

## VOX STELLARUM;

## OR, A LOYAL <br> A L M AN A CK

 FOR THE YEAR OF HUMAN REDEMPTION 1829,Being the First after Bissextile; and the Tenth of the Reign of His present Majesty: IN WHICH are contained
ALL THINGS FITTING FOR SUCH A WORK; AS, A Table of Terms and their Returns; The Full, Changes, and Quarters of the MOON; The Rising, Southing, and Setting of the SEVEN STARS, and other Fixed Stars of Note; The MOON'S Age; and A TIDE-TABLE fitted to the same;
The Rising and Setting of the SUN; The Rising, Southing, and Setting of the MOON; Mutual ASPECTS;
Monthly Observations: and many other Things, useful and profitable. 1.trolugical Observio which are added,

A Remarkable CHRONOLOGY;-The ECEIPSES; Aml other MATTERS both Profitable and curipus ? Observations on the WEATHER and Weather Glasses, RAIN, \&ce And an HIEROGLYPHIC adapted to the THMES.

By FRANCIS MOORE, Physiciant

## 这0nNon:

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| JANUARY XXXI Days． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{S}^{\text {ATURN a direful ray }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Darts at the Kiog of day， |  |  |  |  |  |
| And clouds on that account |  |  |  |  |  |
| And storms and tempests soon shall rise． |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | D Fasts and | －D s | ID＇s ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | D rises | Mutual Asp． |
| D D | Festivals． | vp Signs． | A \＆ | \＆sets |  |
| 1 Th | c | secret | 25 | 3 m |  |
|  | Twi．ends $65^{2}$ | 12 memb． |  | 4 |  |
|  | Cl．fast $4^{\prime} 53^{\prime \prime}$ | 13 hips |  |  | Iostly fair， |
|  | 2 S．aft．Christ． | 14 thighs | 28 | $6 \quad 16$ | though in |
| 5 M | ［ Two．da | day knees |  | sets |  |
|  | Epiph．O．Ch． | 16 hams |  | 5 a 37 |  |
|  | Night 16 o long | 17 legs |  | 653 | the sea－ |
| 8 Th | Lucian | 18 ancles |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{h}_{2}$ rises 4 a． 57 | 19 feet |  | $9 \quad 32$ |  |
| 10 S | 4 rises 4 m .41 | 20 toes |  | $10 \quad 49$ |  |
|  | 1 S．aft．Epiph． | 21 head |  | morn． | Windy，and |
| 1.2 M | 1 Plough Mond． | 22 face |  | － 1 | at times |
| 13 Tv | Hil．Cam．T．beg． | 23 neck |  | $1 \quad 14$ s | som |
| $14 . \mathrm{W}$ | Oxf．Term beg． | 24 throat |  | $2 \quad 22$ |  |
| 15 Th | D．of Glos．born | 25 arms | 10 | 327 | －．¢¢ $\Delta$ 万 ${ }_{\text {t }}$ |
| 16.5 | \％sets 10 a． 29 | 26 and | 11 | 4． 27 | driving rain． |
| 17 S | q rises 5 m .49 | 27 should． | 12 | $5 \quad 21$ |  |
|  | 2 S．af．Epiph．Pris | sca breast |  | $6 \quad 9$ | 8 万 |
|  | 1 ［OldTw． | ．d．stom． | 14 |  | Sto |
| 20.7 | F Fabian．Hil． 1 r． | mu heart | F |  |  |
| 0.1 W | W Agnes | 1 and | 16 | 6a 18 |  |
| 22 Th | Vincent | 2 back | 17 |  | く－4；＊${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| ${ }_{23} \mathrm{~F}$ | Hil．Term beg． | 3 bowels | 18 | 821 | ＊ 4 |
| 24 S | S sets 4 a． 51 | 4 belly | 19 | 924 | Fair and |
|  | 3 S．a．Epiph．Con． | 5 reins |  |  | $\triangle 4$ |
| 26 M | I［Sc．Paul］ | 6 and | 2111 | 1131 | frosty． |
| 27 T0 | v D．o Susis．b．Hil． 2 | $2 r$ ．loins | 22 m | morn． |  |
| $28 . \mathrm{W}$ |  | 8 secret | 23 | － 37 | Stormy， |
| ${ }_{29} 9 \mathrm{Th}$ | hK．Geo．IV．acees． | 9 memb ． | 24 | 42 ， | with |
|  | ／K．Clas．I．mart． | 10 hips | 25 | 247 S． | snow at |
| $\mid 31 \mathrm{~S}$ | K．Geo．IV ．proc． | 11 thighs | 26 | 3 50， | intervals． |

M．DCCC．XXIX．


## 4. FEBRUARY XXVIII Days.

> Tempestuous winds might blow, $\quad$ Were there no mental war, Producing toil and woe, Which human pleasures mar : In various parts War's awful din Will sound - the ill effects of sin.

| $\begin{array}{ll} \hline M & W \\ \mathrm{D} & \mathrm{D} \end{array}$ | Fasts and Festivals. | $\bigodot_{m} \text { Signs. }$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} D \\ A \\ A \end{gathered}\right.$ | D rises \& sets | Mutual Asp. \& Weather. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | S. aft. Epiph. | 12 knees | 27 | 4 m 50 | - ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 2 M | urif. Candlm.D. | 13 hams | 28 | $5 \quad 42$ |  |
| 3 Tv | Blaise. M. P. 3 r. | 14 legs | 29 | $6 \quad 28$ | falls of |
| 4 W | $\mathrm{h}_{6}$ sets 6 m .55 | 16 ancles | N | sets | snow, or |
| 5 Th | Agatha | 17 feet | 1 | 6 a 59 | cold rain. |
| 6 F | 4 rises 3 m .12 | 18 toes | 2 | $8 \quad 20$ |  |
| 7 S | Clock fast 14'31' | 19 head | 3 | $93^{9}$ | * (-) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | S. aft. Epipho | 20 face |  | $10 \quad 52$ |  |
| 9 M | In 8 d . Pur. 4 ret. | 21 neck |  | morn. | Fair, and |
| 10 Tv | \% sets 10 a. 27 | 22 throat | 6 | - 6 |  |
| 11 W | 아 rises 6 m .8 | 23 arms |  | 113 |  |
| 12 Th | Hil. Term ends. | 24 and | 8 | 216 | $\bigcirc$ max. elong. |
| 13 F | Day 9.48 long | 2.5 should. | 9 | $3 \quad 12$ | 口 4 ¢; 8 h ¢ |
| 14 S | Valentine O,Can. | $D$ breast | 10 | $4 \quad 2$ | Snow at |
| 15 | Septuages. Suna | 27 stom. | 11 | 446 | tin |
| 16M | Night 1410 long | 28 heart | 12 | $5 \quad 23$ | 6 아 H |
| 17 Tv | $\Varangle$ sets 6 a. 40 | 29 and | 13 | 5.54 |  |
| 18 V |  | \# back | F | rises | The weather |
| 19. Tr | ¢ sets 5 m .54 | 1 bowels | 15 | 6 a 11 | $\Varangle$ stationary. |
| 20 F | 24 rises 2. m. 27. | 2 belly | 16 | $7{ }^{7} 14$ | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 21. | sets 10 a. 2 | 3 reins | 17 | $8 \quad 16$ | cold, with |
| 22 | agesim, sum. | 4 and | 18 | $9 \quad 20$ | rain or snow. |
| 231 |  | 5 loins | 19 | $10 \quad 23$ | * 29 |
| 24 Tv | St. Matthias. D. |  | 20 |  | - 4 ¢ |
| 25 W | Cam. T. div. m. | 7 memb . | 21 | morn |  |
| 26 Tu | Day incr. 254 | 8 hips | 22 | - 34 | Rather |
| 27 F | ㅇ rises 6 m .2 | 9 thighs | 23 | $13^{6}$ | my. |
| 28 S | ¢ ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ sets 6 m .7 | 10 knees | 24 | 235 | ठ inf. ¢ ¢ |

Jupiter 4 will bea Morning Star till June 1st; then an Evening Star until Dec. 18th; then a Morning Star to the year's end.
M.DCCC.XXIX.

## Monre.] F E B R U A R Y 1829. 5

\(\left.\begin{array}{l}The 2 day, at 5 morn. Venus <br>
The 5 day, at 4 morn. Mercury <br>
The 8 day, at 10 morn. Mars <br>
The 16 day, at 5 morn. Saturn <br>

The 27 day, at 6 morn. Jupiter\end{array}\right\}\)|  |
| :---: |
| is |
| with the |
| Moon. |



Venus 우 will be a Morning Star until May 20th; then an Evening Star to the end of the year.
1829.

A 3

| 6 | M ARCH XXXI Days． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AS wondrous Time evolves， Winter to Spring gives place； <br> The mountain－snow dissolves， And Sol＇s increasing rays Dispel the melancholy gloom， And vernal flowers begin to bloom． |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fasts and Festivals． | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \odot & \text { D's } \\ \text { } & \text { Signs. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l} D \prime s & \text { Drises } \\ A & \& \text { sets } \end{array}$ | Mutual Asp． \＆Weather． |
| 1 D | Quinq．or Shr．S． | 11 | 253 m 3 |  |
| 2 M | Chad［David | 12 hams | 26419 | Much rain， |
| 3 Tv | Shrove Tuesday | 13 legs | 275 |  |
| $4 . \mathrm{W}$ | Ash Wednesday | 14 ancles | 285159 | $\square \bigcirc 4 ;$ 水ず |
| 5 Th | ¢ sets 5 m .0 | 15 feet | N sets |  |
| 6 F | $\frac{21}{2}$ rises 1 m .33 | 16 toes | $17 \mathrm{7a} 10$ | is |
| 7 S | Perpetua | 17 head | 2832 |  |
| 8 D | 1 Sun．in Lent | 18 face | $\begin{array}{llll}3 & 9 & 49\end{array}$ |  |
| 9 M | Clock f． $10^{\prime} 48^{\prime \prime}$ | 19 neck | 411 |  |
| 10 Tv | d sets 10 a． 33 | 20，throat | 5 morn． | St |
| 11 W | Ember Week | 21 arms | 608 | frequent |
| 12 Ta | Gregory Martyr | 22 should． | 710 | ¢ stationary |
| 13 F D | Day 1138 long | 23 breast | 882 |  |
| 14 S | ¢ 9 rises 5 m． 48 | 24 and | 9 2 49 | ， |
| 15 D | 2 Sun．in Lent | 25 stom． | $\begin{array}{lll}10 & 3 & 28\end{array}$ |  |
| 16 M | ¢̧ rises 5 m .26 | 26 heart | 11 4 <br> 1 4 | $\triangle$ ¢ |
| ${ }_{17} \mathrm{Tv}$ | St．Patrick | 27 back | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 4 & 32\end{array}$ | In general |
| 18 W | $E d w . K . W . S a x$. | 28 bowels | $\begin{array}{llll}13 & 4 & 58\end{array}$ | mild，and |
| 19 Th | $\mathrm{K}^{\text {sets }} 4 \mathrm{~m} \cdot 7$ | 29 and | 14 5 24 |  |
| 20 F | Ds．of Cumb．b． | or belly | $F$ rises | eclip．inv． |
| 21 S | Benedict | 1 reins | 167 a 19 | $\square 24$ ？ |
| 22 | 3 Sun．in Lent | 2 loins | 178123 | mostly faiz． |
| 23.1 | 44 rises 0 m .44 | 3 secret | 18 9 27 |  |
| 24 Tv | or sets 10 a． 38 | 4 memb． | 191033 |  |
| $25 \mathrm{~W}$ | Lady 10 ay | $5 \text { hips }$ | $201136$ | Changeable |
| ${ }^{26 \mathrm{TH}}$ | o rises 5 m .30 | 6 and | 21 morn． | ¢ max．elong． |
| 27 F | ¢ rises 5 m .6 | 7 thighs | 22035 | $i_{2}$ stationary． |
| 28. |  | 8 knees | $\begin{array}{lll}23 & 1 & 30\end{array}$ | about the |
| $29$ | 4 of Midentsun． | 9 hams | $\begin{array}{llll}24 & 2 & 19\end{array}$ | end． |
| 30 M | Clock f． $4^{\prime} 36^{\prime \prime}$ | 10 legs | 253 | 24 stationary． |
| $\|31 \mathrm{Tv}\|$ |  | 11 ancles | $26 \mid 342$ | $\triangle$ ¢ |



| A P1R L XXX Days． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pheebus in Aries shines， <br> The ascendant of our Isle ； <br> Chronus some ill designs； <br> I fear that something vile <br> Will rise through his malignant square， <br> Which Heaven avert－and hear our prayer． |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \mathrm{M} & \mathrm{~W} \\ \mathrm{D} & \mathrm{D} \end{array}$ | Fasts and Festivals． | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \cdot & \text { D's } \\ v & \text { Signs. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline D ' s & D \\ A & \text { rises } \\ A & \& \end{array}$ | Mutual Asp． \＆Weather． |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 rises 0 m | 12 to |  | $\square 2 \%$ |
| 3 F | Rich．Bp．Chich． | 13 head | N sets | －eclip．inv． |
| 4 S | S St．Ambrose | 14 face | 7 a 30 | ＊万 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | 5 Sun．in Lent． | 15 neck | 28846 | $\triangle \odot 4$ |
| 6 M | Old Lady day | 16 throat | $\begin{array}{llll}3 & 9 & 57\end{array}$ |  |
| 7 Tv | U Day break 317 | 17 arms | 411 | Fair，though |
| 8，W | V ot sets 10 a .41 | 18 should． | 5 morn | rather cool |
| 9 TH | H 안 rises 5 m .8 | 19 breast | $6{ }^{6} 0$ | for the |
| 10 F | F Cam．T．ends | 20 and | $7{ }_{7} 0$ | season． |
| 11 S | Oxf．T．ends． | 21 stom． | 8 1 133 | $\triangle$ 万 |
| 120 | Palm Sunday | 22 heart | 9 9 9 | Some |
| 13 M | Twilight en． 858 | 23 back | $\begin{array}{llll}10 & 2 & 42\end{array}$ | showers |
| 14 Tu | Day 1344 long | 24 bowels | 113 | $\triangle \%$ |
| 15 W | W ¢ rises 4 m .45 | 25 and | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 3 & 34\end{array}$ | flying about． |
| 16 ＇ | H Maundy Thurs． | 26 belly | 13358 | ＊ |
| 17 F | －Good Friday | 27 reins | 14422 | Windy，and |
| 18 S | $\mathrm{S} \mathrm{h}_{2}$ sets 2 m .19 | 28 loins | 15.4 .47 | $\square$（）万 |
| 19 D | Easter Day Alphe | ege secret | F rises | rather wet |
| $20 . \mathrm{M}$ | 1 Easter Monday | \％mem－ | 178 a 33 |  |
| 21 Tv | U Easter Tuesday | 1 bers | 18936 | $\triangle 24$ |
| 22 W | V 4 rises 10 a． 47 | 2 hips | $19103^{8}$ | at times． |
| 23 TH | hSt．Geo．K．b．d．k． | 3 thighs | 201132 |  |
| 24. | F Day inc． 638 | 4 knees | 21 morn |  |
| 25 S | S St．Mark．Ds．Glo | os．barm | 22.04 | $\square \mathrm{h}$ ¢ |
| 26 D | Dow Sunday | 6 legs | 231 | $\square$－ H |
| 27 M | M ô sets 10 a． 41 | 7 ancles | 24.148 | Unsettled wea－ |
| 28 T | fi Day 14.36 long | 8 feet | 25.2 | ＋ |
| 29 W | V Oxf．$\%$ Cam．T．b． | 9 toes | 2625 |  |
| $30 \mathrm{TH}$ | H Clock sl． $2^{\prime} 55^{\prime \prime}$ | 10 head | 273 |  |

The 1 day, at 11 aftern. Mercury The 3 day, at 1 morn. Venus
is
The 7 day, at 2 morn. Mars $\}$ with the The 11 day, at 3 aftern. Saturn The 22 day, at 8 aftern. Jupiter

Moon.

| $\begin{gathered} M \\ D \end{gathered}$ | Sun rises | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { sets } \end{aligned}$ | Moon South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 34 | 26 | m6 |


| 75 | 22 | 38 | 3 | 18 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 20 | 20 | 40 | 4 | 11 |


| 95 | 18642 | 5 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 105 | 16644 | 5 | 54 |


| 115 | 146 | 46 | 6 | 42 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

D $5126487 \quad 28$
13510650813

| 145 | 86 | 52 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 56 |  |  |  |


| 155 | 76 | 53 | 9 | 39 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$165 \cdot 565510 \quad 22$

| 175 | 36 | 5711 | 6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 185 | 16 | 5911 | 51 |

D $4597 \quad 1$ morn.
$204577 \quad 3 \quad 0 \quad 37$
$214557 \quad 5 \quad 1 \quad 26$

| 224 | 537 | 7 | 2 | 17 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { D } & 4 & 46 & 7 & 14 & 5 & 54 \\ 27 & 4 & 4 & 7 & 16 & 6 & \end{array}$
$27444716 \quad 6 \quad 49$
$28442718 \quad 7 \quad 43$
$294417198 \quad 37$
$30439721 \quad 9 \quad 30$

The depth of Rain which fell at Epping, in April 1827, was 1.02 Inch; and
NEW Moon, 3d, 10 h .21 m . aftern. at Kendal for the same period, 2:553 Inches.
Rain may be expccted on, or near, the 9 th, 14th, 19th, and 24 th of this

Monthly Observations. Month.
This is the Month in which all NaFIRST Qu. $1_{1}$ d. ${ }^{2}$ h.7. mi morn as well as blossoms and flowers, prepare to unfold themselves.
" If April weeps not, then lie proves unkind, [wind."
The wither'd blossoms fall hefore the
The frequent aspects of Mercury
FULL Moon, 19d, 6h. 22 m . morn. with the Sun, Jupiter, and Mars, lead mie to conclude that a busy time is approaching; messengers arrive from different parts of the world, bearing intelligence relative to the arrangement of some matters of considerable LAST Qu, $26 \mathrm{~d} .8 \mathrm{~h} .55 \mathrm{~m} \cdot$ aftern. importance; and serious changes are looked for in the affairs of some foreign nations, on which account great preparations are making about this time.
1829.

