick by proclaiming you have a voracious appetite, so that you can make a meal off paper-shavings. Bend down over the plate, and take up handful after handful, pretend to munch them in your mouth, and make a face as if swallowing them, and as you take up another handful, put out those previously in your mouth, and put them aside. Having gone on with this as long as the spectators seem amused by it; at last, with your left hand, slip the prepared ball of tissue paper into your mouth, managing to place towards your teeth the end you wish to catch hold of with your right hand, for pulling the strip out from your mouth. You will take care also not to open your teeth too widely, lest the whole coil or ball should come out all at once.
Having got hold of the end, draw it slowly and gently forward. It will uuroll to a length of twenty yards or moro in a continuous strip, much to the amusement of the spectators.

When it has como to the end, you may remark: "I suppose we havo come to a fault, as there is a 'solution of continuity here, just as tho strongest cables break off,' so we must wait to piek up the end again, and go on next year, when the Great Eastern again goes out with its next Atlantie Cable."

To Produce from a Silk Handkercnief Bonbons, Candies, Nuts, etc. -Preparation.-Have packages of various candies, wrapped up in bags of the thinnest tissue paper, and place them on your table, yather sheltered from observation. Have, also, a plate or two on your table.
Memorandum.-It will be always desirable to have the table re moved two or three yards at least from the spectators, and of a height that they cannot see the surface of it while sitting down in front of it.

Commenco tho trick by borrowing a silk handkerchief, or any large handlerchief. After turning it about, throw it out on the tablo, so as to fall over onc of these packages.

Having carefully observed where the bag lies, place your left hand so as to takg up the bag while catching hold of the middle of the handrorehiof.

Taking the handkerchief up by nearly the center, the edges of it will fall around and conceal the bag; make some pretended wavings of your wand or right hand over the handkerchief, and say, "Now, handkerchief, you must supply my friends with some bonbons." Squeeze with your right hand the lower part of the bag which is under the handkerchief; the bag will burst, and you can shake out into a plate its contents.

Asking some one to distribute them among your young friends, you can throw the handkerchief (as it were, carelessiy) over' another bag, from which you can in the same way producc a liberal supply of some other sweetmeats; or macaroon biscuits, etc., all of which will be duly appreciated by the juveniles, and they will applaud as long as you choose to continue this sweet trick.

To Keep a Stone in Perpetual Motion.--Put rery small filings of iron into aquafortis, and let them remain there until the water takes off the iron requisite, which it will do in seven or eight hours. Then take the water and put it into a phial an inch wide, with a large mouth, and put in a stone of lapis calaminaris, and stop it up close; the stone will then keep in perpetual motion.

To Make a Card Jump Out of the Pack and Run on the Table.-Take a pack of cards, and let any one draw any card they please; putit into the pack, so that jou may know where to find it at pleasure. Put a small piece of wax under your thumb-nail, to which fasten a hair, and the other end of the hair to the card; spread the cards open on the table, and desire the one chosen to jump out, which you may readily cause to do ly means of the hair.

How to Tell a Person cmy Card He thinhs of, and to Convey it into a Nut.-Take a nut, in which burn a hole with a hot bodkin, and with a needle break and extract the kernel. Write the name of a card on a piece of thin paper, and roll it up hard, and put it in the nut; stop the hole tith wax, which rub over with a little dust, that the puncture may not be perceived, then let some one draw a card; you must take care it be that which is written on the paper; desire him to break the nut, in which he will find the name of the eard he has drawn.

To Make a Ccne or Piramid Mcve upon a Table without Springs or amy other Artificicl Means.-Roll up a piece of paper, or any other light subsiance, ard put a lady beetle, or some such small insect, privately under it; then, as the animal will naturally endeavor to free itself from its captivity, it will move the cone towards the edge of the table, and, as soon as it comes there, will immediately return, for fear of falling; and by thus moving to and fro will occasion much sport to those who are unacquainted with tra……....

How to Make an Egg, apparently of itself, leave the center of the Room and iraverse to a Saucer of Water placed in the Corner.--This is not adapted for public exhibition, as the process is tedious, but it is no less wonderiul. Blow the yolk out of an egg, and insert a leech within the shell, securing the end by sticking on a piece of tissue paper. Place the egg and leech in the center of the room, and the saucer in the other end. In the course of time-it may be hoursthe natural instinct of the leech leads it to the water, and by its efforts causes the egg to move to the edge of the saucer containing the water.

