


# Merlinus Liberatus. 

## A N

-For the Year of our Redemption, 1821,
Being the first after Bissextile, or Leap, Year;
And from tue Creation of the World according to the best History, 5768,

## and the

133ı. of our Deliverance by K. William
-From Popery and Arbitrary Government; But the 143d. from the

## 

Wherein are contained all Things fitting and useful forsuch a Work; as an Ephemeris of the daily Motions of the Planets, with their various Configurations, Aspects, Conjpactions; Lunations, Eclipses, Astronomical, Astrological, Meteorological Observations; the rising and setting of the Sun, Moon, Planets and fixed Stars, illustrated with Tables of the Tides, Terms, and daily Equation of Clocks; Length and Break, Increase and Decrease of Days; a Chronology; Remarks on the Divisions of the Heavens, with Judgments of the Eclipses and Seasons, handled according to the Rules of the Ptolomean Astrology, with many other Things relating to the Truth of Astrology.

Calculated for the Meridian of London.
B: JOHN PARTRIDGE
Etiam Mortuus loquituryin

## 至ondon:

IIRNTED FOR THE COMPANX
 And Sold by Georgb Greenhile, at their Hidhaykudrate-Street.

$$
\rightarrow 000 \quad-1+2 x^{2}
$$

[Price, stitched, Two Shillings and Threc Pence.]

| January hath XXXI Days. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As Days this Month begin to lengthen, So the Cold, perhaps, will strengthen; If so, good Fires will never barm us, But useful be to cheer and warm us. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 7 18 7 <br> 6 7 19 17 <br> 11 8 20 16 <br> 16 8 21 16 <br> 21 8 22 16 <br> 26 9 23 16 |
|  |  | Sundays and Remark. Days. | $\overline{\operatorname{long}}$ | ng | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} 8 & 0 \\ v o & 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 8 \\ 7 & f \\ \hline \end{array}$ | pects and Veather. |
|  |  | I Circu |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | U | Sun rises $8^{\text {b }} 4^{4 m}$ | 1-52 |  |  |  |  |
|  | W | Sun sets $8^{\text {h }} 566^{\text {m }} 1$ | 253 | $3 \vee \bigcirc 11$ |  |  | ut this |
|  |  | H | $3 \quad 54$ |  | 1610 | 10 |  |
|  |  | - [12th D. 1 | $4 \quad 55$ | $1 \sim \sim$ | 711 | 11 |  |
|  |  | Epiphol |  | - | 713 | 13 |  |
|  |  | O 1 St after Epiph | $6 \quad 58$ | 2938 | 1814 | 1428 | Cold we |
|  |  | Lucian : Plow | 759 | $13 \times 57$ | 1915 | 1529 | ठ $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{L}}$ |
|  |  | [Monday |  | 2812 | 2016 | 16 | O |
|  | W | V |  | 2 个22 | 2118 | 182 | perhaps. |
|  |  | Sun rises ${ }^{7} \mathrm{~h} 57^{\text {m }}$ |  | $26 \quad 25$ | 2119 | 19 | - |
|  |  | Sun sets $4^{\text {h }} 4^{\text {m }} 2$ |  | 10821 | 22.20 | 20 | ¢ |
|  |  | Hil.Cam.T. beg |  | 410 | 23.21 | 216 |  |
|  |  | G 2 S. after Epipl |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | M | D.Glo.b.O |  | 118 | $2 4 \longdiv { 2 4 }$ |  |  |
|  |  | [beg. 2 |  | 40.36 | 25.25 | 25 |  |
|  |  | Ceres so. $7^{\prime} 36^{\prime \prime} 2$ |  | $17 \quad 40$ | 26 | 26 |  |
|  |  | Prisca:O.18thD. 2 |  | $0 \Omega 20$ | -27 | 27 |  |
|  |  | H south $9^{\prime} 42^{\prime \prime} 2$ | 9 11 |  | 2729 | 2915 |  |
|  |  | Fabian : 1 ret. | $0 \sim 12$ | 25 | $8 \cdot 1$ | V) 17 | Cold winds |
|  |  | c 3S.af.Ep Agnes | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 13\end{array}$ | 71.32 |  |  | pect- |
|  |  | M Vincent | 14 | 19 29 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Hil. Term beg. | 315 | $1 \_19$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | Sun rises $7^{\text {h }} 40^{\text {m }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 17 | $24 \quad 57$ |  |  | ouards the |
|  |  | Sun sets $4^{\mathrm{h}}{ }_{2} 3^{\mathrm{m}}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 18\end{array}$ | 6 m 54 |  |  | cords the |
|  |  | D. of Sussex b. | 15 |  |  | 928 |  |
|  |  | O 4 S. after Epipl. | $8 \quad 20$ | 1732 |  | 1029 |  |
|  |  | 1 K.Geo. 4 Acces* | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 21\end{array}$ | 14 |  | $11 m$ |  |
|  |  | U K. Char. I. Marel | 1022 | $27 \quad 35$ | 612 | 12 |  |
|  | 1 W | W K. Geo. 4 Procl! |  | 11 V ¢14 | 714 | 14 | osty. |