1 5

| M AY XXXI Days. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IF I can understand |  |  |  |  |  |
| The aspects which I see, |  |  |  |  |  |
| I'd look to Albion's land |  |  |  |  |  |
| For peace and harmony : |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| And joins together hands and hearts. |  |  |  |  |  |
| M |  |  |  | $D$ rises. |  |
| D D | Festivals. | 8 Signs |  | \&sets |  |
|  | St. Phi. \& St. Jas 11 face |  |  |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline 1 & F \\ 2 & S \\ 0 & D \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 2S.aft.East. $\begin{gathered}12 \mathrm{neck} \\ \text { Inv.of theCross }\end{gathered}$ |  |  | 423 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{4}^{4}{ }^{\mathrm{D}} \mathbf{M}^{2}$ | Fr.E.in ${ }_{15}$ d. $1 r$ r | 14 throat |  | 8 a 50 |  |
| ${ }^{5} \mathrm{TV}$ |  | 15 arms |  | 54 | with thun- |
| 6 W | East. T.b. John | 16 should. |  |  | er in some |
| 7 TH8 F | [Ev.à P.L. | 17 breast |  | 11 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{2}$ sets 1 m .7 | 18 stom. |  | 5 morn. | ¢ sup.- ¢ ¢ |
|  |  | 19 heart |  | - |  |
|  | Sun. aft. last. | 20 and |  | - 47 |  |
|  | East. 2 ret. | 20 back |  | 116 | stationary. |
|  |  | 21 bowels |  | 148 | out this |
|  | Old May day | 22 belly |  | 25 |  |
|  | Day break 115 | 23 reins |  | 28 |  |
|  | os sets 10 a. 31 | 24 and |  | 50 |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{2} 5$ loins |  | 317 | ce May |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 188 \end{aligned}$ |  | 26 secret |  | 3.45 |  |
| $19 \mathrm{Tu}$ | Dunstan | 27 mem 28 hips |  |  |  |
| $20, \mathrm{~W}$ | Twilight e. 11 a. 16 | 29 thighs |  |  |  |
|  | sets | II knees |  | 81025 | * $\odot$ ¢; |
|  |  | 1 hams |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{2}$ legs |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3 and |  | morn. |  |
|  | Fr. E.in 5 w. 4 r. | 4 ancles | 22 |  |  |
|  | Aug, Abp. Cant. | 5 feet |  | - 58 |  |
|  |  | 6 , toes |  | 1127 |  |
|  | K.Chas. II.Resto | $2 \mathrm{~h}$ |  | $5 \begin{array}{ll} 5 & 55 \end{array}$ |  |
| . 33 | Sun Asc. 5 r. |  | 27 | $2 \quad 54$ | 84 |
|  |  | othroat |  |  | $7 \mathrm{~m}$ |




1829.
14 JUI Y XXXI Days．

Chronus his sable robe Spreads o＇er the azure skies， Obscures day＇s radiant Orb， And thunder storms arise； The jarring elements foreshow Contention in our World below．

| $\begin{aligned} & \bar{M}, W \\ & \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fasts and } \\ & \text { Festivals. } \end{aligned}$ | $$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} D ' s & D \text { rises } \\ A & \& \text { sets } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mutual Asp. } \\ & \& \text { Weather. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Day d | 9 breast | N | e |
| 2 TH | Vis．B．V．M． | 10＇stom． | 8 a 38 | showers at |
|  | Dog days begin | 11 heart | 2910 | imes． |
|  | Trs．of St．Mart． | 12 back | $3{ }_{3} 9$ |  |
|  | 3 Stn．af．Trin． | 13 bowels | 4.10 | ठ inf．$\bigcirc$ |
|  | I Old Mids．D． 4 r． | 114.1 and | $510 \quad 29$ | Thunder |
| 7 Tv | Tho．à Beck．Ox． | Act．\＆ | $610 \quad 52$ |  |
| 8 W | Tr．T．e．［Cam．C． | 16 reins | 71116 | ¢ |
| 9 Tm | \％ $\mathrm{h}_{\text {sets } 9 \text { a．} 7}$ | 17 loins | 81140 | sho |
| 10 F | Cam．Term ends | 18 secret | 9 morn． | passing over |
|  | Oxf．Term ends | 19 mem－ | 10 | par |
| 12. | Sun．af．Trin． | 20 bers | 11035 |  |
| 13 M | I 4 sets 1 m .0 | 21 hips | 12 | ¢ 4 |
| 14 Tv | d sets 8 a． 46 | 22 thighs | 13 1 58 |  |
| 15 W | Swithin | 23 knees | 14.252 | $\triangle 4$ 万 |
| 16 Th | \％sets 8 a． 55 | 24 hams | F rises | ¢ stationary． |
| 17 F | ¢rises 3 m .4 | 25 legs | 168 a 18 | Changeable． |
| 18 S | Clock fast $5^{\prime} 48^{\prime \prime}$ | 26 ancles | 1785 |  |
| 19 D | ¢S．a．Tr．K．Geo．IV | ．feet | 18926 | ；$\triangle$ す 2 |
| $20 . \mathrm{M}$ | I Marga．［cr． 1821 | 27 toes | 19954 |  |
| 21 Tu | 万㐌ets 8 a． 23 | 28 head | 201025 | Rather in－ |
| 22 W | $\checkmark$ Magdalen | 29 face | $2110 \quad 54$ |  |
| ${ }_{23} \mathrm{Th}$ | Hi 2f．sets o m． 19 | $\Omega$ neck | $22.11 \begin{array}{ll}27\end{array}$ |  |
|  | Day 1545 long | 1 throat | 23 morn． | vet，yet |
| 25 S | St．Jas．Ds．Cam．b． | 2 arms | 24． 0 |  |
| 26 D | © Sun．af．Trin．St． | 3 and | 25039 |  |
| 27.1 | I［Anne | 4 should． | $\begin{array}{lll}26 & 1 & 24\end{array}$ | near the |
| ${ }^{28} \cdot{ }^{\text {Tu }}$ | Night 816 long | 5 breast | $\begin{array}{llll}27 & 2 & 15\end{array}$ | $\triangle \odot 4$ |
| $29.1 V$ | T （ sets 8 a． 8 | 6 stom． | 28312 | $\psi$ stationary． |
| 30.7 Tm | I fets 8 a． $3^{3}$ | 7 heart | N sets | end |
| ［31］F | Clock fast $6^{\prime} \mathrm{l}^{\prime \prime}$ | 8 back | $1{ }^{\text {7a }} 11$ | ठ © 万 |

M．DCCC．XXIX．
\(\left.\begin{array}{|ccc}\hline Moone. \& JUI, Y 1829 . \& 15 <br>
\hline The 1 day, at 5 aftern. \& Mercury <br>
The 2 day, at 4 morn. \& Venus <br>
The 2 day, at noon, \& Mars <br>
The 3 day, at 5 morn. \& Saturn <br>

The 13 day, at 5 morn. Jupiter\end{array}\right\}\)| is |
| :---: |
| with the |
| Moon. |


1829.


## Moore. ${ }^{1}$ A UGUST1829. 17

|  | $\text { I } \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { yises } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | Moo | Monthly Observations. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 741 | 6 |  |
| D | 4 | 740 | 59 | ping, in August 1827, was 1.757 Inch; |
|  | 3422 | $73^{8}$ |  | and at Kendal for the same period, 5\%214 |
|  | 424 | $73^{6}$ |  | Inches. <br> Rain may be expected about the |
|  | 425 | 735 |  | 18th, 22d, 27 th, and 30th; with |
|  |  | 733 | 450 |  |
|  | 42 | $73^{2}$ |  | $n$. |
|  | 430 | 730 |  | Thunder near the end of the Month. |
| D | 432 | 728 | 15 | Attend to the Barometer about |
| 10 | 4 | 726 |  | the Full Moon, especially between |
|  | 4 | 725 | $9 \quad 5$ | the hours of 9 and 12 in the day. |
|  | 437 | 723 | 10 | ing towards the Farth. |
|  | 439 | 721 | 1 |  |
|  |  | 719 | 59 |  |
|  | 5 | 718 | nor |  |
|  |  | 716 |  |  |
|  |  | 714 | 53 | tastrophe: to be sure Japiter, wo is |
|  |  | 712 | 48 | strong hoth by house and triplicity, |
|  | 4 | 710 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $5 \quad 29$ | n. |
|  | 455 | 75 | 6 | evil tendency of the former |
|  | 457 |  | 15 | figurations:-I would advise my rea- |
|  | 455 | 71 | 87 | ders to pay a little attention to the |
|  |  | 659 | 57 | news from Italy now abouts. Again, |
|  |  | $65^{8}$ | $9 \quad 46$ | in August, there are four conjunc- |
|  |  | 656 | $10 \quad 33$ | tions in the same division of heaven, |
|  |  | 654 | 1118 | with a less friendly interposition |
|  |  |  |  | NEW Moon, 29d, 8h, 55 m , mor |
|  | 510 | 650 | O 45 |  |
|  | 1512 | $64^{8}$ | 23 |  |

[^0]
## 18 SE PTEMBER XXX Days



The 5 day, at midnight, Jupiter The 23 day, at 8 aftern. Saturn The 26 day, at 9 aftern. Mars The 30 day, at 7 morn. Mercury
with the Moon.

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{1}{1}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l\|}  & \sin n \\ \text { sets } \end{array}\right\|$ | Moon South. | y Observations. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 151 | 46 | 2 a 11 | The depth of Rain |
|  | 2516 | 644 | 254 | ping, in September 1827, was 3-394 |
|  | 3518 | 642 |  | Inches; and at Kendal for the same |
|  | 4520 | 640 | $4 \quad 25$ | period 3.329 Inches. |
|  | 521 | 639 | 5 | Rain may be expe |
|  | 523 | 637 | 6 | FIRST Quar. 6d. at noon. |
|  | 525 | 635 |  | 5th, 9th, 13th, 15th, and |
|  | 8.527 | 633 | 54 | this Month. |
|  | $95 \quad 29$ | 631 | 51 | me |
|  | 531 | 629 |  |  |
|  | 1533 | 627 | $10 \quad 46$ | nd Grace among the green boughs rode |
|  | 535 | 5 | 143 | , |
|  | 537 | 623 | morn | FULL Moon, 13d.6h. 2gm. mom |
|  | 4539 | 621 | - 40 |  |
|  | 541 | 619 | 36 |  |
|  | 543 | $6 \quad 17$ |  | the benevolent p <br> Sicily as well |
|  | 545 | $\begin{array}{lll}6 & 15\end{array}$ | $3 \quad 28$ | are likely to come in for a share of |
|  | 854 | 613 | $4 \quad 23$ | the reiterated malific effects of these |
|  | 549 |  | $5 \quad 18$ |  |
|  | $55^{1}$ |  | $6 \quad 11$ | LAST Quar. 20d. oh. 6m. morn. |
|  | 15.53 |  | 7 | unbenign rays. |
|  | , 555 | 6 | $7 \quad 52$ | When fiery Mar |
|  | 357 |  | 40 | And to bright Venus darts mischievous |
|  | 458 |  | $9 \quad 26$ |  |
|  |  | O | 0 | Rage and disorder from su |
|  | 62 | 558 | $10 \quad 53$ | And fatal Discord moves the upper Skies, |
|  | 6 |  | 36 | e aspects of this and the follow- |
|  | 6 | 554 | - a 19 | EW Moon, 28d. 2h. 3n). |
|  | 6 | 552 | 12 | ing month may be considered of a |
|  | 610 | 550 | 246 | mild |




[^1]

\(\left.\begin{array}{|cc|}\hline Hoore.j NOV E M B L I 1829 . \& 23 <br>
\hline The 17 day, at 6 aftern. Saturn <br>
The 23 day, at 2 aftern. Mars <br>
The 25 day, at 3 morn. Mercury <br>
The 27 day, at 7 aftern. Venus <br>

The 27 day, at 9 aftern. Jupiter\end{array}\right\}\)| is |
| :---: |
| with the |
| Moon. |


1829.

## 24 DECEMBER XXXI Days.


M.DCCC.XXIX.
\(\left.\begin{array}{|ll}Moore.] DE C E M B E R 1829 . <br>
\hline The 15 day, at 2 morn. Saturn <br>
The 22 day, at 11 morn. Mars <br>
The 25 day, at 5 aftern. Jupiter <br>
The 26 day, at 5 morr. Mercury <br>

The 29 day, at 8 aftern. Venus.\end{array}\right\}\)|  |
| :---: |
| is |
| with the |
| Moon. |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { rises } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|c\|} \hline n & \text { Sun } \\ \text { os } & \text { sets } \end{array}$ | Moon South. | MONTHLY OBSERVATIONS. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 756 | 64 | 425 | The depth of Rain which fell at Ep- |
| 2 | 758 | 84 | $5 \quad 18$ | ping, in December 1827, was 4.465 |
|  | 3759 |  | 6 | Jirst $\mathbb{T}$ uar. 3 d. 6 h. 33 m . aftern. |
| 4 | 759 |  | 71 |  |
| 5 | 80 |  | $7 \quad 52$ | riod, 10.365 Inches!! The Maximum |
| D | 81 | 1359 | 84.5 | atmospheric pressure, at bith places, was |
|  | 82 | 2358 |  | in this Month, when at Epping it was |
|  | 83 | 3357 | $10 \quad 34$ | equal lo 30-31 Inckes of Mercury, and |
|  | 83 | 3357 | 130 | at Kendal 30.46 Inches. This proved |
| 108 | 84 | 4356 | morn. |  |
| 118 | 85 | 5355 | $0 \quad 26$ | a very wet Month over the greater por- |
| 128 | 85 | 5355 | 21 | tion of Britain. |
| D | 86 | 6354 | 214 | Rain or Snow may be expected |
| 14.8 | 86 | 6354 | 35 | about the 8 th, 17 th, 20 th, 27 th, and |
| 1.5 | 87 | 7353 | $3 \quad 52$ | 50t |
| 16 | 87 | 7353 | 4. 37 |  |
| 178 | 87 | 7353 | $5 \quad 21$ | FROM the preceding monthly ac- |
| 18 | 87 | 7353 | 6 | Laxt Tuar, 18 d .6 h .4 m . morn. |
| 19 | 88 | 8352 | 6 |  |
| D 8 |  | 8352 | $7 \quad 27$ | pears that there fell at Epping, in |
| 21 | 88 | 8352 | $8 \quad 10$ | 1827, $25 \cdot 85$, or 25 Inches, and eighty- |
| 22 | 88 | 8352 | 855 | five hundredths of an inch; and at Ken- |
| 23 | 88 | 8352 | $9 \quad 42$ | dal, for the same period, 58.006, or |
| 24 | 8 S | S3 52 | 1032 | 58 Inches, and six thousandths of an |
| 25 | 88 | 8352 | 1124 | Inch! On a comparison of the dif- |
| 26 | 87 | 7353 | 0 a 18 | fitew ffloon, 26 d .3 h .36 m. morn. |
| D |  | 7353 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 13\end{array}$ | ferent Meteorological Journals kept |
| 28 | 87 | 7.353 | 2 | in this Country, it is found that more |
| 29 | 86 | 6354 | 3 | rain falls at Kendal, and its neigh- |
| 30 | S 6 | 6354 | $3 \quad 54$ | bourhood, than in any other part of |
| 31 | 85 | 5355 | 446 | England. |

The Dominion of the Moon in Man's Body, passing under the Twelve Zodiacal Constellations.
$r$ Aries Head \& Face
૪ Taurus Neck \& Throat
II Gemini Arms \& Shoulders
ธo Cuncer Breast \& Stomach
$\Omega$ Leo Heart and Back
现 Virgo Bowels and Belly
$\bumpeq$ Libra Reins and Loins
m. Scorpio Secret Members
$\uparrow$ Sagittarius Hips \& Thighs vo Capricorn Knees \& Hams
 ) P Pisces Feet and Toes.