To Eat Cotton Wool and Blow Fire and Sparts out of your Mouth.Obtain some cotton wool, such as the jewelers use to pack their jewelry; get a piece of oid linen and burn it, damping it out when it is burnt black and reduced to tinder. If you don't understand, ask your grandparents how they used to make tinder to obtain a light previous to-the invention of lucifer matches. Put a light to the tinder; it will not flame, but smolder. Fold it lightly in a piece of the wool, just as large as you can conceal in the palm of your hand, commencing eating in the same manner as in the Barber's Pole Trick, with the shavings. When you have satisfied yourself, and while feeding yourself with the wool, slip in the small piece of wool containing the lighted tinder; blow, and smoke, and sparks will issue from your mouth, to the astonishment of the lookers-on. A very good system to practice many of these tricks is to stand before a looking-glass.

To Make a Peg that will exactly fit three different kinds of Holes.-Let one of the holes be circular, another square, and the third oval; then it is evident that any cylindrical body of a proper size may be made to pass through the first hole perpendicularly, and if its length be just equal to its diameter, it may be passed horizontally through the second or square hole; also, if the breadth of the oval be made equal to the diameter of the base of the cylinder, and its longest diameter of any length whatever, the cylinder being put in obliquely will fill it as exactly as any of the former.

Magic Money.-This conjuring trick is performed thus:-Procure two quarters and a half-eagle; conceal one of the quarters in the right hand; lay the other quarter and the half-eagle on a table, in full view of the audience; now ask for two handkerchiefs; then take the gold-piece up, and pretend to roll it in one of the handkerchiefs; but, in lieu thereof, roll up the quarter, which you had concealed, and retain the gold coin; give the handkerchief to one of the company to hold; now take the quarter off the table, and pretend to roll that up in the second handkerchief; but put up the half-eagle instead; give this handkerchief to another person, and beg him to "hold it tight," while you utter, "Presto ! Fly !" On
opening the handkerchiefs the money will appear to hare changed places.

The Magic Enife.-This trick, which is at onee simple and clever, has not hefore been published. Ask one of your audience for a pocket-knife, and stick two small square pieces of white paper on each side. Give the knife to your audience to be examined, and then take it in the left hand, palm upward. Let the handie of the knife be clasped between the thumb and forefinger, and the blado extended outward from you; the handle will then lie on the palm of the hand toward you. With practice you will be able, by a rapid turn of the wrist, to pass the knife from one side of the hand to the other, always keeping the same side of the blade upward, while to your audience it will appear that you reverse it at every turn. Wipe the bits of paper off ono side, turn the knife es directed, pass your fingers again across the blade, leading your audience to believe that you have wiped them off the second side also. Both sides of the blade will now appear to be perfectly clean, but in fact you have only removed the two pieces off one side. By rapidly turning the knifo you may cause the bits of paper to appear and disappear at command. All that is required is a little dexterity in the turn of the wrist, which may be acquired by practice.

To Bring Colored Ribbons from Your Mouth.-Heap a quantity of finely carded wool upon a plate, which place before you. At the bottom of this lint, and concealed from the company, you should have several narrow strips of colored ribbons wound tightly into one roll, so as to occupy but little space. Now begin to appear to eat the lint by putting a handful in your mouth. The first handful can easily be removed and returned to the plate, unobserved, while the second is being "crammed in." In coing this care should bo taken not to use all the lint, but to leave sulficient to conceal the roll. At the last handful, take up the roll and push it into your mouth, without any lint; then appear to have had enough, and look in a very distressed state as if you were full to suffocation; then put your hands up to your mouth, get hold of the end of the ribbon, and draw hand over hand, yards of ribbon, as if from your stomach. The slower this is done, the better tho effect, When one ribbon is off the roll, your tongue will assist you in pushing another end ready for the hand. You will find you need not wet or damage the ribbons in the least. This is a trick which is frequently. performed by one of the cleverest conjurers of the day.