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|  | May hath | XXXI Days. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How swcel, in May, to trudge the Fields, And hear the Music Nature yields; The swelling Notes the Sky-larks sing, Those Lyrists of the charming Spring ! |  |  | 1 20 15 <br> 6 20  <br> 11 16  <br> 16 11  <br> 1621 18 10 <br> 21 22 19 <br> 26 10  <br> 22 20 10 |
| M ${ }^{\text {IV }}$ |  | g ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |
| D D | Remark. Days. | ' ${ }^{\circ}$ i $\quad$ Y | Veather. |
| 1 T | Ti St. Phil. \% Jas | $\overline{10 ४ 45} \overline{3857} 1 \overline{17}$ | $\overline{\text { Drizzly wea- }}$ |
|  | 1 Oxf.\&Cam.T.b | 11 $43319 \begin{array}{ll}19 & 18\end{array}$ | thicr may begin |
| 3 TB | is Inv. of Cross |  | this |
| 4 F | F Sun rises $4^{\text {b }} 32^{\mathrm{m}}$ |  | O 2 |
|  | [à P. Lat. |  |  |
|  | 2S.af.Eas.J.Ev. |  | East win |
| 7 M |  |  |  |
| 8 Tu | Tu Sun sets $7^{\mathrm{h}} 35^{\mathrm{m}}$ | $178111 \Omega 56221426$ |  |
| 9 W | $\checkmark$ Easter Term b. | $\begin{array}{llllllll}18 & 29 & 24 & 1623 & 15 & 27\end{array}$ | Dry uindy |
| 10 TH | THCeres so. $1^{\prime} 10^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{array}{lllll}19 & 27 & 6 \mathrm{~m}^{21} 24 & 16\end{array}$ | $l$ coldabout |
| 11 F | Ceres mer. alt. |  | this time, |
|  | $5{ }^{\left[23^{\circ}\right.} 36^{\prime}$ |  |  |
| 13 | S. aft. E. Old | $22.2111{ }^{22}$ |  |
| 14 | I [May D. |  |  |
| 15 m | i. Sun rises $4^{\mathrm{h}} 14^{\mathrm{m}}$ | $24 \quad 16$ 5m 382822 |  |
| $16 . \mathrm{W}$ | $V$ Sun sets $7^{\text {h }} 47^{\text {m }}$ | 25.141742282310 |  |
| 17 Th | H. Qu. Caroline b. |  |  |
| 18 F |  |  |  |
| 19 | 5 Dunstan |  |  |
| 20 | G 4 S. after Easte |  |  |
| 21 M | $1{ }^{\text {H }}$ H south $2^{\prime} 12^{\prime \prime}$ |  | Brisk wind |
| $22 . \mathrm{Tv}$ | TV Prs. Hesse Hom. |  |  |
| 23 |  | $58117 \times 7.4 .4233$ | $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| 2.1 | 4, Sun rises $4^{\text {b }} 2^{\text {m }}$ |  |  |
| 25 F | F Sun sets $\mathrm{hr}^{\mathrm{h}} 59^{\mathrm{m}}$ |  |  |
| 26 S | Augus.1.Abp.C. | $45^{4} 5028$ 52 6.6 CII | Rather windy |
| 27.6 | Q Roga. Sun:Vein. | $5{ }^{5} 4813 \gamma 19772$ | still, |
| 28 M | M [Bede | $\begin{array}{lllll}6 & 45 & 28 & 0 & 7\end{array}$ |  |
| 29 TV | F K. Ch . IL. rest- |  |  |
| 30 W |  |  |  |







M Jupiter Venus

First Quar. Fth Day, at 9 Morn.
I

Last Quar. 22d Day, at 2 Morn.
New Moon 29th Day, at 2 Morn.