Names and Characters of the Planets, With Dragon's Heall \& Dragon's Tail. $\odot$, or, the SUN
$\eta_{2}$ Saturn 24 Jupiter $\begin{gathered}\text { O Mars }\end{gathered}$
ㅇ Venus $\not \subset$ Mercury $D$ the Moon.
So Dragon's Head $\wp$ Dragon's Tail.
Planets discovered since 1780. H Uranus. $?$ Ceres. $\hat{f}$ Pallas. $\stackrel{*}{*}$ Juno. Vesta.

The Characters of the Aspects.
$\delta$ Conjunction * Sextile $\delta$ Opposition
$\Delta$ Trine $\square$ Quartile.

Results of the Probabilities of Life. - Of 1,000 individuals born at the same time, there will remain at the end of


A quakter of the individuals born, die before they are a year old, and harf before they are seventeen. - Women usually live longer than men; and women who have been married, longer than those who have not.

WASte not, want not! - IF a small tradesman, or an individual of the labouring classes, begin to save money at the age of 27 , improve his money at 4 per cent., and add the interest to the principal halfyearly; and continue doing thus until he has attained his 50 th year :


IF he begin to save at 20 years, add the interest half-yearly, and gc on until he is 50 years of age, smaller annual savings will secure


IF he be a married man, the same sums will purchase comfortable annuities for hinself and wife, but smaller, of course, than the above.
M.DCCC.XXIX.

| Common Notes for the Year 1829. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lunar Cycle, or Golden Numb. 6 | Lent begins - - March 4 |
| Epact - - 25 | Easter Diy - - April 19 |
| Dominical letter - - D. | Rogation Sunday - - May 24 |
| Cycle of the Sun - - 18 | Ascension Day - May 28 |
| Eipiphany - - Jan. 6 | Whit Sunday - - June 7 |
| Sundays after Epiphany - (five.) | Trinity Sunday - - June 14 |
| Number of Direction - 29 | Sundays aft. Trin. (twenty-three) |
| Septuagesima Sunday - Feb. 15 | Advent Sunday - - Nov. 29 |

## TABLE OF TERMS AND RETURNS

 For the Year 1829.Hilary Term begins January 23 ; ends February 12. RETURNS, or ESSOIGN Days. |Ex.|Re.Ap W.D. In eight Days of St. Hilary - Jan. $2021 \mid 22,23$ Friday. In fifteen Days of St. Hilary - $\quad-2728|29| 30 \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}\text { Friday. }\end{array}\right.$
 In eight Days of the Purif. of the BI.V.M. - $9|10| 11,12 \mid$ Thursday.

Easter Term begins May 6; ends June 1. | In fifteen Days of Easter $\quad-\quad-M a y$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | Wednesd. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | From Easter Day in three Weeks - - 10 11 112 13 3 Wednesd. From Easter Day in one Month - - 17181920 Wednesd. From Easter Day in five Weeks - - $2425 \mid 26$ On the Mor. of the Ascen. of our Lord - $29.30 \mid 31$ J. 1 Monday.

Trinity Term begins June 19; ends July 8.
 In eight Days of the Holy Trinity - - $2122223 \mid 24$ Wednesd. In fiftee: Days of the Holy Trinity - $2829: 30$ J. 1 Wednesd.


Michaelmas Term begins Nov. 6; ends Nov. 28.

 On the Morrow of St. Martin - - - 12 1:3 $14 \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}6 & 16 \\ \text { Monday. }\end{array}\right.$ In eight Days of St. Martin - - - 18 19.9 2021 Saturday. | In fifteen Days of St. Martin - - | 25 |
| :--- | :--- |

N.B.-No Sittings in Westminster Hall on the Second of February, Ascension Day, and Midsummer Day.
The Exchequer opens eight Days before any Term begins, except Trinity, before which it opens but four Days.
Nute, The first and last Days of every Term are the first and last Days of Appearance.
*** "An Act for further facilitating the despatch of business in the court of King's Bench," was passed in the 2d session Geo. 1V. cap.16.

Kings and Queens, from the Conquest.


## BIRTH-DAYS of the RUYAL FAMILY.

KING GEORGEIV. - - - born 12 August 1762.
D. of Clarence - - 21 Aug. 1765 Duke of Gloucester 15 Jan. 1776

Q of Wirtemberg - 29 Sept. 1766 Duch of Clarence 13 Aur. 1792
Prs. Augusta Sophia 8 Nov. 176- Duch. of Kent - - 17 Aug. 1780
Prs. Hesse Homburg 22 May 1770 Duch. of Cumberland 20 Mar. 1778
D. of Cumberland - 5 June 1771 Duch. of Cambridge 25 July 1797

Duke of Sussex - - 27 Jan. 1773
D. of Cambridge - 24 Feb. 1774

Duch. of Gloucester 25 April 1776
Princess Sophia - - 3 Nov. 1777
Alexandrina Victoria 24 May 1819
George F. A. C. E. 27 May 1819
George William, 26 March 1819 Augusta Caroline, 19 July 1822

| Sovereigns of Europe. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kingdoms, \&cc. | To whom subject. | When borı. |  | Began to reign. |  |  |
| England, | Grouge IV. | Aug. 12 | 1762 | Jan. | 29 | 1820 |
| France, \&c | Charles X. |  | 1757 | Sept. |  | $182+$ |
| Russia, | Nichol | July 7 | 1796 | Nov. |  | 18:5 |
| Spain | Ferdinand V | Oct. 14 | 1784 | Mar. |  | 1808 |
| Portug Prussi | Frederic Wm. III | Aug. |  |  |  |  |
| Netherlands | William I. | Aug 24 | 1772 |  |  | 1815 |
| Deninark | Frederic VI | Jan. 28 | 1768 | Mar. | 13 | 1808 |
| S weden\& Norway | Charles X I | Jan. 26 | 1764 | Feb. | 5 | 1818 |
| Austria, \&c. | Francis | Feb. 12 | 1768 | Mar. |  | 1792 |
| Popedom | Leo XII | Aug. 2 | 1760 | Sept. | 27 | 1823 |
| Sardin | Charles Felix | A pril 6 | 1763 | Mar. |  | 1821 |
| Naples, \&c. --- | Francis J. J. | April 19 |  |  |  | 1825 |
| Ottoman Empire | Mahourd --. -- | July 20 |  | July |  | 180- |
| Hanover - | Geo. IV. England | Gov. D. | Camb. |  |  | 1820 |

The Names of the Learned JUDGES of the Law. I. Chancery: Right Hon. Lord Lyndhurst. Lord High Chancellor. Right Hon. Sir John Leach, Master of the Rolls. Right Hon. Sir Lancelot Shadwell, Vice Chancellor. II. King's Bench :

Right Hon. Lord Tenterden, L. C. J.
Sir John Bayley. Sir Geo. Sowley Horroyd. Sir Joseph Littledale. III. Common Pleas:

Right Hon. Sir William Draper Best, L. C. J.
Sir James Allan Park. Sir James Burrough. Sir Stephen Gaselee IV. Excheruer:

Right Hon. Sir William Alexander, L. C. B.
Sir William Garrow. Sir John Hullock. Sir John Vaughan. Attor. Gen. Sir C. Wetherell. - Sol. Ge1. Sir N. C. Tindal

## 30 TIDE TABLE 1829.

A plain and easy TABLE, showing the time of HIGH WATER.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | m | m |  |
| $0 \quad 15$ | 11 | 30 | 48 | 8 5 5 30 | 68 | $7 \quad 33$ | 1048 | 93 |
| 16 | 12 | 218 | 3 | $6 \quad 18$ |  | 21 | $11 \quad 36$ | 91 |
| 217 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 14\end{array}$ | 36 | $4 \quad 24$ | 76 | $7 \quad 4 \%$ | $9 \quad 9$ | $12 \quad 24$ | $10 \quad 39$ |
| 318 | 2 | $3 \quad 54$ | 12 | 7 7 4 | 832 | $9 \quad 57$ | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 12\end{array}$ | $11 \quad 27$ |
| $4 \quad 19$ | 250 | 4 | 6 | - 82 | $9 \quad 20$ | \$0 45 | 20 | 12 |
| $5 \quad 20$ | 3 38 | 530 | 648 | $9 \quad 30$ | 108 | 11133 | 48 | 13 |
| $6 \quad 21$ | $4 \quad 26$ | $6 \quad 18$ | 36 | $10 \quad 18$ | $10 \quad 56$ | $12 \quad 21$ | 36 | 21 |
| $7 \quad 22$ | $5 \quad 14$ | 6 | 824 | 116 | 11 | 19 | 42 | 39 |
| $8 \quad 23$ | $6 \quad 2$ | $7 \quad 54$ | 12 | 1154 | $12 \quad 32$ | 57 | 12 | 57 |
| $9 \quad 24$ | $6 \quad 50$ | 842 | 100 | 1242 | $1 \quad 20$ | 45 | $6 \quad 0$ | 45 |
| $10 \quad 25$ | $7 \quad 38$ | $9 \quad 30$ | $10 \quad 48$ | 130 | 28 | 3 3: | $6 \quad 48$ | 33 |
| $11 \quad 26$ | 8261 | $10 \quad 18$ | 1136 | 218 | 255 | 421 | 36 | 21 |
| 12.29 | $9 \quad 14$ | 11 | $12 \quad 24$ | 36 | $3 \quad 4$ |  |  | $7 \quad 9$ |
| $13 \quad 28$ | $10 \quad 211$ | 1154 | 12 | $3 \quad 54$ | $4 \quad 32$ | 57 | 12 | 57 |
| 29 |  | $12 \quad 42$ |  | $4 \quad 42$ | 20 | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 45\end{array}$ | 10 |  |

Note. - That the Moon's Age being observed in the first Column' you find the Time of High Water at all the Places above mentioned' in the respective Column of Numbers immediately below them. Thus, when the Moon is One, or Sirteen Days old, it is High Water a ${ }^{t}$ Candado, Dunkirk, Leith, \&c. at 26 Minutes past 12 o'Clock. And 30 of the rest. - As to the Moon's Age, you find it in the Sixth Caiumn on every left-hand Page of the CALENDAR.

A TABLE of the Equation of TIME, for regulating Clocks and Watches, for 1829. - Note, fa. Clock too fast; that is, your Clock to be set right, must be so much faster than the Sun Dial. slo. Clock too slow ; that is, your Clock must be so much slower than the Sun Dial.

| D. | January | February | March | April | May | June |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $3^{\prime}$ fa. $57^{\prime \prime}$ | $13^{\prime} \mathrm{fa} 58^{\prime \prime}$ | 12'fa. $39^{\prime \prime}$ | $3^{\prime}$ fa. $59^{\prime \prime}$ | $3^{\prime}$ slo. $3^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{\prime}$ slo. $35^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 3 | 453 | $14 \quad 13$ | $12 \quad 14$ | $3 \quad 23$ | 317 | 216 |
| 5 | 548 | $14 \quad 23$ | $12 \quad 1$ | 248 | $3 \quad 29$ | 156 |
| 7 | 641 | $14 \quad 31$ | 1133 | 213 | $3 \quad 39$ | 134 |
| 9 | $7 \quad 32$ | 1435 | $10 \quad 48$ | 139 | 346 | 112 |
| 11 | 821 | $14 \quad 37$ | $10 \quad 17$ | 16 | $3 \quad 52$ | 049 |
| 13 | 97 | 1435 | $9 \quad 44$ | 034 | 355 | $0 \quad 24$ |
| 15 | 950 | $14 \quad 29$ | $9 \quad 19$ | $0 \quad 3$ | 356 | 0 fa. 1 |
| 17 | 1031 | $14 \quad 21$ | $8 \quad 35$ | 0 slo. 27 | 354 | 026 |
| 19 | 118 | 1410 | $7 \quad 59$ | 055 | 351 | $0 \quad 51$ |
| 21 | 1143 | $13 \quad 57$ | $7 \quad 23$ | 121 | 345 | 117 |
| 23 | 12.15 | 1341 | $6 \quad 46$ | 45 | $3 \quad 37$ | 143 |
| 25 | $12 \quad 43$ | $13 \quad 22$ | 69 | 28 | 326 | 29 |
| 27 | 139 | 13 | 531 | $2 \quad 28$ | 314 | 234 |
| 29 | $13 \quad 31$ | - - - | $4 \quad 54$ | 247 | 30 | 258 |
| 31 | 1350 | - - - | 418 | - - - | 244 | -- |


| D. | July | August | Septemb. | Outober | Novemb. | Decemb. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $3^{\prime}$ fa. $22^{\prime \prime}$ | $5^{\prime}$ fa. $58^{\prime \prime}$ | $0^{\prime}$ slo. $9^{\prime \prime}$ | 16'slo.20' | $16^{\prime}$ slo. $15^{\prime \prime}$ | 10'slo. $43^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 3 | 345 | 50 | 047 | $10 \quad 57$ | $16 \quad 17$ | 9 96 |
| 5 | 47 | 540 | 26 | 1133 | $16 \quad 14$ | 9 |
| 7 | $4 \quad 27$ | $5 \quad 27$ | 26 | 128 | 169 | 816 |
| 9 | $4 \quad 46$ | 512 | 247 | 1241 | 160 | $7 \quad 23$ |
| 11 | $5 \quad 3$ | $4 \quad 54$ | 328 | $13 \quad 12$ | 1548 | $6 \quad 28$ |
| 13 | 5. 18 | 435 | 10 | $13 \quad 42$ | $15 \quad 32$ | 32 |
| 15 | $5 \quad 32$ | $4 \quad 12$ | 52 | $14 \quad 9$ | 1513 | 434 |
| 17 | $5 \quad 43$ | 348 | 35 | $14 \quad 34$ | $14 \quad 51$ | 336 |
| 19 | $5 \quad 52$ | 322 | $6 \quad 17$ | $14 \quad 57$ | $14 \quad 25$ | 236 |
| 21 | $5 \quad 59$ | 254 | $6 \quad 59$ | $15 \quad 17$ | 1356 | 136 |
| 23 | $6 \quad 4$ | 24 | 740 | $15 \quad 34$ | $13 \quad 23$ | 036 |
| 25 | $6 \quad 7$ | 53 | 821 | 1549 | $12 \quad 47$ | 0 fa. 24 |
| 27 | $6 \quad 7$ | 19 | 92 | $16 \quad 0$ | 129 | $1 \quad 24$ |
| 29 | 65 | 045 | 941 | 169 | 11.27 | 223 |
| 31 | $6 \quad 1$ | $0 \quad 9$ | - - | $16 \quad 14$ | - - - | 322 |

How to set a Clock or Watch by this Table: - For Txample, Jan. the 1 st, I find, by looking into the Table, that a Clock to be right must be 3 Min. 57 Seconds faster than a Sun Dial; therefore I set it so much fister accordingly. And so of the rest. Twelve o'clock is the best Time to set a Clock or a Watch by a Dial.