A Cheap Way of Being Generous.-You take a little common white or beeswax, and stick it on your thumb. Then, speaking to a bystander, you show him a dime, and tell him you will put the same into his hand; press it down on the palm of his hand with your
waxed thumb, talking to him the while, and looking him in the face. Suddenly take away your thumb, and the coin will adhere to it; then close his hand, and he will be under the impression that he holds the dime, as the sensation caused by the pressing still remains. You may tell him he is at liberty to keep the dime ; but on opening his hand to look at it, he will find, to his astonishment, that it is gone.

To Make Fire Botlles.-The phosphoric fire bottle may be prepared in the following manner: Take a small phial of very thin glass, heat it gradually in a ladleful of sand, and introduce into it a few grains of phosphorus; let the phial be then left undisturbed for a few minutes, and proceed in this manner till the phial is full. Another method of preparing this phosphoric bottlo consists in heating two parts of phosphorus and one of lime, placed in layers, in a loosely stopped phial for about half an hour ; or put a little phosphorus into a small phial, heat the phial in a fadleful of sand, and when the phosphorus is melted, turn it round, so that the phosphorus may adhere to the sides of the phial, and then cork it closely. To use this bottle, take a common brimstone match, introduce its point into the bottle, so as to cause a minute quantity of its contents to adhere to it. If the mateh be rubbed on a common bottle cork, it will instantly take fire. Care should be taken not to use the same match a second time immediately, or while it is hot, as it would infallibly set fire to the phosphorus in the bottle.

Artificial Thunder.-Mix two drachms of the filings of iron with one ounce of concentrated spirit of vitriol, in a strong bottle that holds about a quarter of a pint; stop it close, and in a few moments shake the bottle; then, taking out the cork, put a lighted candle near its mouth, which should be a little inclined, and you will soon observe an inflammation arise from the bottle attended with a loud explosion.

To guard against the danger of the bottle bursting, the best way would be to bury it in the ground, and apply the light to the mouth by means of a taper fastened to the end of a long stick.

The Magic Flask.-Take a glass bottle; put in it some rolatile alkali, in which has been dissolved copper filings, which will produce a blue color. Give this flask to some one to cork up, while indulging in some pleasantry, and then call the attention of the company to the liquid, when, to their astonishment, they find the color has disappeared as soon as it was corked. You can cause it to reappear by simply taking out the stopper, and this change will appear equally astonishing.

How to Let Twenty Gentlemen Drawo Twenty Cards, and to Make One Card Every Man's Curd.-Take a pack nf cards: let anv mentinman

Grais eard and put it in the pack again, but be sure you know where in find it again; then shuffle the cards, and let anothor gentleman draw a card, but be sure you let him draw the same card as the other gentleman drew, and continue till ten or twelve, or as many as you may think fit, have drawn; then let another gentleman draw another card, and put them into the pack, and shuffle them till you have brought the cards together; then showing the last card to the company, the other will show the trick; by this means many other feats may be done.

How to Double Your Poclct Money.-The only preparation is to have four cents concealed in your left palm.

Commence the trick by calling forward one of the spectators, and let him bring up his hat with him.

Then borrow five cents, or have them ready to produce from your own pocket should there be any delay.

Request your friend, while he places them one by one on a small plate or saucer, to count them audibly, so that the company may, hear their number correctly. Inquire, "How many are there ?" He will answer, "Five." Take up the saucer and pour them into your left hand (where the other four are already concealed). Then say, "Stay, I will place these in your hat, and you must raise it above your head, for all to see that nothing is added subsequently to them." You will have placed these nine cents in his hat unsusfected by him.

Borrow five cents more. Appear to throw those five into your laft hand, but really retaining them in your right hand, which is to fall by your side as if empty.

Afterwards get rid of four of the five cents into your pocket, retaining only one in your right palm.

Hold up your closed left hand, and say, while blowing on it: "Pass, cents, from my left hand into the hat. Now, sir, be kind enough to see if they have come into your possession. Please to count them aloud while placing them in the saucer." He will be surprised, as well as the spectators, to find that the cents in his hat have become nine.

You may then put on a rather offended look, and say: "Ah, sir! ah! I did not think you would do so! You have taken one out, I fear." Approaching your right hand to his sleeve, shake the sleeve, and let the one cent, which you have in your own hand, drop audibly into the saucer. It will raise a laugh against the holder of the hat. You can say: "Excuse me, I only made it appear that you had taken one. However, you see that the original money is now doubled."