Partridge. July 1821. 15
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Lunar Aspects.
 observations.

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18 September hath XXX Days.
In this Month ripen'd are the Hops, To gather them, strike down the Props; After they're dried, $\mathbf{O}$ ! do not fail To use them duly in your Ale.







| 24 December hath XXXI Days. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stern Winter now doth glaze the Floods, And birds have vanish'd from the Woods; Some Trees are bare, though many a Twig, Wears a great hoary Periwig. |  |  |  | - |
|  |  |  |  | 6202029 |
|  |  |  |  | $1120 \cdot 2029$ |
|  |  |  |  | 16.20 .029 |
|  |  |  |  | D 2028 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline M & W \\ D & D \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | , |  |  |
|  | D Remark. Days. |  | V99 | W |
|  |  | 91 2 26 m | 224 | Fair and |
|  | ent Sunday | $10 \begin{array}{lll}10 & 3 & \\ 11\end{array}$ | 22621 |  |
|  |  | 11482311 | 22721 | bo |
|  | Sun rises $7^{\text {h }} 599^{\text {m }}$ | $12 \quad 57 \gamma 19$ | 328 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ Sun sets $4^{\text {b }} 0^{m}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}13 & 6 & 21\end{array} 49$ | 32923 | Cold winds |
|  | $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{H}}$ Nicholas | $\begin{array}{lll}14 & 7 & 6 ४ 38\end{array}$ | $3 \sim 23$ | ith slect |
|  | Ceres sou. 1 a 20 | $\begin{array}{ll}15 & 821\end{array}$ |  | rs. |
|  | Concep. B.V.M. | $16 \quad 961146$ | 2 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{lll}17 & 10 & 21\end{array}$ | 4.326 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{lll}18 & 11 & 60028\end{array}$ | $5{ }^{5} 2$ |  |
| 10 | $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ south 0 a 58 | $\begin{array}{llll}19 & 12 & 20 & 48\end{array}$ | 5629 | Still |
| 12 |  | 301818340 | 5 | $\Delta \odot$ ¢ $\triangle \odot 4$ |
|  | Lucy |  | 5.8 |  |
| 14 | Sun rises $8^{\text {h }} 6^{\text {m }}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}22 & 15 & 0 m \times 58\end{array}$ | 6 | wind, perhaps |
| 15 | Sun sets $3^{\text {h }} 53^{\text {m}}$ | 23 1613 13 31 | 610 |  |
|  | S. inAd. O.Sap. | Ca.T.e 2545 |  |  |
| 17 M | Oxf. Term ends | $25187 \Omega 46$ | 712 |  |
| 18.0 |  | $\begin{array}{lllll}26 & 19 & 19 & 39\end{array}$ | 713 |  |
| 19 W | 俍mber Week | $27 \quad 201 \mathrm{l}$ 29 | 714 |  |
|  | Gun rises $8^{\text {h }} 8^{\text {m }}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}28 & 21 & 13 & 21\end{array}$ | 71510 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 28 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Sho | $2325 \quad 17$ | 716 |  |
|  |  | $00^{2} 247720$ | 81813 | or |
| 24. | Su. in Advent | $\begin{array}{lllllllllll}1 & 25 & 19\end{array}$ | 81915 |  |
|  |  | 26 1V955 | 82016 |  |
|  | hristmas Day | $2714 \quad 28$ | 8211 |  |
| 225 | Stephen | $4 \quad 2927 \quad 12$ | 82219 |  |
| 27 | John | $5 \begin{array}{llll}50 & 10 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 6\end{array}$ | 92321 |  |
| 28 F |  | 6, 312311 | 92422 |  |
| 29 |  | $7{ }^{7} 326 \times 20$ | 92524 |  |
|  | S. after Christ. | $\begin{array}{llll}8 & 33 & 20 & 0 \\ 0 & 35 & 3\end{array}$ | 92625 | Frosty, but |
|  | ilvester | $9353 \gamma 45$ | $927 \mid 27$ | not very cold. |