Noie. - A Sun Dial shows Solar or Apparent Time; but a Clock, \&c should be set to Equal or Mean Tine, as the Table directs, to go true.

A TABLE of the Rising, Southing, and Setting of the PLEIADES, or Seven Stars, for every 5th Day in the Year; of excellent Use to find the Hour of the Night.

| Month |  | Rise | , | Sets |  | Rise |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \& Days |  | h. m. | h. m | h. m | \& Days. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll} 5 \mathrm{~m} & 7 \\ 4 & 45 \\ 4 & 23 \\ 4 & 23 \\ 3 & 21 \\ 3 & 41 \\ 3 & 19 \end{array}$ | $\cong\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 26 \end{array}\right.$ |  | 8 m 59  <br> 8 39 <br> 8 18 <br>  18 <br> 7 58 <br> 7 38 <br> 7 18 <br> 7 18 | $\left.\begin{array}{\|lll} \hline 5 & 2 & 16 \\ 4 & 56 \\ 4 & 35 \\ 4 & 15 \\ 4 & 15 \\ 3 & 55 \\ 3 & 35 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |
|  | 6 11 16 21 26 2 | $\begin{array}{rr} 10 & 21 \\ 10 & 1 \\ 9 & 41 \\ 9 & 22 \\ 9 & 28 \\ 9 & 3 \end{array}$ | 1 6 38 <br> 1 6 14 <br> 1 5 58 <br> 2 5 39 <br> 3 5 20 | $\begin{array}{ll} 2 & 55 \\ 2 & 35 \\ 2 & 35 \\ 2 & 15 \\ 1 & 56 \\ 1 & 37 \\ 1 & 20 \end{array}$ |  | $\left[\begin{array}{rr} 10 & 36 \\ 10 & 17 \\ 9 & 58 \\ 9 & 39 \\ 9 & 20 \end{array}\right]$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{ll} 3 & 10 \\ 2 & 51 \\ 2 & 32 \\ 2 & 13 \\ 1 & 54 \\ 1 & 54 \end{array}\right\|$ |
| ¢ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 21 \\ 26 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 8 & 31 \\ 8 & 13 \\ 7 & 55 \\ 7 & 36 \\ 7 & 36 \\ 7 & 18 \end{array}$ | 1 4 48 <br> 13 4 30 <br> 5 4 12 <br> 6 3 53 <br> 1 3 33 <br> 8 3 3 <br> 0 3 17 | $\begin{array}{rl} 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 29 \\ 0 & 26 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 11 & 52 \\ 11 & 34 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{rr} \hline 8 & 38 \\ 8 & 20 \\ 8 & 2 \\ 7 & 4 \\ 7 & 42 \\ 7 & 27 \\ 7 & 9 \end{array}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{rr\|} 1 & 12 \\ 0 & 54 \\ 0 & 36 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 11 & 1 \end{array}\right\|$ |
| $\text { 薹 }\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 21 \end{array}$ | 6 38 <br> 6 20 <br> 6 1 <br> 5 43 <br> 5 24 <br> 5 5 <br> 5 5 | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered} 2_{0} 37$ | 11 12 <br> 10 54 <br> 10 35 <br> 10 17 <br> 9 58 <br> 9 39 <br> 9 9 |  | $\begin{array}{lll} 6 & 51 \\ 6 & 33 \\ 6 & 14 \\ 5 & 55 \\ 5 & 37 \\ 5 & 16 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\underset{=}{\mathrm{m}}\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ -26 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \hline 4 & 47 \\ 4 & 28 \\ 4 & 8 \\ 3 & 48 \\ 3 & 28 \\ 3 & 28 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 9 \\ 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 22 \\ 8 & 42 \\ 8 & 22 \\ 8 & 22 \\ 8 & 2 \\ 7 & 43 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 4 & 55 \\ 4 & 35 \\ 4 & 35 \\ 3 & 15 \\ 3 & 55 \\ 3 & 31 \\ 3 & 10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 5 & 1 & 12 \\ 5 & 0 & 5 \\ 5 & 5 \\ 5 & 0 & 32 \\ 5 & 0 & 12 \\ 1 & 112 \\ 111248 \\ 0 & 11 & 27 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{rr} 9 & 29 \\ 9 & 9 \\ 8 & 49 \\ 8 & 29 \\ 8 & 5 \\ 7 & 44 \end{array}\right\|$ |
| $\stackrel{0}{5}\left\{\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2\end{array}\right.$ |  | $\begin{array}{cr}2 & 44 \\ 2 & 24 \\ 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 45 \\ 1 & 22 \\ 1 & 22 \\ 1 & 2\end{array}$ |  | 7 18 <br>  18 <br> 6 58 <br> 6 38 <br> 6 19 <br> 5 56 <br> 5 56 |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 2 & 47 \\ 2 & 25 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 42 \\ 1 & 20 \\ 0 & 58 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 7 & 21 \\ 6 & 59 \\ 6 & 37 \\ 6 & 16 \\ 5 & 54 \\ 5 & 32 \\ 5 \end{array}$ |


| MOORE 1829. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q Hfatalagy |  |  |
| OF REMARKABLE OCCURRENCES. |  |  |
|  |  | Ysars since |
| 1066 | WILLIAM (the Norman) conquered England | :3 |
| 1116 | First Parliament of Lords and Commons | 7io |
| 1185 | Ireland conquered by the English | 4 |
| 1304 | Edward I. reduced Scotland | 525 |
| 1369 | Wickliffe first began the Reformation | 460 |
| 1492 | Columbus discnvered America | 337 |
| 1584 | Virginia discovered hy Sir Walter Raleigh | 245 |
| 1603 | A great Plague in London; died 56,570 | 226 |
| 1605 | The Pupish Gunpowder Plot, November 5 | 224 |
| 1610 | Jupiter's Satellites first discovered | 21 |
| 1611 | New Translation of the Bible | -218 |
| 1614 | New River brought to London by Sir Hugh M | eton 215 |
| 1616 | Shakspeare the Poet died - | 213 |
| 1625 | A great Plarue in London; died 34,517 | 4 |
| 1632 | A. great Fire on London Bridge, Feb 11 | - 147 |
| 1649 | King Charles I. beheaded, Jan. 30 | - 180 |
| 1653 | Oliver Cromwell made Protector, Dec. 12 | - 176 |
| 1655 | George Fox, the first of the Quakers | - 17.1 |
| 1658 | Oliver Cromwell died, Sept. 3 | 17 |
| 1660 | King Charles I I. restored May 29 | 16 |
| 1662 | The Royal Societry instituted - | - 162 |
| 1666 | The lamentable Burning of London, Sept. 2 | -. 163 |
| 1669 | The Royal Exchange ; built 1667, first opened, | t. $28 \quad 160$ |
| 1670 | The Prince of Orange arrived at Whitehall | - 15 |
| 1672 | Halfpence and Farihing, first coined, Aug. 16 | -157 |
| 167\% | Prince of Orange married to the Princess Mary | - 152 |
| 1678 | The Popish Plot discovered | -151 |
| 1679 | The Habeas Corpus Act passed | - 150 |
| 1688 | The seven Bishops sent to the Tower, June 8 | - 141 |
| 1688 | Prince of Orange landed at Torbay, Nov. 4 | - 141 |
| 1688 | King James II. abdicated, Dec. 12 - | - 141 |
| 1689 | King William and Queen Mary crowned, April 1 | 140 |
| 1693 | Bank of Eng. established - Hackney Coaches first | ensed 136 |
| 1704 | Gibraltar taken by Sir George Rooke | 125 |
| 1707 | England and Scotland united. May 1 - - | 122 |
|  | The great Sir Isaac Newton died, March 20 | - 102 |
| 1727 | An Larthquake in several parts of England | - 102 |
|  | The use of the Latin language and of the ancient in writing, abolished as to legal proceedings, 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { court-hand } \\ & \text { deo. II. } 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1745 | A Rebellion in Scotland - | 54 |
| 1746 | The Scotch Rebels defeated at Culloden, April 16 |  |
| 1750 | Westminstor Bridge finished, cost 389,500). |  |
| 1752 | The Style and Calendar altered, Sept. 2 | - 77 |
| 1755 | Lisbon destroyed by an Earthquake | 74 |
| 1765 | Otaheite discovered. - General Warrants declared | legal 64 |
| 1770 | Blackfriar's Bridge finished, cost 152,84 ll . | 50 |
| 1775 | War declared against North America, August 23 |  |
| 1776 | The Americans declare themselves Independent | - 53 |

1778 War against France.-1779, $\mathrm{D}^{0}$ Spain.-1780, $\mathrm{D}^{\circ}$ Holland 1783 A general Peace. - Fiery Metcor passed over Eng. Aug. 18. 46 1784 Establishment of Mail Coaches - - - - 45
1792 France a Republic.-King of Sweden shot by Ankerstrom 37
1793 King and queen of France guillotined - - - 36
1797 Ireland invaded by the French - - - - 32
1799 Buonaparte appointed First Consul of French Republic - 30
1801 Ireland united to England.-A general Peace - - 25
1801-2-4, The Planets Ceres, Pallas, and Juno, discovered.
1803 War with France renewed - . . - . - 26
1804 Buonaparte made Emperor - - - - 25
1805 Batille of Trafalgar, and glorious death of Nelson - 24
1807 Copenhagen taken by the English; Treaty of Tilsit; the Portuguese Government emigrated to the Brazils - 22
1812 The Prince Regent assumed his full powers. - War between France and Russia; Battle of Borodino; Moscow burnt.
1813 America decl. War against G. Britain; Alliance of England, \&cc. against France; Revolution in Holland; Pr. of Orange recalled.
1814 Severe Frost; Allied Armies invaded France; Capitulation of Paris; Buonaparte aldicated, and conveyed to Elba; Defin. Treaty signed at Paris; Emp. of Russia, King of Prussia, \&c. visited London; Peace proclaimed; Centenary Jubilee, \&c.
1815 Conspiracy in France; Return of Buonaparte; Murat defeated, dethroned and shot; Battle of Waterloo; Surrender of Paris to the Allies; Return of Louis 18; Buonaparte exiled to St. Helena; where, on May 5, 1821, he died.
1816 Vauxhall Bridge, and Waterloo Bridge, opened.
1819 March 25. Southwark Bridge opened.
1820 Jan. 23. Died] The Duke of Kent, aged 52; and
-_29. Died] George III. aged 82 ; both buried at Windsor.

- Feb. 23. A conspiracy to assassinate His Majesty's Ministers
discovered; and Thistlewood and others executed.
--March: General Election. - New Parliament met, 21 April.
- Aug. 1. The Regent's Canal opened.

1821 The one and two pound Notes withdrawn from circulation, and Gold Sovereigns of 20 s. and Half Sov. 10 s. value issued.

- June. The Turks and Greeks at war.
-July 19. King George IV. crowned; visits Ireland; Hanover; and, in 1822, Scotland.
- Died $]$ Sir William Herschel, Astronomer.

1823 Counter Revolution in Portugal.
1824 Sept. King of France (Louis 18.) died, Charles X. succeeds.
1825 South American Independence established.

- Independence of Hayti acknowledged by France.
- June. First stone of the new London Bridge laid.

1826 Portugal: Don Pedro IV. issues a New Constitutional Charter.

- June: General Election for Second Parliament of George IV.

1827 Jan. 5. Duke of York died, aged 63 ; buried at Windsor.

- June 5. Queen (dowager) of Wirtemberg visited England after an absence of 30 years.
- Oct. Egyptian Fleet destroyed at Navarino.

1828 June. War between Russia and the Porte.

- July 21. Diell] Charles Manners Sutton, Ld. Abp. Canterbury.

An Account of the ECLIPSES of the Sun and Moon, and other Appearances in the Heavens, in the Year 1829; calculated from the most correct and approved Data. Founded on the Universal Law of Gravitation.

FROM correct Astronomical Computations I find there sent year, namely, two of the Sun, and the same number of the Moon. But from our position on the surface of the globe, as respects the times of the syzygies of the Moon, within the ecliptic limits, only one of these phenomena will be visible in England, and that but for a very short time; the Moon setting at Greenwich, soon after the Eclipse begins, having attained to only about 1-5th of its greatest obscuration.

The First Eclipse that will happen this year, will be of the Moon, on Friday the 20th of March, in the afternoon; but by reason of the lunar conjunction with the Earth taking place so near the opposite meridian, no part of this Eclipse will be visible to us. Yet to a meridional extent comprehended between longitudes $77^{\circ} 55^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{E}$. and $138^{\circ} 28^{\prime} 39^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}$. it will be visible from beginning to end, when the former will be at 11 minutes before 1 , and the latter at 12 m . after 3; the Moon's northern limb entering the southern side of the Earth's shadow, she will have four digits and a half of her disc immersed at the time of greatest obscuration.

The fore part of this Eclipse will be visible to the Western regions of North America; but the Moon will set to the West Indies, the United States, and Gulf of Mexico, before the Eclipse begins.

This Eclipse will be visible to the greater part of Asin, and to the whole of Australia, to New Zealand, New Guinea, Borneo, the Philippines, the New Hebrides, and Friendly Isles; likewise to numerous other Islands scattered over a great extent of the Pacific Ocean.

The Moon will be vertical at the beginning, over latitude $23^{\prime} \mathrm{S}$. longitude $167^{\circ} 1^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. and the same at the end over latitude $45^{\prime} \mathrm{S}$. longitude $132^{\circ} 26^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$; this latter point falls in the N.W. part of New Guinea.

The Second Eclipse, which I am now about to describe, is a noble one of the Sun, on Friday the 3d of April; 1829.

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but, unfortunately for the curious, it cannot, for two reasons, be visible to us in Englnnd. Nevertheless those parts of the Earh which happen to be on the central crack at the time when the umbra is passing, will be veiled in murky darkness; for the Moon having but just passed her perigee, her visible diameter will so far exceed that of the Sun, as not merely monentarily to deprive those parts of the Globe of the solar rays, but the darkness in this case will be of considerable duration. For I find, by a rather difficult process of calculation, taking into consideration the Moon's motion from the Earth on the relative orbit, together with that of the latter on its axis, that at 10 h .15 m .45 s. p. M. Greenwich time, the centre of the umbra will have arrived in latitude $28^{\circ} 25^{\prime} 29^{\prime \prime}$ South, and longitude $142^{\circ} 36^{\prime} 16^{\prime}$ West, where the Sun will be 4 m .8 s . totally obscured. It is, however, to be feared, that from this enviable spot, no astronomical eye will behold this interesting phenomenon; which otherwise, had such an appearance happened in a more favourable part of the earth, might possibly have lieen the means of adding another gem to the inevitable truths of Astronomy.

This Eclipse may be expected to begin on the Sun's upper limb at his rising, in latitude $39^{\circ} 18^{\prime} 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{S}$. longitude $157^{\circ} 44^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime}$ E. at 7 h. 47 m .6 s . ; but the centre of the umbra will not touch the Earth till 8 h. 50 m .44 s . that afternoon, and which will be in latitude $52^{\circ} 33^{\prime} 42^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{S}$. longitade $144^{\circ} 31^{\prime} 35^{\prime \prime}$ E. : this, like the former, falls in the Great Southern Ocean. Very soon after the central shade enters upon the waters of the great deep, it passes over the southern extremity of the Austral Island of New Zealand, and again entering the Great Southern Ocean, continues its course in a N.E. direction, till it nearly reaches the meridian of Otaheite, in latitude $32^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ S., where the Sun will become centrally eclipsed at noon day. After the central obscuration passes the vertex of its elevation, its course becomes more Easterly, and when arrived in latitude $18^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{S}$. longitude $86^{\circ} 58^{\prime} 37^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}$. it will, at 11 h .40 m .37 s . leave our little globe of land and water, to traverse the regions of that unaccountable something, or nothing, called absolute space; but the Eclipse will not be over till 15 m .36 s . before $1 o^{\circ}$ clock next morning, when it will finally leave she Earth in latitude $5^{\circ} 0^{\prime} 39^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{S}$. long. $101^{\circ} 35^{\prime} 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}$. M.DCCC.XXIX.