To Catch Money From the Air.-The following trick, which tells wondorfully well whep skillfully performed, is a great favorito
with one of our best known conjurers. So far as we are aware, it has not before been published. Have in readiness any number of silver coins-say thirty-four; place all of them in the left hand, with the exception of four, which you must palm into the right hand. Then, obtaining a hat from the audience, you quietly put the left hand with thesilver inside; and while playfully asking if it is a new hat, or with some such remark for the purpose of diverting attention, loose the silver, and at the same time take hold of the brim with the left hand and hold it still, so as not to shake the silver. Now address the audience, and inform them that you are going to "catch money from the air." Ask some person to name any number of coins up to ten-say eight. In the same way you go on asking various persons, and adding the numbers aloud till the total number named is nearly thirty; then, looking round as though some one had spoken another number, and knowing that you have only thirty-four coins, you must appear to have heard the number called, which, with what has already been given, will make thirty-four; say the last number you added made twentyeight, then, as though you had heard some one say six, and twen-ty-eight and six make thirty-four, "Thank you, I think we have sufficient." Then with the four coins palmed in your right hand, make a catch at the air, when they will chink. Look at them, and pretend to throw them intc the hat, but instead of doing so, palm them again; but in order to satisíy your audience that you really threw them into the hat, you must, when in the act of palming, hit the brim of the hat with the wrist of the right hand, which will make the coins in the hat chink as if they had just fallen from the right hand. Having repeatel this process several times, say, "I suppose we have sulficient," empty them out on a plate, and let one of the audience count them. It will be found that there are only thirty, but the number which you were to catch was thirty-four. You will therefore say: " Well, we are four short; I must catch just four-neither more nor less." Then, still having four coins palmed in your right hand, you catch again, and open your hands, saying to the audience, "Here they are."

Curious Watch Tricc-To Tell at What Hour a Person will Rise in the Morning.-By means of this trick, if a person will tell you the hour at which he means to dine, you can tell him the hour at which he means to get up next morning. First, ask a person to think of the hour he intends rising on the following morning. When he has done so, bid him place his finger on the hour, on the dial of your wateh, at which he intends dining. Then-having requested him to remember the hour which he first thought-you mentally add twelve to the hour upon which he has placed his finger, and request him to retrograde, counting the hours you montion, whatever that may be, but that he is to commence oount-
ing with the hour he thought of from the hour he points at. For example: Suppose he thought ol rising at eight, and places his finger oa twelve as the hour at which he means to dine, you desire him to count backwards twenty-fonr hours; beginning at twelve he counts eight, that being the hour he thougit of rising, eleven he calls nine, ten he calls ten-(mentally, but not aloud)and so on until he has counted twenty-four, at which point he will stop, which will be eight, and he will probably be surprised to find it is the hour he thought of rising at.

To Produce a Cunnon Ball from a Hat.-This is a very old trick, though it still finds favor with most of the conjurers of the present day. You borrow a hat, and on taking it into your hands you ask a number of questions about it, or say it would be a pity for you to spoil so nice a hat, or make some such remark. This, however, is only a ruse for the purpose of diverting attention. Then, passing round to the back of your table-(where, by the way, you have arranged on pegs a large wooden "cannon ball," or a cabbage, or a bundle of dolls, trinkets, etc., loosely tied together, so that they may be easily disengaged)-you wipe, in passing, one or other of these articles off the pegs-where they must be very slightly suspended-into the hat so rapidly as not to be observed.

Returning to the gentleman from whom you received the hat, you say to him: "You are aware, sir, that your hat was not empty when you gave it to me," at the same time emptying the contents in front of the audience. Supposing you have, in the firstinstance, introduced the dolls and trinkets, you may repeat the trick by wiping the "cannon ball," or one of the other articles into the hat, and again advancing towards the gentleman from whom you received it, say: "Here is your hat; thank you, sir." Then, just as you are about to give it to him, say: "Bless me! what have we here ?" and turning the hat upside down, the large cannon ball will fall out.