| Partridge, 1821. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $A$ Table of the Common Notes and Moveable Feasts. |  |
| Golden Number . . 17 $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Easter Sunday . . Apr. } 22 \\ & \text { Epact }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  |
|  |  |
| Dominical Letter . . . G. Asce | Ascension Day . May 31 |
| Cycle of the Sun . . . 10 Whi | Whit Sunday . . . June 10 |
| Roman Indiction . . . 9 Trin | Trinity Sunday . . June 17 |
| Number of Direction . 32 Sund | Sundays after Trinity . 23 |
| Sundaysafter Epiphany 6 Adv | Advent Sunday . . Dec. 2 |
| Septuagesima Sund. Feb.18 Year | Year of the Julian Per. 6534 |
| Ash Wednesday • Mar. 71 Year | Year of the Dionysian 150 |
| A Table of the 12 Signs, Planets and Aspects. |  |
| $r$ Aries, Head and Face. ४ Taurus, Neck and Throat. <br> $\bigcirc$ Sol, or the Sun. <br> § Mercury. |  |
| $\sigma_{\sigma}$ Cancer, Brast and Stomach. | mach. |
| $\Omega$ Leo, Heart and Eack. | D |
| m Virgo, Bowels and Belly. | . ó Mar |
| $\xlongequal{\sim}$ Libra, Reins and Loins. | 2 Jupiter. |
| 7 Scorpio, Secret Members. | ? Satur |
| 1 Sagittarius, Hips and Thighs. | ighs. $\mathrm{H}_{\text {l }}$ Georgium Sidus. |
| $V^{\circ}$ Capricorn, Knees and Hams. | Hams. $\delta \frac{\text { Dragon's Head. }}{}$ |
| ※ Aquarius, Legs and Ancles. <br> * Pisces, Feet and Toes. | $\wp$ Dragon's Tail. <br> $\Theta$ Part of Fortune |
| o Conjunction, in one Sign <br> * Sextile, is 2 Signs, or 60 <br> $\square$ Square or Quartile, is 3 <br> $\triangle$ Trine, is 4 Signs, or 120 <br> 8 Opposition, is 6 Sigrs, or | Sign and Degree. 60 Degrees. is 3 Signs, or 90 D 190 Degrees. ns, or 180 Degrees. |
|  | , |
| Airy. $\sigma \mathrm{m}$ | om \% Cold \& moist, Watery |
| IInmDiur Mascul. 8 m | ¢mivy obm $¢$ Noct. Femin, |
| Cardinal \& Movea. ૪ | ૪ $\Omega$ mmFixed Signs. |
| IIm 1 \#Common Signs. | $\sigma$ б $\ddagger \div$ Fruitful Signs. |
| II $\Omega$ mare Barren. $\mid \ddagger$ | I $\Pi \neq$ Bicorporeal. |

1821. The Law and UniversityTerms. 27
A Table of Terms and Returns.
Hilary Tcrm begins January 23, ends February 12.
Returns or Fssoign Days. Exc. Ret.App. W. D.

| In eight days of St. Hilary . . . . . . . . . Jan. 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Its fifteen days of St. Hilary . . . . . . . . . . . 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | Tuesday |
| On the morrowof the Purifof bl.V.M. Feb. 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | Tuesday |
| In eight days of the Purif.of bl.V.Mary ... 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Monday |

Easter Term begins May 9, ends June 4.

| In fifteen days of Easter . . . . . . . . . . . May | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | Wednes. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| From the day of Laster in one month... .20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | Wednes. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


 Monday
Trinity Term begins June 22, ends July 11.

| On the morrow of the holy Trinity ..June | 18 | 19 | 20 | 22 | Friday |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| In eight days of the holy Trinity ......... 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | Wednes. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

\(\left.\begin{array}{ll}In fifteen days of the holy Trinity .....July \& 1 <br>

\& 2\end{array} \right\rvert\,\)| 3 |
| :---: | $\mathbf{4}$. WednesFrom the hoiy Trinity in three weeks .... 8

Michāelmas Term begins Nov. 6, ends Nov. 28.

N. B. No sittings in Westminster-Hall on the 2d of February, Ascension Day, and Midsummer Day.
The Exchequer opens eight days before any Term begins, except Trinity, before which it opens but four days
Note, That the first and last days of every Term are the first and last days of appearance.