## MOORE 1829.

From what has been said above, it is clear the central obscuration is almost wholly confined to the waters of the Great Southrrn Ocean; but the Sun will be partially eclipsed on its southern or upper limb, to the south-west parts of Australia, to the whole of New Zealand, the Friendly and Society Isles. This Eclipse will also, in the early part of its course, extend even to the Frozen Ocean of the Antarctic Circle.

The duration of this Eclipse will be 4 h .57 m .18 s . and the Sun will be totally obscured 2 h .49 m .53 s .

The Third Eclipse of the present year, is a partial one of the Moon, on Sunday morning, September the 13 th, the early part of which will be visible here; for the Moon's lower limb sets at Greenwich, 34 m .17 s. afier 5 o'clock, with the Eastern part of her disc $1^{\circ} 19^{\prime} 22^{\prime \prime}$ obscured, as shown in the annexed Type; at which time she will be vertical near the Western coast of South America, latitude $3^{\circ} 22^{\prime} \mathrm{S}$. longitude $84^{\circ} 24^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$. Tnis Eclipse begins at 5 h .24 m .54 s . ; the middle takes place at 6 h .36 m .59 s .; and the end at 7 h .49 m .5 s . The duration will be 2 h .24 m .11 s . and the digits eclipsed on the Moon's southern limb, at the time of greatest obscuration, equals $6^{\circ} 5^{\prime} 19^{\prime \prime}$.


This may properly be called an American Eclipse, as it will be visible to the whole of that extensive Continent, 1829.
called North and South America; the forepart of which will also be visible to Morocco, Portugal, the Western Coast of Africa, and likewise to Madeira and the Cape de Verd Islands : it may also be seen at the Sandroich and Society Isles. The Moon will rise during the Eclipse to New Zealand, the Friendly Isles, and to several other small Islands scattered over the Pacific Ocean.

The Fourth and last Eclipse of this year is of the Sun, on the 28th of September, the conjunction happening at 2 m .42 s . after 2 o'clock in the morning, and of course it will be invisible to the inhabitants of the British Isles. As respects the general appearance of this phenomenon, it will begin at 11 h .4 m . of the preceding night, and end at 46 m . after 4 the following morning.

This Eclipse will be annular all along the central path, and even where greatest the ring of light will be rather more than 2-5ths of a digit in breadth. The ingress of the first point of obscuration of the Sun's elisc will be in Chinese Tartary, latitude $41^{\circ} 4^{\prime} \mathrm{N}$. longitude $105^{\circ} 35^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. but the line of concentric appearance will touch the Earth more to the north, that is, in Siberia, latitude $56^{\circ} 16^{\prime}$ N. longitude $87^{\circ} 9^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. Leaving this point, it quickly reaches the Lake of Baikal, and entering the northern parts of Chinese Tartary, it crosses the Amour and Gulf of Tartary, and after passing over a small island or two in the vicinity, it very soon enters upon the waters of the Pacific, where the Sun will be centrally eclipsed when on the meridian in latitude $39^{\circ} 23^{\prime} \mathrm{N}$. longitude $157^{\circ} 6^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. The central appearance continuing its course over the northern part of this mighty sea, it passes near the Sandwich Isles, and leaves the Earth in latitude $21^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. longitude $142^{\circ} 42^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$.; but its final exit will be near a small Island, called Palmyras, in latitude $5^{\circ} 47^{\prime} \mathrm{N}$. longitude $161^{\circ} 47^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$.

This Eclipse will be visible in a greater or less degree to nearly the whole of Siberia, Chinese Tartary, the Islands of Japan, to Kamischatka, and the Northern Archipelago.

## M O ORE 1829.

Remarkable Appulses, Lunar Occultations, and other Phenomena in the Heavens, pointed out chiefly for the purpose of Telescopic Olservation.
ALTHOUGH many of the celestial appearances which I shall here record, for the purpose of my $\Lambda$ stronomical Readers, may be seen with the naked eye, yet if observed with a Telescope, they will be found far more interesting.

The position of the Descending Node of the Lunar orbit is now, and will be for some time such, that the Moon may be expected frequently to produce Occultations of that noted fixed Star Aldebaran, to some parts or other of our Globe; and from careful computations, it appears that three of these phenomena will be visible in this country within the period of the present year.

On April 7th, in the afternoon, the Moon will make a near appulse to Aldebaran; for at 5 h .18 m .19 s . her lower limb will only be $6^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ north of the star. Again, on July 25th at night, or rather early the next morning, the Moon and Aldebaran will be seen very near each other at rising; and though the Moon will eclipse the star, yet I expect the occultation will be over before she appears above our horizon.

The first Occultation of Aldebaran by the Moon, that is expected to be visible to us, will be on the 22 d of August, in the morning, when the Immersion, or disappearance of the star behind the light part of the Moon at I, takes place at 5 h .41 m .50 s . and its Emersion or re-appearance from behind the dark part of the Moon at E , at 6 h .57 m .29 s . the star having been hid by the Moon 1 h .15 m .39 s . Although this Occultation happens when the Sun is above the horizon, yet with a Telescope the Star may be readily seen. The Moon passes the meridian during the occultation.
1829.

## Celestial Phenomena.

THE next of these Phenomena that will be visible in England happens on the 15th of October, in the evening; the Inmersion takes place at $I$, on the enlightened limb of the Moon, at 9 h .24 m .59 s . exactly $69^{\circ} 0^{\prime} 56^{\prime \prime}$ from the vertical point $v$ of the lunar periphery; and the Emersion of the star will be at E . on the dark part of the Moon, at 10 h .3 m .36 s . only
 $12^{\circ} 13^{\prime} 58^{\prime \prime}$ from the said point, agreeable to the annexed delineation. At Greenwich the Moon crosses the eastern prime-vertical at the end of the occultation.

The last of the Occultations of this noted Star, during the present year, will be on the 9th of December, in the afternoon, when the im mersion happens at 5 h . 49 m .27 s . and the Emersion at 6 h. 47 m . 7 s ; ; the star having been hid by the Moon 57 m .40 s .

The star disappears at I, $77^{\circ} 38^{\prime} 23^{\prime \prime \prime}$ from the lowest point of the Moon's limb, and reappears at E. $46^{\circ} 46^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$ from the highest point $v$
 of the sanie; agreeably to the accompanying Figure. The Moon, as in the last, also crosses the eastern prime-vertical during the occultation.

Note. - The instants of the Eclipses and Occultations are given in Apparent time, and according to the meridian of the Royal Observatory.

I shall now in a few words inform my Readers when they may view the Planetary Bodies with a Telescope to M.DCCC.XXIX.
the greatest advantage. And in the first place, those who would wish to see the small planet Mercury, must look out for him a little before sun-rise, on or about March 27 th, July 26 th, and November 14th; again, a little after sun-set on February 12th, June 8th, and October 5th. On the 8th of May, at 2 in the morning, this planet will pass behind the Sun as respects our Globe.

The geocentric position of Venus will be unfavourable for observing her with a t-lescope during the greater part of this year. On the 26th of December she will have attained her greatest eastern elongation, when she will appear dichotomized like the Moon at her first quarter.

Jupiter will be in oppo-ition to the Sun on the 1st of June; hence during this, the preceding and following months, will be the proper times for observing this noble Planet, his belts and satellites; but from his great southern declination, he will at most ascend only a few degrees above the horizon, for when on the meridian of London, his altitude will not be greater than 17 or 18 degrees.

On the contrary, the planet Saturn has considerable northern declination, and of course will rise high in the heavens; and as he comes to a conjunction with the Earth on the 21st Jannary, he will be a very conspicuous object during the early part of this year, when this wonderful Globe, with its magnificent ring, may be minutely obstrved, with a sharp eye and a good telescope.

The best time to look for Uranus will be at the latter end of July, or beginning of August : when on the meridian of London, his altitude will be about 19 degrees.

Note.-Remarkable Celestial Phenomena are approaching! Visible Solar Eclipses have of late been very rare occurrences in this country; but I promise my Readers that if the morning of .July 17 th, 1833 , be bright, that those who rise early will see the Sun nearly 9 digits obscured at London, and parts adjacent.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS, \&c.
Relating to the Year 1827; with some Remarks on the Barometer, Thermometer, \& $c$.
Courteous Readef,
1 T is absolutely necessary, in the present advanced state of Meteorology, for those who are in the habit of keeping journals of the various phenomena of the Atmo1829.
sphere, to possess themselves of the very best instruments and that their labours may be more available to science, it is desirable that a preconcerted and an extensive plan of co-operation be adopted. But more immediately to the subject in hand:-

Janduary: The weather of this month was generally variable, sometimes fair, at other times light rains, sleet, snow, and blustering winds; the range of temperature was very considerable, and heavy falls of snow were experienced in the North of England. A severe frost between the 3 d and 4 th, and also between the 25 th and 26th; at the former period, the minimum temperature at Epping, was $11^{\circ}$, at Gosport $22^{\circ}$, at London $12^{\circ}$, but at Penzance only $24^{\circ}$, at East Retford $15^{\circ}$; at Ackworth, Yorkshire, the Thermometer was as low as $1^{\circ}$, or 31 degrees below the point of freezing ; but at Babroorth, about a mile from East Retford, the cold seems to have been very intense; for the index of a self-registering thermometer descended to 9 degrees below Zero, or $41^{\circ}$ below the freezing point of water! The same degree of cold was, at that time, also pointed out by another thermometer in that place. Again, the minimum temperature at Gosport, appears to have been on the 22d, when it was $20^{\circ}$; but at Epping, it was on the 26 th, when the index of the thermometer stood at $9 \frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$, or $22 \frac{1}{2}$ degrees below the freezing point.-February was unusually dry, accompanied with north-easterly winds, and a high baro-meter.-March was very changeable; the wind was frequently strong, with driving showers of rain; and in the North, great quantities of snow fell in the early part of the month. There were some frosty mornings, with the thermometer at $29^{\circ}$; and on the contrary, we had some pleasant days, with a temperature of $60^{\circ}$. The minimum atmospheric pressure of the year was in this month. - April : The early part was generally mild and dry, and the nightingales were heard in the rural retreats of Epping Forest on the 13th; nevertheless, on the 24th, 25 th and 26 th, the mornings were frosty, with ice on the ponds, and much snow fell in some parts of England. The air was also cold and ungenial some days before this period; but on the last day of this month, the temperature at Epping was as high as $81^{\circ}$ ! at Ackworth and London $79^{\circ}$, at Penzance $61^{\circ}$, and East Retford $59^{\circ}$; such is the fickle state of our climate! - MAy came in warm, but a change soon took place; for on the 9 th, 10 th and 11 th, M. DCCC.XXIX.
we had some sharp frosts. After this time the weather was warm and pleasant, with some light rains towards the latter part of the month. - June was generally dry, with a pretty uniform temperature; and though we had some refreshing showers, yet such was the aridity of the atmosphere, that they ultimately proved of little service to vegetation. -July: During the greater part of this month the weather was bright and hot, and when the wind was southerly, the air was sultry and oppressive. The maximum temperature at Epping and East Retford was $85^{\circ}$, at Gosport $80^{\circ}$, at Ackworth $83^{\circ}$, and at London $88^{\circ}$. Early on the morning of the 30th, a thunder-storm visited most parts of England, accompanied with a heavy fall of rain in many places. A tree was struck at Epping, that morning, by the electric fluid: this was at 4 h .47 m .-August entered with fair weather, which continued partially so till near the middle of the month; it then proved showery for some days, afterwards it was again fair, and remained so, with few exceptions, to the end of the month. The Harvest was early, and in gencral, the Corn was well got in. September: The weather for the first eight days was dry; then showery and wet to about the 15 th ; again fair for two or three days; afterwards rain at times to the conclusion of the month. The maximum temperature was about $72^{\circ}$. A remarkable display of the A urora Borealis on the night of the 25 th. - October: In the early part of this month the mornings were foggy, but the days mostly bright and pleasant ; a considerable fall of rain on the 10th and 11th, afterwards mostly fair to the 19th, when again the weather became wet and drizzly, and continued so to the end. Under the resuscitating influence of a copious precipitation, and a mild temperature, the fields put on the appearance of vernal verdure not usual at this season of the year. - November: There were not any very heavy rains this month, and the weather was mostly mild; but on the $22 \mathrm{~d}, 23 \mathrm{~d}, 24$ th and 25 th ; we had some very sharp frosts, with snow; when the minimum temperature at Epping was $14 \frac{1^{\circ}}{}{ }^{\circ}$, at Earl Spencer's seat at Althorp, in Northamptonshire, $17^{\circ}$, at London $19^{\circ}$, at Ackworth $24^{\circ}$, at Gosport $27^{\circ}$, at East Retford only $30^{\circ}$, and at Penzance the Thermometer did not fall to the freezing point, but became stationary at $33^{\circ}$. December proved remarkably mild, windy and wet; but towards the latter part of the month, the weather became more fair, with some slight frosts, and the mer1829.
curial column attained its greatest elevation for the year, at the time of the morning ligh tide of the aërial ocean : this was on the 28th, when the maximum pressure at Epping was $30 \cdot 31$, at Boston $30 \cdot 33$, at Penzance $30 \cdot 40$, at Kendal $30 \cdot 46$, at Gosport 30.58, at Ackworth 30.68, at East Retford $30 \cdot 75$, and at London 30.81 . The depth of rain which fell this month, at the above-mentioned places, was $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 65,1 \cdot 98,7 \cdot 58,10 \cdot 365!5 \cdot 625,2 \cdot 24,4 \cdot 714$, and $3 \cdot 6$ inches respectively. On the 21 st and 22 d , thunderstorms, with lightning and hail, in different parts of the country.

## Judicium Astrologicum, pro Anno 1829.

VOX CEELORUM, VOX DEI: The Voice of the Heavens is the Voice of God. - He speaketh in all the Changes of the Seasons and of the Times.

## Courteous Reader,

YOU must understand, that Favourites are but as counters in the hands of great persons, raised and depressed in value at pleasure : - and if so, it is great folly in many of us to covet or be ambitious of such seeming felicity. It is not amiss for us to consider what a bubble human life is! How silent are the approaches of death! How unseen are the trap-doors of the grave! Man, that is in the pride of health, will needs now and then bluster, as if he could pluck the stars from the Heavens, or throw the world off from its poles; what is he still but a little brittle clay? kneaded at first with tears, and then hardened by the sunshine of prosperity, into a lump of vanity, which yet the fire of a fever can easily scorch into ashes; and thus too often happens the fate of mankind.

Quantula sint horsinum corpuscula.
M. DCCC.XXIX.

I beg now to introduce to the notice of my readers an Hieroglyphic, which, on due consideration, will be found to apply to the present state of mundane affairs.


AN ASTROLOGICAL Judgment of the Four Quarters of the Year 1829, from the Infux and Infuences of the Planetary Orbs, with respect to the Affairs of the World. - And First, Of the Winter Quarter, called the Brumal Ingress. $T$ HE Solar, Tropical, or Civil Year, is the interval of time from the Sun's leaving one equinox till it returns to the same again ; and the quadripartite divisions of this period are determined by the Sun's entrance into the four cardinal points of the Ecliptic ; and the present Quarter, in our northern Hersisphere, is supposed to begin when the Sun's centre touches the first point of Capricorn, which, in the present instance, will be on Sunday, December $21 \mathrm{st}, 1828$, at 7 h .21 m .39 s . P.m. when the 11 th degree of Leo is on the ascendant, and the 22d degree of Aries that of the Medium Coeli. Here we have the planet Saturn occupying the 12th house, at a small elevation above the angle of the first; he is moving retrograde in the domal dignity of Sol. Mars is in a succeedent house of the western angle, in $\Delta$ with Luna, and square of Mercury; Jupiter is in his own house, near the angle of ' the fifth, and in $\Delta$ with $\hbar$; Venus occupies an inter182\%.
cepted sign in the fourth house, and is approaching to a conjunction with 4.