An Aviary in a Hat.-This excellent but well-known trick requires the assistance of a confederate. A hat is borrowed from one of the audience, and turned round and round to show there is nothing in it. It is then laid on the operator's table, behind a vase or some other bulky article; after which, as if a new idea had occurred to you, periorm some other trick, during which the confederate removes the borrowed hat, substituting one previously prepared. This substituted hat is filled with small pigcons placed in a bag with a whalebone or elastic mouth, which fits the inside of the hat. The bag containing the birds is covered with a pirce of cloth, with a slit in the top. The operator, taking up the hat, puts his hand through the slit, and takes out the birds one by one
till all are free. The hat is then placed on the table, for the ostersible purpose of cleaning it before handing it back, and the confelerate again changes the hats, having in the interim fitted the borrowed hat with a bag similar to the other, and also filled with pigeons. This having been done, you call out to your confederate and request him, so that all your audience may hear: "Take the gentleman's hat away, and clean it." He takes it up and peeps into it, saying: "You have not let all the birds away;" upon which, to the surprise and amusement of the spectators, you produce another lot of birds as before. In brushing the hat previous to restoring it to the owner, the bag must be adroitly removed.

To See a Future Husband.-On Mid-summer eve, just after sunset, three, five, or seven young women are to go into a garden in which there is no other person, and each to gather a sprig of red sage, and then, going into a room by themselves, set a stool in the middle of the room, and on it a clean basin full of rose-water, in which the sprigs of sage are to be put, and, tying a line across the room, on one side of the stool, each woman is to hang on it a clean white handkerchief; then all are to sit down in a row on the opposite side of the stool, as far distant as the room will admit, not speaking a single word the whole time, whatever they see, and in a few minutes after twelve, oach one's future husband will take her sprig out of the rose-water, and sprinkle her handkerchief with it.

On St. Agnes' night, 21st of January, take a row of pins, and pull out every one, one after another, saying a paternoster on sticking a pin in your sleeve, and you will dream of him you will marry.

A bit of the bride-cake thrice drawn through the wedding-ring and laid under the head of an unmarried woman, will make her dream of her future husband. The same is practiced in the North with a piece of the groaning cheese.

To Know what Fortune your Future IIusband will Have.-Take a walnut, a hazle-nut and a nutmeg; grate them together, and mix them with butter and sugar, and make them up into small pills, of which exactly nine must be taken on going to bed; and according to your dreams, so will be the state of the person yon will marry. If a gentleman, of riches; if a clergyman, of white linen; if a lawyer, of darkness; if a tradesman, of odd noises and tumults; if a soldier or sailor, of thunder and lightning; if a sorvant, of rain.

To Give Ejgs a Variegated Appearance.-Cut up a couple of handfuls of different colored rags into small strips, mix them together indiscriminately, and completely envelope the egg in them ; then tio the whole in a piece of cloth and boil them for threc or four hours.

The Wet Slecre.-Go out, one or more, to a south running spring or rivulet, where " three laird's lands meet," and dip your left shirtsleeve. Go to bed in sight of a fire, and hang your wet sleeve before it to dry. Lie awake; and some time near midnight an apparition, haring the exact figure of the grand object in question, will come and turn the sleeve, as if to dry the other side of it.

To Produce Beautiful Fireworls in Miniature.-Put half a drachm of solid phosphorus into a large pint Florence flask-holding it slanting, that the phosphorus may not break the glass. Pour upon it a gill and a half of water, and place the whole over a tea-kettle lamp, or any common tin lamp, filled with spirit of wine. Light the wick, which should be almost half an inch from the flask; as soon as the water is heated, streams of fire will issue from the water by starts, resembling sky-rockets; some particles will adhere to the sides of the glass, representing stars, and will frequently display brilliant rays. These appearances will continue at times till the water begins to simmer, when immediately a curious aurora borealis begins, and gradually ascends, till it collects to a pointed flame; when it has continued half a minute, blow out the flame of the lamp, and the point that was formed will rusk down, forming beautiful illuminated clouds of fire, rolling over each other for some time, which, disappearing, a splendid hemisphere of stars presents itself; after waiting a minute or two, light the lamp again, and nearly the same phenomenon will be displayed as from the beginning. Let the repetition of lighting and blowing out the lamp be made for three or four times at least, that the stars may be increased. After the third or fourth time of blowing out the lamp, in a few minutes after the interial surface of the flask is dry, many of the stars will shoot with great splendor, from side to side, and some of them will fire off with brilliant rays; these appearances will continue several minutes. What remains in the flask will serve for the same experiment several tines, and without adding any more water. Care should be taken, after the operation is over, to lay the flask and water in a cool, secure place.