Oxford and Cambridge Terms.
Oxford Terms.
I.ent Term ........ begins January 15, ......... ends April 14.
Easter Term ....... begins May .. 2, .......... ends June 9.
Trinity Term ....... begins June .. 13, ......... ends July 7.
Michaelmas Term .. begins October 10. ......... . ends Dec. 17.
The Act is July 3.

## Cambridge Terms.

Lent Term ........ hegins January 1.9, ........ ends April 13.
Faster Term $\ldots \ldots$ hegins May $. .2, \ldots \ldots$. ends $J u l y ~ 6$.
Michaelmas Term .. begins October 10, ......... ends Dec. 16.
The commencement will be July 3.

A Table of the Moon's Age for every Day throughout this Year, whereby, with the help of the next General Tide Table, the times of High Water at all the places menfioned above it are shewn by inspection.


|  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \theta \\ & b \end{aligned}$ | NOTE，That the Monn＇s Age heing taken notice of in the Table，you have the Time of High Water at all the undermentioned Places． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  <br>  | E | Candado，Dunkirk，Coast of Flanders，Kentish Knack，Leith，Portsmouth，and the Spits，Queens－ borough，Southampton． |  |  | － |  |
|  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & B \end{aligned}$ | Blackness，Downs，Gravesend Half－tide，North－ Cape before Coquit，Romney，Scilly and Thanet． |  |  |  |  |
|  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Amsterdam，Dort，Gascoin，Groin，Hartlepool，Ire－ land in the Westward，London，Robin Hood＇s Bay， Rotterdam，Tinemouth and Whithy． |  |  | N | 包 |
|  <br>  | F | Dartmouth，Plymouth，Falmouth，Guernsey，Hum－ ber，Lizard，Newcastle，Ramsey，Severn－mouth，Scilly， Spurn and Torbay． |  |  |  | － |
|  <br>  | 5 3 | Antwerp，Boston，St．David＇s Holms of Bristol，Hull， Lundy，Lynn Half－tide，St．Paul＇s，Salcom without Ushant，Waterford． |  |  | 式気 | 安 |
|  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & z \end{aligned}$ | Aldborough，Bristol，Falmouth and Foy，Foulness， Lime，Sidmouth in the Channel，Start before St．Ni－ cholas，Weymouth． |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{\text { ¢ }}$ |  |
|  <br>  | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | Caen，Calais Road，Cowes，Dover，the．Frith，South－ Fore－land，Harwich，St．Helen＇s，Normandy and Pic－ ardy，Yarmouth Road． |  |  | N |  |
|  <br>  | $5$ | Beachy，and the 1sle of Wight，Caskets in the Chan－ nels，Combay，Dublin，Hague，Peter－Port，St．Mag－ nus＇s Sound． |  |  | \％ | ® |



## 1821. Rising and Setting of Stars. 31

A Table of the Rising, Southing, and Scttiny of the Pleindes, or Seven Stars, for every 5th Day in th Year, of excellent use to find the Hour of the Night.