I have here given the most material positions of the planetary bodies at this ingress; and my judgment from them is, that in the general affairs of Nations, the common people or subjects of many Princes in transmarine parts appear generally dissatisfied, their Sovereigns much impoverished; many considerations or secret consultations are on foot, with a view of ameliorating their miserable condition, but all will be to no purpose whilst the present system of misrule continues to be acted upon in those parts

On the contrary, it is truly gratifying to find our Senators engaged in the laudable work of reformation; may the same prosper in their hands! All religious tests for qualifying persons to civil appointments in the state, must, to every impartial observer, appear to be wrong. The Catholic considers the consecration of the water, the bread and the wine, and a belief in transubstantiation, as essential points in his creed; all this is very droll, and to some may seem absurd, yet that, for these reasons, he should be a worse member of society, or less fit to take an active part in the state, is not by every one supposed. It may also be remembered, that in these respects, our ancestors were equally in the dark; but then this was in times when witches were ducked, and the clergy could not read. Many people are of opinion, that the consecration of churches, and of the ground set apart for the reception of the dead, savour a little of Popish superstition. What then? They may be good subjects notwithstanding. However, I shall leave these matters for the consideration of my readers, and conclude the observations of this Quarter in the words of the Poet:-

For modes of Faith let graceless zealots fight;
His can't be wrong, whose life is in the right:
In Faith and Hope the world will disagree,
But all Mankind's concern is Charity :
All must be false that thwart this one great end;
And all of God, that bless Mankind or mend.

## Of the Vernal, or Spring Quarter.

THE Vernal Quarter of the present Year begins on Friday, March 20th, at 8 h. 36 m. 36 s. P.M., at which time I find, from accurate computations, that the face of the heavens, as regards the positions of the Planetary Bodies, the Signs and some of the most noted of the Fixed Stars, will be according to the following delineation. M.DCCC.XXIX.

SCHEMA COELI ingressu Solis in Arietis.


From a careful examination of the annexed Figure, it will be seen that Venus is the Lady of the Ascendant, and of the Sth house; she is also posited in the succeedent house of the northern angle, holding a trine with Mars, and a square with Jupiter. Sol is lord of the angle of culmination, and is $a b 8$ of Luna, $a b \Delta$ of Saturn.

I really do not see any thing of a very formidable nature at this ingress, or that is likely to concern us in England; but John Bull's estates are so detached and scattered over the globe, that, what with the delinquency of some of his servants, and the encroachment of his neighbours, he is, poor man, obliged continually to be upon the watch, and to sleep, as it were, with only one eye shut and the other open. Sometimes he sends out an army to thrash the rogues, and at the same time hires others to help him - these he calls his allies; but the enemy of late has become so artful in his tactics, and by that means so much protracting the contest, that the good old gentleman finds this mode of settling differences to be both very tiresome and expensive. His former contests cost him a raint of money, besides the loss of thousands of his best men! He is therefore determined, in future, to try what conference will do; and if, after all, he finds this plan will not answer, he can but then, in case of extremity, call out his army, and risk the event. Belhum rec timendum, nec provocandum.
1829.

The weather, during the greater part of this Quarter, is likely to he mild, with frequent and refreshing showers, producing, in a favourable soil, a rapid and luxuriant vegetation.

## Of the Estival, or Summer Quarter.

This tropical ingress takes place on Sundlay, June 21 st, at 6 h .7 m .52 s. r.m. when the culminating point cuts the 2 d degree of Libra, and the castern angle the 5th degree of Sagittarius. Mercury and Mars are in conjunction in the eighth house, and Saturn, in the same division of heaven, throws a trine to the benevolent Jupiter in the first; the Moon also in a cadent house of the lower angle, forms the same aspect with Sol and Venus in the seventh. These rays do not appear to me of an unfriendly disposition: but we have in this quarter an inimical conjunction of $h$ and $\delta$, which position has always been considered of deadly import by the oldest Astrologers; signifying wars, bloodshed, and devastation, which, it is to be hoped, the benign rays will in a great measure avert.

When goodness is direct, and iniquity retrograde, we need never despair. If men, in such an aspect of things, will be so perverse as to meet in holes and corners not sanctioned by the law, they must not blame authority, but thank themselves, if their illpropped caverns tumble about their ears, and they drink of the cup of destruction at their own charges.

## Of the Autumn Quarter.

In the present Year, I find that this Quarter will commence on Wednesday the 23d of September, at 8 h .16 m .48 s . in the morning, at which time the 24 th degree of Libra is on the ascendant, and the $2 d$ degree of Leo on the Medium Coeli. The planets are all direct, and occupy the oriental part of the Figure, forming at the same time the following
 Hiㅇ with $\nsucceq$ and $f ; \triangle D 24$, and $\odot$ IH ; with the $3 \odot 1$ H.

From these configurations, compared with those of the preceding Quarters, we may naturally conclude that this will be the most harmonious Quarter of the four. The greater part of it, in all probability, will be taken up with consultations and deliberations of no small import ; and as Venus, lady of the ingressional horoscope, is separating from the square of $H$, and applying to the square of $\delta$, and is also in exact decile with Jupiter in his own domal dignities, we need not, on the whole, doubt of calm proceedings, and diseussions relative to divers propositions of a healing nature. Still, nevertheless, there does appear just cause of suspicion of sly sinister designs at the bottom, too closely couched to be well intended, and pursued with too much secresy and cunning, to be hastily brought to light : at all events, I hope they may in the end turn out to the benefit of mankind in general, and more particularly to the honour and prosperity of the British Nation.

> FINIS.

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## NOTHINGHAMSHIRE.

Bingham, Feb 10, 11, 12, Th in Whit-wk Nov 8, 9 -Blythe, Holy Th Oct 6-Dunholme, Aug 12-Edwinstow, Oct 24-Gringley, Dec 12-Lenton, Wed in Whitwk, Nov 11-Mansfield, July 10, 2nd Th in Oct. first Fri in Nov. Statute for hiring servants; market for cattle every other Th-Marnham, Sept 12-Newark, Fri bef Caring Sun Whit-Tu May 14, Aug 2, Nov. 1, Mon before Dec 11-Nottingham, Fri aft Jan 13, Mar 7, Th bef Easter, Oct 2, 3, 4-Ollerton, May 1--Retford, Mar 23, Oct 2Southwell, Whit.Mon Oct 21, Statute for hiring servants -Tuxford, May 13, Sep 25-Warsop, Mon bef Whit-Mon Nov 17-Worksop, Mar 31, June 21, Oct 14.

## DERBYSHIRT.

Alfreton, July 31-Ashbourn, first Tu in Jan. Feb 13, Apl 3, May 21, July 5, Aug 16, Oct 20, Nov. 29-Ashover, Apl 25, Oct 15-Bakewell, Easter-Mon. Whit-Mon. Aug z6, Monaft Oct 11, Monaft Nov 2z-Belper, Jan 28. May 15, Oct 31-Cubley, Nov 30-Chapel-en-le-Frith, Th bef Feb 13, Mar 29, Th bef Easter, Apl 30, Holy Th. three wks aft July 7, Th bef Aug 24, Sept 24, Th bef Nov 11Chesterfield, Jan 27, Feb 28, first Sat in Apl. May 4, July 4, Sept 25, Nov 25-Criteh, Apl 6. Oct 11-Derby, Fri aft Jan 6, 25, Mon in Lent Assize wk. Easter-Fri. Fri after May 1, Fri in Whit-wk. July 25, Supt 27, 28, 29, Fri bef

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Oct 11-Darley Flash, May 13, Oct. 27-Dronfield, Jan 10, Api 14, July 26, Sept 1- Duffield, Th aft Jan 1, Mar 1 -Higham, Wed aft Jan 1-Hope, May 13, Sept 29Matlock, Feb. 25, May 9, July 16, Oct 25-Newhaven, Oct 30-Pleasley, May 6, Oct 29-Ripley, Easter-Wed. Oct 23-Sawley, Nov 12-Tideswell, May 3, first Wed in Sept Oct 29—Wirksworth, Shrove-Tu. May 13, Sept.3.

## LEICESTERSHIRE.

Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Mon befShrove-Tu. Easter-T'u. WhitTu. the last Mon in Sept. Nov 10-Belton, Mon after Trin ity-wk-Billsden, Apl 23, July 25-Castle Donington, Mar 18, Th in Whit-wk. Sept 29-Hallaton, Holy Th and 3rd 'Th after - Hinckley, Ist, 2nd, and 3rd Mon aft Jan 6, Easter Mon. Mon bef Whit-Mon. Whit-Mon. Aug 26. Mon after Oct 28-Kegworth. Easter Mon. Oct 11-Leicester, Mar 2, May 12, July 5, Oct 10, Dec 8-Loughborough, Mar 28, Apl 25, Holy Th. Aug 12. Sept 25, Nov. 13-Lutterworth, first Th after Feb 19, ditto March 10, ditto Apl 2, ditto 15, Holy Th. Th aft July 23, Sept 16. Th aft Oct 10, ditto Nov 10-Market Bosworth, May 8, July 10-Market Harborough, Jan 6, Feb 16, Apl 29, Juiy 31, Oct 19 (continues nine days) Tu bef Nov $2 \geqslant-N e w$ Meetings, first Tu. aft Mar 2, ditto Midlent-Sun. ditto Dec 8-Melton Mowbray, Mon and Tuafter Jan 7 and 17, Mar 13, May 4, Wait-Tu and Wed. Aug. 21, Sept 7-Mount.arrel, July 29-Waltham, Sept 19.

## LINCOLNSHIRE.

Alford, Whit-Tu. Nov 8-Barton, Trin-Th-Belton, Sept 25-Boston, May 4 and 5, Auc 5, Nov 22. Dec. 11Bourn, Mar 7, May 6, Oct 29-Brigg. A 1 5-Burgh, May 13, Oet "-Burwell, May 14, Oct 11-Cuistor, Mar 10̈, May 1), June 1, Sat aft Oct 11-Cayt orpe Gond FriCorty. Aug 26, Mon bef Oct 11-Couthorpe. A pi --Crowland. Spt 4-Crowle, last Mon in Mal, Nov $22-$ Donnington, May 26. Aug 17, Sept 4, Oet 11-Epworth, ...s Tu aft May 1, first 'Th aft sept. 29-Fillingham, Nov 22Falkingham, Ash-Wed. Palm-Mon. May 13, June 16, July

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3 and 4, Nov 10 and 22-Gainsborough, Tu af aft Easter-wk. Oct 20-Grantham, fifth Mon in Lent, Holy-Th. July 10, Oct 26, Dec. 17-Grimsby, June 17, Sept 15 -Haxey, Ju!y 5-Heckington, Apl 19, Oct 4-Holbeach, May 17, Sept 10 Horneastle, June 22, Aug. 21, Oct. 29-Kirton, July 18, Dec 11-Lincoln, A pl 23 (four days) July 5 , first Wed aft Sept 12 (three days) Nov 28-Louth, third Mon aft Easter, Aug 25, Nov 22-Ludford, Aug 2, Nov 30-Market-Deeping, Oct 11-Market Rasin, Sep 25-Messingham, Trinity-Mon-Navenby, Aug 18, Oct 17-Parmey, Aug 1 and 25, Sept 18, 19, Oct 18, 19-Sallfleet, Oct 3,-Scotter, July 10 -Sleaford, Plough-Mon. Easter-Mon. Whit-Mon. Aug. 13, Oct 20-Spalding, Apl 27, June 29, Aug 30, Sept 25, Dec 6 -Spilsby, Mon bef Whit-Mon. Mon aft ditto, if it fall in May, if not, there is no fair, Sept 6-Stamford, Tu bef Feb 13, Mon bef Midlent-Mon. Midlent-Mon. Mon bef May 12, Mon aft Corpus Christi, Aug 5. Nov 8-Stockwith, Sept 4-Stow, Oct 11-Stow Green, July 3, 4-Swinesheat?, second Th in June, Oct 2-Swinstead, second Mon aft Oct 11-Tattersall, May 15. Sept 25-Tidford, Mon aft Easter, Dec 6-Torksey, Whit-Mon-Wainflect, third Sat in May, July 5, Aug 24, Oct 24-Winteringhan, July 14 -Winterton, July 5-Wragby, May 1, Sept 29.

## RUTLANDSHIRE.

Oakham, Mar 15, May 6, Sept 9; New Meetings (Toll iree for Cattle) established at Oakham, second Sat in Apl Sat in Whit-wk. Sat aft Oct 10, Nov. 19, Dec. 15-Uppingham, Mar 7, July 7.

## NOETEAMPTONSHIRE.

Boughton Green, June 24. 25, 26-Brackley, Wed aft Fieb 25, A prl 24, Wed aft June 22, Wed aft Oct 11, Dec 11-Brigstock, Apl 25, Sept 4, Dec 22-Brixworth, Whit-Mon-Daventry, first Mon in Jan. Easter-Tu. June 6 \& 7, Aug 2, Oct 2 and 27-Fotheringay, third Mon aft July 6 -Higham Ferrers, Tu bef Feb 5, Mar 6, Th lef May 12, June 28, Th bef Aug 5, Oct 11, Dec 6-Kettering, Th bef

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Easter, Fri bef Whit-Sun. Th bef Oct 11, Th bef Dec. 21 -Kingscliffe, Oct 29 -Northampton, Feb 20, Apl 6, May 4, June 19, Aug 5 and 26, Sept 19, first Th in Nov (Toll free) Nov 28, Dec 19-Oundle, Feb 25, Whit-Mon. Aug 21, Oct 12-Peterborough, July 10, Oct 2-Rockingham, Sept 25-Rothwell, Trinity-Mon. (a week)-Thrapston, first Tu in May, Aug 5-Towester, Shrove-Tu. May 12, Oct 29-Weldon. first Th in Feb. May, Aug and NovWel'inglorough, Easter-Wed. Wed in Whit-wk. Oct 29West Hadden, May 2-Yardley, Whit-Tu.

## WARWICKSHIRT.

Atherstone, Apl 7, July 18, Sept 19, Dec 4-Alcester, Tu bef Mar 25, May 18, Oct 17-Birmingham, Tu in Whitwk Sept 29-Brailes, Easter-Tu-Coleshill, Shrove-Mon. May 6, Oct 2-Coventry, second Fri aft Ash-Wed. May 2. Fri in Trinity-wk. (eight days) Aug 26, \& 27, Nov 1Henley, Mar 25, Whit-Tu. Oct 29-Kineton, Jan 25. Oct 18-Nuneaton, Feb 18, May 14, Oct 31-Rugby, Jan. 16, Feb 17, Mar 31, May 15, July 7, Aug 21, Mon bef Sept 29, ditto Oct 27, Nov 22, Tu bef Dec 21-Solykull, Apl 29, May 10, tirst Fri aft Sept 9, Oct 10 and 12-Southam, Easter-Mon. Mon aft Holy Th. July 10—Stratford-uponAvon, Th aft Mar 25, May 14, Sept 25, and second Thaft -Sutton, Trinity-Mon. Nov 8-Tamworth, Apl 12, Sept 1 -Warwick, first Sat in Lent, Mon bef Apl 6, May 13, July 5 , second Mon. in Aug. Sep 4, Oct 12, Statute for hiring Servants, Nov 8, Mon bef St. Thomas.