To Construct and Inflate a Small Balloon.-It is an interesting and amusing experiment to inflate a small balloon made of gold-beater's skin (using a little gum arabic to close any holes or fissures), filling it from a bladder or jar, and tying a thread round the mouth of it to prevent the escape of the gas. When fully blown, attach a fanciful car of colored paper, or very thin pasteboard to it, and let it float in a large room; it will soon gain the ceiling, where it will remain for any length of time; if it be let off in the open air, it will ascend out of sight. This experiment may be varied, by putting small grains of shot into the car, in order to ascertain the difference between the weight of hydrogen gas and atmospheric air,

The Enchanted Cock.-Bring a cock into a room with both your hands close to his wings, and hold them tight; put him on a table, and point his beak down as straight as possible; then let any ona draw a line with a piece of chalk directly from his beak, and all the noise you ean possibly make will not disturb him for some time, from the seeming lethargy which that position you have laid him in has effected.

The Orien'al Ball Trick.-This trick, as practiced by the Eastern juggler, who visited England some time ago, with the famous Oriental Troupe, is particularly effective. Procure three balls of wood, the size of billiard balls, each having a small hole drilled completely through it, the hole the size of an ordinary black-lead pencil.

Procure, also, two pleces of white tape, each ten feet long, Double each tape exactly in half, so that they become only five feet long. Insert the folded end into one of the balls; pull it through about an inch; then open the double tape, which of course becomes a loop; into which loop insert about an inch of the folded end of the other piece of tape; then carefully draw the first tape back into the ball, and it will be found that the joint of the two tapes in the ball is not only very firm, but completely hidden, Then thread the other ends of one tape into one of the other balls, and slide the ball along the tape until it reaches the first ball. Da the same with the other ball on the other tape. Thus all the balls will be threaded on the tape, the center ball containing the tape connections. All this is prepared beforehand. When the trick is performed, show the three balls on the tapes, and ask two persons to hold the ends of the tapes, allowing the balls to swing loosely in the center. Show that there is no trick about it by sliding the two outer balls to and fro upon the tape. To make it more wonderful (but really to accomplish the trick), ask each person to drop one end of their respective tapes, so that the balls may be tied on, Make a single tie of the two lengths, and give each person an end, but not the end he held before. Now request the assistants to pull gradually, and as the tapes becomo strained, strike two or three smart blows with the hand, or a stick, upon the balls, and they will fall to the ground uninjured, while, to the astonishment of every one, the tapes remain unbroken. The tape used should be the best oi linen, and about three-quarters of an inch wide,

[^2]spades, clubs, and hearts-and really as easy as regards the dia-monds-for on close inspection it will be seen that the margin betrreen the point of the diamond and the edge of the card is much smaller at one end of the card than the other. Place the narrow margins at the top, and the trick is ready.

Request one or two of the company to invert any of the cards in your absence. They will naturally turn a diamond, never suspecting the difference of margin ; the change of spades, etc., being too apparent a matter. On your return you at once detect the changed card or cards. Should any one discover the trick, defy the deiector to tell which card is turned during his absence. When he leaves the room turn a spade or heart completely; ound, leaving it exactly as it was before; then summon the would-be-conjurer, whose perplexity will afford considerable amusement.

The Ring and Stick.-This trick is very puzzling, and requires but little preparation or practice.

Get two brass curtain rings; keep one of them in the coat sleeve, offer the other to the company for examination--procure a light walking-stick, and secretly slip the ring from the sleeve upon the stick, covering it well with the left hand. Hold the stick in the center with the ring concealed, and invite two persons to hold the ends of the stick. While engaging the attention by some apparent necessity for having the stick either higher or lower-a little higher at one end, a little lower at the other, cte., etc.-give the stick a smart tap with the examined ring in your right hand, and withdraw the left hand rapidly, making the ring on the stick spin violently.

It will appear that the ring in the right hand has passed miraculously upon the stick; how, no ono can tell, the ring being solid, and the stick guarded at both ends. The right-hand ring must be secreted in the sleeve or pocket after the effect is produced; but no great haste is required, as every one will be too intent upon examining the ring on the stick to watch the operator.