| Month \& Day |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Rise } \\ \text { h. } \mathrm{m} . \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { South } \\ \text { h. } \mathrm{m} . \\ \mathrm{h} . \mathrm{m} . \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Month } \\ & \& \text { Days. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rise } \\ \text { h. m. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { South } \\ & \text { h. m } \end{aligned}$ | Sets h. m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 11 \\ 11 \\ 161 \\ 21 \\ 261 \\ 261 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline 0 \text { a } 33 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 1 & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ 11 & 28 \\ 11 & 28 \\ 10 & 46 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\stackrel{\lesssim}{=}\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 26 \end{array}\right.$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll} \hline 5 & 16 \\ 4 & 56 \\ 4 & 55 \\ 4 & 15 \\ 3 & 55 \\ 3 & 36 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\text { 르̃ }\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 26 \\ 20 \end{array}\right.$ | 10  <br> 10 21 <br> 9 41 <br> 9 22 <br> 9 3 <br> 8 46 | 1 6 38 2 55 <br> 1 6 18 2 35 <br> 1 5 58 2 15 <br> 2 5 39 1 56 <br> 3 5 20 1 37 <br> 6 5 3 1 20 <br>    1  |  |  | 6 53 <br> 6 34 <br> 6 15 <br> 5 56 <br> 5 37 <br> 5 18 | $\begin{array}{\|ll\|} \hline 3 & 10 \\ 2 & 51 \\ 2 & 35 \\ 2 & 15 \\ 1 & 54 \\ 1 & 54 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\text { 른 }\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 26 \\ 26 \end{array}\right.$ | [181 | 1 4 48 1 1 <br> 3 4 30 0 47 <br> 5 4 12 0 29 <br> 6 3 53 0 10 <br> 1 3 35 11 10 <br> 0 3 17 11 52 <br>    11 34 |  | $\begin{array}{rr} \hline 8 & 38 \\ 8 & 20 \\ 8 & 2 \\ 7 & 44 \\ 7 & 27 \\ 7 & 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|rr\|} \hline 1 & 12 \\ 0 & 54 \\ 0 & 36 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 11 & \mathrm{~m} 43 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 26 \end{array}\right\}$ |  |  |  |  | 1 3 8 <br> 3 2 50 <br> 4 2 31 <br> 5 2 1 <br> 7 1 1 <br>  1 54 <br>  1 33 | $\begin{array}{rr} 11 & 25 \\ 11 & 7 \\ 10 & 43 \\ 10 & 29 \\ 10 & 11 \\ 9 & 50 \end{array}$ |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 26 \\ 26 \end{array}\right.$ |  | 47 1 4 9 21 <br> 8 0 45 9 2 <br> 8 0 25 8 42 <br> 48 0 5 8 22 <br> 28 11 m 45 8 2 <br> 9 11 26 7 43 <br>      |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c} 55 & 1 & 12 \\ 35 & 0 & 52 \\ 15 & 0 & 32 \\ 35 & 0 & 12 \\ 31 & 11 & \text { a } 48 \\ 10 & 11 & 27 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lr} \hline 9 & 29 \\ 9 & 9 \\ 8 & 49 \\ 8 & 29 \\ 8 & 5 \\ 7 & 44 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 16 \\ 21 \\ 26\end{array}\right.$ |  | 44 11 1 7 18 <br> 24 10 41 6 58 <br> 4 10 21 6 38 <br> 4540 2 6 19  <br> 22 9 39 5 56 <br> 2 9 19 5 36 |  |  |  | 7 21 <br> 6 59 <br> 6 37 <br> 6 16 <br> 5 54 <br> 5 32 |