## YORKSHIRE.

Abcrford, first Mon in Apl. May, and Oct. first Mon aft Oct 18, and aft Nov 2-Adwalton, Jan 26, Feb 25, EasterTh. and every Th fortnight after till Michaelmas--Allorough, Sept 4-Appletrewick, Oct 2-Askrigg, May 11, first Th in June, Oct 28-Astwick. Th bef Whit-SanBransburton, May 14-Barnsley, Wed bef Feb 28, May 13, Oct 11 -Bawtry, Whit-Th. Nov 23-Bedale, Easter and Whit-Tu. July 6, Oct 11, Dec 13-Bentham, Mar 26, Oct 25-Beverley, Th bef Feb 25, Holy-Th. July 5, Nov 5 ,

Principal markets for Cattle, Apl 5, Wed bef May 12 and bef Sept 14, Wed aft Dec 25-Bingley, Jan 25, Aug 25- Blachburlen, Whit-Mon-Bolton. June 28-Boroughbridge, Api 27, June 22, Oct 26-Bradfield, June 27, Dec 9-Bradford, Mar 3, June 17, Dec 9-Bridllngton, Mon bef Whit-Sun. Oct 21-Brumpton, Nov 12-Cawood, May 13-Clapham, Oct 2-Coxwold, Aug 25-Dewsbury, Wed bef May 12, Wed bef Oct 11-Doncaster, Apl 5, Aug 5; and Statute the first Tu in Nov-Dumnington, Nov 7Easingwold, July 5, Sept 25-Egton, Tu bef Feb 15, bef May 11, Sept 4, and Nov 22-Frodlingham, July 10, Oct 2 -Gargrave, Dec 11--Gisberough, June 6, Whit-Tu. Aug 26, Sept 19, Mon aft Nov 11-Grassington, Mar 4, Apl 24, June 29, Sept 26-Grinton, Good Fri. Dec. 21-Guishurn, Easter-Mon. 2nd and 4th Mon aft. Sat aft the 4th Mon. 5th Mon aft Easter, Sept 18-Halifax, June 21-Hawes, Whit-Tu. Sept 28-Haworth, July 22, Oct 14-Hedon, Feb 14, Aug 2, Sept 22, Nov 17, Dec 6; a market every other Mon in the year-Hemsley, May 19, July 16, Oct 2, Nov 6-Holmfirth, Oct 30-Hornsey, Aug 13. Dec 17 Howden, Jan 11, second Tu aft Apl 5, Sat bef Holy-Th. 2nd Tu aft July 11, Oct 2-Huddersfield, Mar 31, May 14, Oct 4Hull, Oct 10-Hunmanby, May 6, Oct 29-Inglelon, Nov 17 -Keighley, May 8, Nov 8-Kettlewell, July 6, Sept 2Kilham, Aug 21, Nov 12-Kirkly Moorside. Whit-Wed. Sept 18-Kirkham, Trinity-Mon-Knaresborough, Wed aft Jan 13. and aft Mar 12, May 6, Wed aft Aug 12, Tu and Wed aft Oct 10. and Wed aft Nov. 22-Lee, Aug 24. Sept 17-Leeds, July 10, Oct 8, Nov 8-Leighton, June 24Leyliurn, Znd Fri in Feb. May, Oct. and Dec-Little Driffield, Easter and Whit-Mon. Aug 26, Sept 29-LLong Preston, Mar 1, Feb 28, Sept 29- Malham, June 25, Oct 4Malton, Mon bef Palm-Sun. Sat before Whit-Sun. Oct 10 -Masham, Sept 17-Middleham, Easter and Whit-Mon. Nov 5-Moor Kirk, June 24-Northallerton, Feb 14, May 5 , Sept 5 . Oct 3 ; the second Wed in Oct for Cheese-North Driffield, May 4-Otley, Wed in Easter-wk.-Patrington, Mar 28, July 18, Dec. 6-Penistone, Th bef Feb 28, last Th in Mar. Th bef May 12, Th aft Oct 10-Pickering, Mon

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bef Old Candlemas, Old Midsummer and Old Michaelmas days respectively, Sept 25-Pocklington, Mar 7, May 6, Aug 5, Nov 28, Dec 7, 18-Pontefract, first Sat aft the 20th day from Dec 25, Feb 5, first Sat aft Feb 13, Sat bef Palm-Low, and Trinity-Sun respectively, Sat aft Sept 12, first Sat in Dec ; the fortnight Fairs are held on the Sat aft the York fortnight Fairs-Reeth, Fri bef Palm-Sun. 2nd Fri bef May 12, Fri bef Aug 24, 2nd Fri bef Nov 22-Richmond, Sat aft New Candlemas, Sat bef Palm Sun. Ist Sat in July, Sept 25-Ripley, Easter-Mon and Tu. Aug 25-Rippom. Th aft Jan 13, May 12, first Th in June, Th aft Aug 22, Nov 22--Rotherham, Whit-Mon. Dec 1-Scarborough Holy-Th. Nov 22-S'eamore, July 15-Selby, Easter Tu. June 22, Oct 10-Sedburgh, Mar 10, Oct 29-Settle, Tu bef PalmSun. Th bef Good Fri and every other Friday till WhitSun. Apl 26, June 2, Aug 18 to 21, first Tu aft Oct 27Sheffield, Trinity-Tu. Nov 20-Sherburne, Oct 6-Skipton, Mar 23. Palm-Sun Eve, Easter-Eve, lst and 3rd Tu after Easter. Whitsun-Eve, Aug 5, Nov 20-Slaidburn, Feb 14, Apl 15, Aug 1, Oct 20-Snaith, last Th in Apl. Aug 10, first Fri in Sept-South Cave, Trin-Mon-Stamford Bridge, Dec 1-Stokesley, Sat bef Trinity-Sun.-Tadcaster, last Wed in Apl. May, and Oct respectively-Thirsk, Shrove Mon. Apl 4, Aug 3, Oct 28, Dec 14-Thorne, Mon Tu and Wed aft June 11, ditto aft Oct 11-Tollerton, Aug 15--Topcliffe, July 17-Wakefield July 4, Nov. 11 -Weighton, May 14, Sept 25-Wetherby, Holy-Th. Aug 5, Oct 10 -Whitgift, Ju y 22-Yarm, Th bef Apl 5, Holy-Th Aug 2, Oct 19 -York, Whit-Mon. July 10, Aug 12, Nov 22; principal Harse Fairs, Mon in the Race wh. and Mon in the lst whole wk bef Dec 25.

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The great object of this Society is to unite the whole Kingdom upon a safe and equitable principle of Insurance; and it is provided by the Constitution of the Society that the Insured shall be free from all responsibility, and to guarantee the engagements of the Office a fand of $£ 550,000$ has been subscribed.

The Premiums received are applied in the first instance to the payment of Losses and expenses, and of the net residue, a return of 3 -fifths is made to the parties insured every three or five years, at the discretion of the Directors.

Losses by Lightning, or by Fires occasioned by Lightning, will be made good.

The Public opinion of the principles and conduct of this Establishment may be inferred from the fact, that it now ranks the second Fire Office in the United Kingdom. In the Mangfield District alone, near 400 Policies have been issued, and upwards of $£ 270,000$ insared.

#  



PATRONS.

The Duke of Beaufort, Sir J. Wrottesley, Bart.

The Right Hon. Earl Craven, Sir Joseph Scott, Bart. \&c. \&c.

Amidst the various improvements which have taken place within the last century, none have been attended with greater advantages than the establishment of Offices, for Life Insurance; which, affording a means of providing for the widow and the orphan, the aged and the infirm, are calculated to support the best interests of that valuable class of men, whose talents and industry enable them to support their families in respectability during their own lives, but who bave not the means of leaving an independency to their relatives.

The advantages of Life Insurance need not be insisted upon; they are in fact, too numerous to be compressed within the limits of a few sentences; but the great utility of it will be, in some degree, illustrated by the following examples.

1. A person twenty-eight years of age may, by an annual payment of £z. 7s. 9d. insure $£ 100$, payable to his executors at his decease; or for $£ 23.17 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d}$. may secure $£ 1000$, and thus, at a moderate yearly expense, preserve his family from distress.
2. For every $£ 100$ deposited in this Institution, a man of the age of

3. A man and his wife both aged sixty-one, may obtain an annuity of $£ 20$, to continue as long as either of them live for $£ 252$.
4. Should their ages be sixty and sixty-five, the purchase money would be £242.
5. A person whose age does not exceed twenty-one years, may obtain an annuity of $£ 20$, to commence when he is forty years of age, by a single payment of $£ 125$-or by annual payments of $£ 10$.

# Genuine Patent IMedicines, \&zc. 

\author{ Sold by R. Collinson, Bookseller, Mansfield<br><br>Sold by R. Collinson, Bookseller, Manstield. the? }

Acton's Patent Corn Rubber
American Soothing Syrup
Arnold's Drops

## Pills

Allnult's Fruit Lozenges
Anderson's Scot's Pills
Amboyna Tooth Powder
Atkin's Paste for destroying Rats
Betton's British Oil
Bythell's Pectoral Lozenges
Boerhaave's Red Pills
Barclay's Itch Ointment

- Asthmatic Candy

Butler's Pectoral Elixir
Bott's Tooth Powder

- Tooth Tincture Corn Salve
Nankeen Dye
Bateman's Pectoral Drops
Bennett's Cough Drops
_Lotion for Burns et Scalds
Balsam of Honey
Blaine's Distemper Powders
Brathwaite's Black Drop
Brunswick Corn Plaister
Balm of Racasiri
Bath Stomachic Pills
Cayenne Lozenges
Ching's Worm Ditto
Cephalic Snuff
Clout's Marking Ink
Court Plaister
Charcoal Tooth Powder
Cheltenham Salts, Patherus's
Culle Thompson's
Cullen's Scarlet Pills
Cundel's Balsam of Honey
Cockle's Antibilious Piils
Camphor Lozenges
Carrington's Life Pills
Church's Cough Drops
Cajeput Opodeldoc
Dafly's Elixir
Dalby's Carminative, Gell's
Dutch Drops, Foreign
Dredge's Heal-All
Essence of Spruce
—— Pelitory Root

Friar's Balsam
Ford's Balsam of H...
Freeman's Gutta Sorehound ris is 1
Freeman's Gutta Salutaris
Fothergill's Ointment sivasthisich
—— Restorative Drops 979 I
Godfrey's Cordial
Grant's Cough Drops .
German Corn Salve . . $n$ z' 1 :"
Golden Spirits of Scurvy Grass
Gowland's Lotion
Greenough's Red Tincture
Ginger Beer Powders
Gall's Antibilious Pills
Gold Beaters' Skin
Henry's Calcined Magnesia Aromatic Vinegar
Hayman's Maredants Diops
Harmstrong's Female Pills.
Strengthening Ditto.
Hallam's Antibilious Pills
Hudson's Boot-top Liquid

— Nankeen Dye
——Pink Dye
Hooper's Female Pills
Hiekman's Pills for the Gravel iT Hadfield's Tincture
Hunt's Family Pills
Huxham's Tincture of Bark
Inglish's Scots Pills
Issue Plaisters and Peas
Infant's Preservative
James's Analeptic Pills

- Fever Powders
—_ Cattle Powders
Juniper's Essence of Peppermint
Ipecacuanha Lozenges
King's Carbonated Dentifrice
Odontolgic for the Tooth ache
Lignum's Antiscobutic Drops
Leake's Pills
Lip Salve
Leeming's Essence for blistering Horses
Lettuce Lozenges


## $.088^{2031025014}$

M arshall＇s Universal Cerate Marking Ink for Einen Moxon＇s Magnesian A perient
Newton＇s Tooth Powder
Oxley＇s Essence Ginger
Pallen＇s Female Pills
Antiscnrbutic Dito
Pidding＇s Batsam tiquorice
Peppermint Lozenges
Prepared Chârcoal
Pritchett＇s Worm Powders
Pick＇s Cordial for Sheep，\＆c．
Pink and Blue Saúcers＇
Powell＇s Electuary
－Balsamíc Pills
Roberts＇Poor Man＇s Frìend
－Antiscorbutic Pills
Perry＇s Essence for the Toothache
Quinine Lozenges
Ramsay＇s Bitamions Fluid
———Ditto Pills
－Spice Nuts
Ryan＇s Escence of Coltsfoot
Rymer＇s Cardiac Tincture
——Detergent Pills
Roche＇s Embrocation for the Hoop－ ing Cough
Reynold＇s Specific for the Gout and Rheumatism
Riga．Balsam for Wounds
Sandwell＇s Issue Plaisters
Solomon＇s Balm of Gilead
－－Anti－Impetigines
Abstergent Lotion
Spilsbury＇s Antiseorbutic Drops
Singleton＇s Golden Eye Ointment
Smyth＇s Scouring Drops
Steer＇s Opodeldoc
Salts of Lemons
Saott＇s Pills，Dicey＇s
－Liquid Blue
＿Nankeen Dye
Speediman＇s Pills
Sibley＇Solar Tincture
－Lunar Ditto
Simpson＇s Herbal Medicine
－Vegetable Solvent．
Seidlitz Powders，Savory＇s
Steedman＇s Nipple Protectors
－＿Rhubarb dUGinger Pills
Squire＇s Elixir

Steel＇s Paregoric Lozenges
Sy＇denham＇s Family Pills
Skellet＇s Antibilious Ditto
Saw yer＇s Corn Plaister
Tower＇s Tonic Pills
Trotter＇s Tooth Powder
Taylor＇s Remedy for Deafness
Tolu Lozenges
Vancouver＇s Cement
Vegetable Touth Powder
Wax tapers
Whitehead＇s Fissence Mustard
W－Farnily Cerate
Wessell＇s Jesuit Drops
Widow Weleh＇s Pills
Webster＇s Antibilions Pills
－Mistura
－－Diet Drink
Wilson＇s Gout Tincture
Young＇s Female Pills
Youatt＇s Medicine for Dogs

## PRRFUMIRRY．

Antique Oils
Arquebusade
Bear＇s Grease
Cold Cream
Eas de Cologne，Foreign
Essence of Laveniler，Rinse，Musk，
Violet，and lergamot
Fisprit de Jasamin
Esprit de Lavauder
Fxtract of Roses
French Esprits
－Fssences
Honey Water
Huhert＇s Ruseate Powder
Milk of Koses，Warren＇s
Macassar（）il，Rowland＇s
Oil of Rnses，Orange Flowers，\＆c．
Pear＇s shaving Soap
Pomade Divine
Pomatum
Prince＇s Rursia Oil
Preston Smelling Salts
Rose，Vegetable，Oriental，Palm， Violet，and Windsor Soap
Rigge＇s Transparent Ditto
smyth＇s Lavender Water
－Smelling Salts
Fine scented Windsor Soap，＠－2s．誛访。
Hair，Tooth，Nail，\＆Clothes Brushes．

## The Gardener's Calendare

路已January. Sow radishes, carrots, and spinage, if open weather; also small salading. Prepare dung for hot-beds. Sow Sandwich beans, hotspur and dwarf marrow-fat peas. If mild weather, plant cabbage plants, Prune apple, vine, goosberry, and currant trees. Transplant shrubs.

February. Transplant fruit-trees, Sow, on hot-beds, cauliftower seed. Plant cabbages to succeed those of November Sow spinager and lettuces. Sow celery in warm borders. Sow carrots, parsnips, \& beets; also cabbage for August and September. Sow savoy seed.

March. Sow radishes, spinage, and salad, also onions and leeks fors the main crop Plant Jerusalem artichokes and potatoes. Sowistocks; and hardy annuals. Graft apples, pears, \&c. Plant beans and peas, Fork asparagus. Sow cucumbers, turnips, and celery. - 20 ,

April. Sow early kidney beans, also savoy and cabhage for a late crop. Plant potatoes, also cauliflowers for good. Thin wall-fruit when double the size of a pea. shade and shelter choicel flowers in, bloom. Remove useless shoots from vines, peaches, apricots, dec. os d

May. Sow spinage, kidney beans for a full crop, and tumpips and carrots for August. Thin and weed onion-beds. Sow brocoli, for Christmas. Thin fruit trees. Take up bulbous roots, past blowing. Sow savoys and celery for Christmas. Sow cauliflower for Octoher and; November, and brocoli for Spring. Endive sown now will not run.

June. Transplant celery forblanching. Thin carrots, parsnips, and onions. Sow marrow-fat peas and hotspur beans for Michtelmas, also a full crop of turnips for winter. Gather herbs for drying. -Prick ont brocoli sown in May. Sow lettuce seed. Transplant endive for blanching. Prick out cole-plants and caulifiowers. Lay carnations, dec.

July. Plant out a full crop of winter cabbages and savoys. Bring: out tricolors, coxcombs, and balsams, from frames. Trench celery for winter. Repair asparagus heds. Sow turnip-rooted radish, also onions for March; carrots for April; de spinage for winter. Trim your vines.

August. Sow Welchonions for winter. Take uponions, garlic, dz shalots. Continue to sow cresses and mustard. Take suckers from young artichoke plants. Sow early cabbage seed. Hoe turnips and clip hedges. Clear vines of useless shoots. Divide flower roots.

September. Transplant cauliflower \& endive. Prepare the dung to make mushroom-beds. Slip and plant ont flower roots. Continue to sow small salading. Transplant flowering shrubs and carnation layers. Plant anemonies, ranunculuses, hyacinths, and tulips.