The IIat Puzzle.-Request any person to mark upon the wall the exact height of an ordinary silk hat, supposing the hat to be placed on its crown on the floor, Exhibit the hat before its height is marked, and it is curious to observe how entirely different are the ideas of half a dozen persons upon the subject-the greater number marking high enough for two or three hats.

The Testored Handkerchief.-A hat, a nowspaper, a handkerchief, a pair of scissors, and a plate, are required to carry out this illusion. Place a hat on the table at the back of the room, that is, away from the audience, but in sight of them. Borrow a handkerchief, and dexterously substitute another in its place. This is easy elsough to do. Proceed as follows:-

Secrete a common handkerehief between the lower edge of the coat and waisteoat, the lower button of the coat being fastened, that the handkerchief may not fall. Having obtained a lady's handkerchief, holding it in the left hand, turn sharply round, and, in the act of turning, draw the concealed handkerchief from the coat, and pass the borrowed handkerchief from the left to the right hand, so that the two handkerchiefs are brought together. Pretend to look for some mark in the borrowed handkerchief, but really be crushing the borrowed handkerchief into small compass, and spreading out the false one.

Then lay it on the edge of the hat, exposing well the false article and dropping the real one into the hat, at the same time bidding the comipany observe that the handkerchief never leaves their sight. Then fetch a pair of scissors, or borrow a pen-knife. Take the false handkerchief and cut out the middle. Ask some one to hold the middle tightly in his hand: some one else to hold the edges in the same manner, Leave the room to fetch a plate, taking the hat away at the same time. Lay the real handkerchief flat between two pages of a newspaper, fold the paper and return with both paper and plate to the company. Now set fire to the edges of the destroyed handkerchief; let the fire burn itself out in the plate. Spread the paper out on the table, all but the last fold, which conceals the other handkerchief. Place the cut center on the paper; empty the ashes from the plate upon the center; fold up the paper and crush it as much as possible, so that the folds or creases nay not betray anything. Lastly, pick the paper to pieces until the restored handkerchief is gradually developed; pull it out, and throw the paper all into the fire. A little practice will render this illusion very startling in its effect. Care must be taken, in borrowing the handkerchief, to secure one as much like the properiy handkerchief as possibie.

To Make a Cane or Poker Stand in the Middle of the Room.-Get two black pins, a piece of black silk thread about a yard long. Tie a pin on each end, and fasten the pins into the cloth of the trousers under each knee; thus the walking about is not interfered with, and the line hangs loosely between the knees. Sit down at some distance from the company, and spread the knees to tighten the silk. Take the stick or poker, and rest it against the silk, and it will remain stationary, even at a great angle. The operator should pretend to make magnetic passes with the hands, as though the effect were due to magnetic influence.

The Trick of the Inexhaustible Botile.-This is so well known, that it requires but little description. It is an ordinary-looking bottle from which, after having been proved to be perfectly empty, many kinds of wines and spirits are produced in apparently inexhaustible varieties and quantities.

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[^0]:    A Vessel that will let Water out at the Bottom, as soon as the Mouth is Uncorlced.-Provide a tin vessel, two or three inches in diameter, and five or six inches in height, having a mouth about three inches in width, and in the hottom several small hol 3 s , just large enough to admit a small needle. Plunge it in water with its mouth open and full; while it remains in the water stop it very closely. You can play a trick with a person, by desiring him to uncork it; if he places it on his knee for that purpose, the moment it is uncorked the water will run through the bottom, and make him completely wet.

[^1]:    To Change a Bowl of Int into Ciear Water, with Gold-Fish in í: -The same glass bowl as in previous trick. If your bowl has nct a foot to it, it must be placed on something that will hold it high above your table. Some small fish, a white plate or saucer, a piese of black silk just fitting the inside of your borl, a spoon of

[^2]:    An Ercellent Card Trick.--Place all the diamonds of the pack, except the court cards, in a row on the table, Place also a few common spades and hearts, or clubs, between some of the diamonds, as, for example, three of hearts, five of diamonds, nine of clubs, six of diamonds, four of spades, nine of diamonds, ete. Take care to lay all the cards in the same direction-that is, with the tops of the cards all one way. This is easy enough as regards the