October. Dress beds of sweet herbs. Transplant lettuce for winter use. Plant out early cabbages. Dress asparagus beds. Sow peas and beans for an early crop. Plant cuttings of honey-suckles, lanrels, and suckers of roses, lilacs, \&c. Strawberry beds may still be made.

November. Sow salading under frames. Piant beans \& sow early peas., Prune and nail vines apricots, peaches, \&c. Take up parsnips, carrots, and potatoes Weed spring onions. All bulbons-rooted flow ers should now be planted. Make hot beds to raise asparamus.

December. Sow carrot seed \& lettuce twice thismonth, in a warm border. Sow radishes for spring use, but cover them in severe weather. Prune all sorts of wall-trees. Keep the frost and wet from musbrooms. Transplant shrubs in open weather. Protect choice fiowers from frost.

# Observations on the weather, 

BY THE LATE REV. W. JONES, OF PLUCKLEY.

Cols - 9 -



I MISTS.-A white mist in the evening over a meadow with a river, will be drawn up by the sún hext murning, and the day will be bright. Five or six fogs successively drawn up portend rain. Where there are high hills, and the mist which hangs over the lower lands draws towards the hills in the morining, and rolls up to the top, it will be fair ; but if the mist hangs upon the hills, and drags along the 'woods, there will be rain.

CLOUDS.- Against much rain, the clouds grow bigger, and increase very fast; especially before thunder. When the clouds are formed like fleeces, but dense in the middle, and bright toward the edges, with the sky bright, they are signs of a frost, with hail, smow, or rain. If clouds breed high in the air, in thin white trains, like locks of wooi, they portend wind, and probably rhin. When a general cloudiness covers the sky, and small black fragments of clonds fly underneath, they are a sure sign of rain, and probably it will be fasting. Two currents of clouds always portend rain, and, in summer, thinder.

DEW.-If the dew lies plentifully on the grass after a fair day, it is a sign of another. If not, aad there is no wind, rain must follow. A red evening portends fine weather; but if it spreads too far, upwards from the horizon in the evening, and especially morning, it foretels wind or raill, on both. When the sky in rainy weather is tinged with sea-green, the rain will increase; if with deep blue, it will be showry.
${ }^{\text {BHEAVENLY BODIES - }}$ H haziness in the air which fades the sun's light, and makes the orb appear whitish, oi ill defined; or at night, if the moon and stars grow dim, and a ring encircles the former, rain will follow. If the sun's rays appear like Moses' horn, if white at setting, or shorn of his rays, or goes down into a bank of clouds in the horizon, bad weather is to be expected. If the moon looks pate and dim, we expect rain; if red, wind; and if of her natural colour, with a clear sky, fair weather.': If the moon is rainy throughout; it will clear at the changes, and perhaps the rair return a few diys after. If fair through ont, and rain at the change, the fair weather will probably return on the fourth or fifth day:
WIND.-If the wind veers about, much rain is pretty sure. If in changing it follows the course of the sun, it brings fair weather; the contrary, foul. Whistling or howling of the wind, a sure sign of rain,
METEORS. - The Aurora Borealis, after warm days, is generally succeeded by cooler air. Shooting stars are supposed to indicate wind.

ANIMALS.-Before rain, swallows fly low; dog; grow sleepy, and eat grass; water-fowl dive much; fish will not bite; Hies are more troublesome; toads crawl about ; moles, ants, bees, and many insects are very busy; birds fly low for insects; swine, sheep, and cattle are uneasy, and even the human body.

## VALUABLE FAMIIY NKEDICINES

(Warranted Genuine) may be had of

## R. Collinson, Mansfield.

## Dicey \& Co's True Daffy's Dixir.

THIS most excellent Family Medicine is prepared from the purest drugs and spirits that can be procured, and has been attended with the happiest success in the cure of the gravel, stone, fluxes, spasms, pains in the breast, \&c.; but in the most painful fits of the cholic, and in all complaints of the stomach and bowels, it is unquestionably superior to every other Medicine in the World!-Spurious sorts of a very inferior quality, are, however, offered for sale in almost every town; and, as effectual relief is only to be expected by those who use the Genuine Medzcine, prrchasers are cautioned not to rely merely upon the glass bottle bearing the name of Dicey \& Co. as there are unprincipled people who buy up the empty bottles, for the purpose of fllling them with their own counterfeit preparations, and which are thus imposed upon the public as the True Daffy's Elixir: the only certain criterion is to examine whether the stamp label, which is pasted over the cork, has the words "Drcey \& Co." printed therein; and to observe that the bill of directions is signed "W. Sutton \& Co. late Dicey and Sutton." Price 2s. the bottle; a larger size at 2 s .9 d . each.

## DICEY'S ORIGINAL AND THE ONLY GENUINE DR. BATMMAN'S PECTORAT DPOPG,

In bottles at 1s. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. each, duty included.
In all colds, coughs, agues, fevers, rheumatisms, cholic, pains in the breast, limbs, and joints, and in most cases where colds are the origin, no Medicine has ever been used with greater success, or held in higher estimation, than the Genuine Bateman's Drops ; it is necessary, howerer, to observe, that there are various imitations of this pxcellent Medicine, by different pretenders, all of them utter strangers to the true Preparation. Of such, as you value your Health, beware-and be careful to ask for "The Original and Only True Dr. Bateman's Drops," which have the words "Dicey \& Co." printed in the stamp affixed over the cork; and observe that the bill of directions is signed "W. Sutlon of Co. late Dicey and Siutton." -** All others are counterfeit.

## DICEY'S

## ANDERSON"S TRYE SCOTS' PTLTS,

So well known and approved for their efficacy in bilious, flatulent, and stomach complaints in general.-Ask particularly for Dicey's Anderson's Scots' Pills, and observe that the words "Dicey \& Co." are in the stamp. Price Is. $1 \frac{1}{2} d$. the box.

## SQUIRE'S ORIGINAI GRAND ETIXIR,

Which speedily removes all fresh colds, with their attending symptonis, coughs, asthmas, defluxions, \&c.; all violent pain and soreness of the stomach, proceeding from cold and coughing; and is extremely effice cions in easing rheumatic pains in the limbs or ioins renders the

## DR. WILSON'S TINCTURE,

The justly celebrated remedy for the Gout and Rheumatism, colltinues after 16 years extensive experience, fully to support its bigh character of extraordinary and unrivalled efficacy in all cases of these hitherto tedious and intractable disorders, the severest pains of which it refieves in a few hours, and commonly sabdues the most violent attacks in two or three days; whilst the returns of Gout or Rheumatism may be preventêd altogether, or rendered less frequent, ahd the constitution restored to a healthy state, by the use of

## DR. WILSON'S ALTERATIVE APERIENT PILES,

a medicine which corrects morbid secretions; promotes perspiration and uritie ; evacuates redundant and vitiated bile and other noxious accumuations in the stomach and bowels; reduces corpulency and fulness of habit; and with due attention to diet and regimen, wonderfully improves the general health of gouty, rheumatic, and bilious invalids.

The salutary effects of the Pills are by no means restricted to cases of Gout and Rheumatism. In bilious disorders, habitual costiveness, and in afl complaints of the stomach and bowels, arising from indigestion, the Alterative Aperient Pills will prove a most useful and unrivalled medicine.

The Tincture is sold in bottles at 4 s . öd. large ditto at 20 s ., and the Ptils in boxes at 2s. 9d. each, with ample directions for their use.

## DR. RADCETEFE'S EMTXER,

The most salutary medicine that can be made use of as a general sweetener of the blood, and for all eruptions, whether contracted by too free living, surfeits, or proceeding from scurvy, or from humours after the measles, small-pox, \&c. Price 1s. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. a bottle.

## DR. THOOPYR'S PHITS.

§ Each Box has a Stamp with the name of "Dr John Hooper," the Patentee, engraven on it ; and if there is no such Name on the Stamp, the Public may be assured it is a Counterfeit. Price $1 \mathrm{~s} .1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. per box.

## THE ONLY

GENUINE BETRTON'S BRITISHE OIE.

## Price 1s. 9d. per bottle.

Elizabeti Melebr, (late Betton) daughter, and only legal living representative of the late Mr. Thomas Betton, proprietor of the above vatuable Medicine, begs leave to caution the public against purchasing a spurtous preparation, which is sold as Betton's British Oil by several dealers in Patent Medicines, at thirteenpence halfpenny a bottle : E. Meller assures the public, that she alone is in possession of the materials to make the real, true, and genuine British Oil invented by her late Father, and ever since justly and universally esteemed for its great eficacy in bruises, inflammations, green and other wounds, burns, scoflds, \&c. And such is the expence of the true Preparation, that it cannot be sold for less than 1s. 9 d . the bottle, including the stamp duty, 80.-She requests that purchasers will observe particularly that the words "Dicey \& Co." are printed in the stamp affixed over the coik; and that the Bill of Directions is signed "W. Sutton \& Co. late Dicey and Sutton, No. 10, Bow Church Yard."- All others are counterfelt.

## Bennett's Lation for Burns and Scalds.

[^2]
## ESSENCE OF PERKETORY ROOT, FOR THE TOOTH ACH,

Is confidently recommended as a most efficacious remedy in that tormenting disease, and with the assurance that it will be no ways injurious to the Teeth or Gums. In bottles at $1 \mathrm{~s} .1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. each.

## THE BATEI

## STOMACHEC OR DIGESTIVE PILLS,

Gomposed of the Extract of Turkey Rhubarb, Ginger, \& Ipecacuunha.
These Pills, which are made from the prescription of a Physician in extensive practice in Bath, have been in use for some years, and found particularly efficacious for promoting digestion, strengthening the stomach, correcting acidity, preventing or removing bead-ache, giddiness, and other nervous affections, arising from a costive habit, or debilitated stomach, \&c. In boxes at 2s. 9d.

## HAC HIAN'S ANTT-RHEUMATIC DRORS,

A sovereign remedy for Acute and Chronic Rheumatism. Price 3s. 9d.

## MAC FIAN'S ASTRMATIC DROPS,

A most excellent Remedy for Coughs, Asthmas, Consumptions, and all Disorders arising from (jold, or obstructed Perspiration-Price 18. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$.

## HAC ELAN'S CHYMICAL LENEMENT,

Universally esteemed the bestSpecific ever discovered for Bruises, Cuts, Chilblains, Sprains, External Rheumatism, \&c. being so extremely useful that ewery Family should constantly have it in the house. Price 1s. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$.

## SAWYER'S

## Patent Wixechanical Corn Plaisters,

Which are so contrived as to take the pressure off the corn, and afford immediate relief from pain. They are recommended by the faculty as the best method ever offered to the public. A single trial will prove their beneficial effects. In boxes at 1s. $1 \frac{1}{2} d$.

## That valuable Ointment, called

## TTEE POOR MAN'S ERIEND:

Also the PLLULAL ANTL-SCROPHULE ; prepared by Dr. Roberts, Bridport.
The Ointment will be found a specific for wounds, burns, chilblains, and eruptions of every description ; also for sore and inflamed eyes.Sold in pots at $1 \mathrm{~s} .1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. and 2 s .9 d .

The Pilulæ Anti-Scrophule, one of the best family medicines ever offered to the public, for all Impurities of the Blood, is sold in boxes of 1s. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. $-2 \mathrm{~s} .9 \mathrm{~d}-10 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d}$. and family boxes, $2 \% \mathrm{~s}$.

## K[EETEETM'S ANTIRTETOUS PRTLE:

Whis Medicine, as a specific for Bile, is recommended by testimonials as numerous as they are respectable. It was the invention of Mr. Skellett, late Surgeon to the Westminster Hospital, and is now prepared by his widow ; it removes all obstructions in the viscera, pains in the head, \&c. and has long been patronised by the Officers of the Army and Navy as peculiarly efficacious, particularly in the East and West Indies To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, or suffer from intemperance, it will prove most valuable, as it entirely removes all pains indaced by

## THE BAUME DE VIE.

During half a century, this medicine has never failed to invtgorate the digestive organs when languid; to retard their excess when in a state of increased Irritability; and to invariably modify them to the standard of health. Its efficacy is not less conspicuous in various anomalous diseases arising from excessive indulgence, from the abuse of Mercury, and every Wanton waste of constitational strength. As an application in Wounds, Mortifications, and every species of Ulcer, its utility is daily erinced.In fine, It probably has never been equalled, certainly never surpassed, lyy any preparation hitherto presented to the public. Price 3s. 6d.

## Bymer's Cardiac \& Nervous Tincture,

## The ouly safe and effectual Remedy for Disorders of the HEAD, STOMAC $\dot{H}$, \&c. viz.

1. Head-ache, confusion, and giddiness. 2. Indigestion, loss of appetite, bilions crudities and retchings, yellowness of the eyes and skin, spasms, beartburn, hiccup, and costiveness. 3. For the Gout in the stomach and head. 4. For all such affections of the nervous system as are ettended with depression of spirits, paralytic and apoplectic disposia Hons, prostration of strength, timidity, tremors, starting, palpitations, and faintings. For bracing and strengthening the whole system in staters of relaxation and debility, \&c. \&c. In bottles at $4 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d} .-9 \mathrm{~s} .-17 \mathrm{~s}, \& 33 \mathrm{~s}$.

## DR. HOCKYER'S PELLS.

These Pills were originally discovered, and many jears prepared by Dr. Lionel Lockyer, who in the course of a very extensive practice administered them in a great variety of cases, and established their reputation beyond any other public medicine of that time. They have been found eminently successful in all obstructions of the spleen and liver, pains in the head, want of appetite, bad digestion, the scurvy, gout, leprogy, jaundice, overtlowing of the gall, \&c. \&c. Price 2s. 9 d . thio box.

## Of whom may also be had,

## Wainwright's Staffordshire Cordial,

Which bas been given with unprecedented success in the most dangerous stages of the following diseases in Horses, viz. the Sleeping or Raging Staggers, Gripes, Fret, Colds, Coughs, Looseness, Fevers, and all disorders originating in colds, or from grazing in marshy wet meadows, ar after severe exercise in Racing, Hunting, working in coaches, chaises, waggons, hard riding, \&c. and is universally acknowledged to be the greatest restorative to exhausted nature, and the most raluable Horse Medicine ever known. Price 2s. 6d. the bottle.

Mr. NEW MAN, of the Green Man Inn, Barnet, one of the princtpal Posting Houses on the Great North Road, has authorised the Proprietor to inform the public, that he has used the above Medicine for several years among his own Horses with such complete success, that he feels himself werranted in recommending it to the notice of post and stage-coach masters, carriers, horse-dealers, farmers, and all others who employ a number of Horses, as the most valuable remedy of the kind he ever met with.

## Atkins's Composition for destroying Rats.

Which is allowed to be the most efficacions thing ever yet discorered
for, ipeedily extionaty theo mamitin

## THE

## RATED Dr. HERSCHELL'S

## WHATH모 TABLㅍ,

Constructed upon a philosophical consideration of the attraction of the Sun and Moon in their several positions respecting the Earth, and confirmed by the experience of many years' actual observation, will, without trouble, suggest to the observer, what kind of weather will most probably follow the Moon's entrance into any one of her Quarters; and that so near the truth, that in a very few instances it will befound to fail. Hence, the nearer the time of the Moon's entrance at Full and Change, and Quarters, is to Midnight that is, within two hours before or after Midnight) the more fair the Weather is in the summer But the nearer to Noon the less fair. Also, the Moon's entrance at full and f hange, the Quarters during șix of the afternoon hours, viz. from four to ten, mai be followed by fair Weather; but this is mostly dependent on the winc The same entrance during all the hours after midnight, except the tw first, is unfavourable to fair Weather. The like may be observed Winter.

If it be a New or Full Moon, or the

- Moon enters into the first or last quarter, at the hour of 12 at Noon

Very Rainy.......
Snow or Rain
Or between the
hours of:
2 and $4, \ldots .$.



SUMMER.
WINTER.



[^0]:    1829. 
[^1]:    1829. 
[^2]:    From the number of lives which this Lotion has saved by its early application after accidents occasioned by the clothes of children catching fire. Mr. po mamends every family to provide themselves with a bottle