| 32 | Astronomical 'Tables. |  |  |  |  | 1821 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A Table of the Incrcase and Decrease of Days for every other Day throughout the Ycar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | January Increase H. M. | Feb. <br> Increase <br> H. M. | March Increase H. M. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { April } \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { In. M. } \end{array}$ | May Increase <br> H. M. | June <br> Increase <br> H. M. |
|  | 08 | 26 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 12\end{array}$ | 14 | 76 | 832 |
| 3 | 10 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 32\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 18\end{array}$ | $5 \quad 22$ | 714 | 835 |
| 5 | $0 \quad 14$ | 138 | 326 | 530 | $7 \quad 20$ | 838 |
| 7 | 0 | 146 | 3134 | $5 \quad 36$ | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & 28\end{array}$ | 842 |
| 9 | 020 | 154 | $3 \quad 42$ | 5 | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & 34\end{array}$ | $8 \quad 44$ |
| 11 | 024 | 22 | 350 | $5 \quad 52$ | 740 | 846 |
| 13 | $0 \cdot 28$ | 28 | 358 | 60 | $7 \begin{array}{ll}7 & 46\end{array}$ | 848 |
| 15 | 0 | 216 | 46 | 68 | $7 \quad 52$ | $8 \quad 49$ |
| 17. | 038 | $2 \quad 24$ | 4.14 | 6 6 16 | $7{ }^{7} 56$ | $8 \quad 50$ |
| 19 | 044 | 2. 32 | 422 | $6 \quad 22$ | 82 | $8 \quad 50$ |
| 21 | $0 \quad 50$ | 240 | 430 | $6 \quad 30$ | 88 | $8 \quad 52$ |
| 23 | $0 \quad 56$ | 246 | 438 | 638 | $\begin{array}{ll}8 & 12\end{array}$ | Dec2 |
| 25 | 1.2 | $2 \quad 54$ | 446 | $6 \quad 44$ | 818 | $0 \quad 2$ |
| 27 | 18 | 32 | $4 \quad 54$ | $6 \quad 52$ | $8 \quad 22$ | $0 \quad 2$ |
| 29 | 16 |  | $5 \quad 2$ | $6 \quad 58$ | $8 \quad 26$ | $0 \quad 4$ |
| 31 | 122 |  | $5 \quad 10$ |  | 830 |  |
| ${ }_{0}$ | July Decrease H. M | August Decrease H. M | Sep. Decrease H M | October <br> Decrease | Nov. <br> Decrease | Dec. Decrease |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | $0 \quad 6$ | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 14\end{array}$ | $3 \quad 2$ | 50 | 6 | $8 \quad 30$ |
| 3 | 08 | 120 | 310 | 58 | $7 \quad 6$ | $8 \quad 34$ |
| 5 | $0 \quad 10$ | 126 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 18\end{array}$ | 516 | $7 \begin{array}{ll}7 & 13\end{array}$ | $8 \quad 37$ |
| 7 | $0 \quad 12$ | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 32\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 26\end{array}$ | 5 | $7 \quad 20$ | 8 8 40 |
| 9 | $0 \quad 16$ | 138 | $3{ }^{3} \quad 34$ | $5 \quad 31$ | $7 \quad 27$ | $8{ }^{8}$ |
| 11 | 0 | 145 | 342 | $5 \quad 38$ | $7 \quad 34$ | 846 |
| 13 | 0 O 24 | 152 | 349 | 5 5 | 740 | $8 \quad 48$ |
| 15 | 0 | 20 | $3 \quad 56$ | $5 \quad 54$ | 46 | $8 \cdot 50$ |
| 17 | 0 0 0 | $2{ }^{2}-6$ | 4 | $6 \quad 2$ | 52 | 850 |
| 19 | 036 | $2 \quad 14$ | $4 \quad 12$ | $6 \quad 10$ | 58 | 851 |
| 21 | 0 | 222 | 420 | $6 \quad 18$ | 4 | 852 |
| 23 | 0 | $2 \quad 29$ | 428 | $6 \quad 26$ | $8 \quad 10$ | $8 \quad 52$ |
| 25 | 0 | 236 | 436 | $6 \quad 34$ | 815 | Inc. 2 |
| 27 | 0 | 243 | 444 | 642 | $8 \quad 20$ | $0 \quad 4$ |
| 29 | 14 | $2 \quad 50$ | $4 \quad 52$ | $6 \quad 48$ | 826 | 06 |
| 31. | 10 | 258 |  | $6 \quad 54$ |  | 8 |

1821. Astronomical Tables. 33

A Table shewing the Scmidiurnal Arch to every Degree of the Ecliptic, calculated for the Latitude $51^{\circ} .32^{\prime}$.

|  | O | $\Omega$ | IIR | $\Omega$ | m | 7 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S. 1. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | S. D. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}8 & 13 \\ 8 & 13\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & 50 \\ 7 & 49\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}6 & 59 \\ 6 & 58\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 0 \\ 5 & 58\end{array}$ | 5 1 <br> 4 18 <br>  59 |  | 30 29 |
| 2 | 8 812 | 747 | 6 6 | ${ }^{5} 505$ | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 59 \\ 4 & 57\end{array}$ |  | 28 |
| 3 | $8 \quad 12$ | 746 | 654 | $5 \quad 54$ | 455 | $4 \quad 5$ | 27 |
| 4 | 811 | 745 | $6 \quad 52$ | $5 \quad 52$ | 453 |  | 26 |
| 5 | $8 \quad 811$ | 743 | $6 \quad 50$ | $5 \quad 50$ | $4 \quad 59$ | $4 \quad 3$ | 25 |
| 6 | 810 | 742 | 648 | 548 | 450 |  | 24 |
| 7 | $8 \quad 10$ | 741 | 646 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 46 \\ 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 48 \\ 4\end{array}$ | 4 | 23 |
|  | $8 \quad 9$ | 740 | 644 | 544 | 446 | 40 | 29. |
| 10 | 88 | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & 39 \\ 7\end{array}$ | 642 | 542 | $4 \quad 45$ | $3 \quad 59$ | 21 |
| 10 |  | $7 \quad 38$ | $6 \quad 40$ | 540 | $4 \quad 43$ | $3 \quad 58$ | 20 |
| 11 |  | $7 \quad 37$ | $6 \quad 38$ | $\begin{array}{lll}5 & 38 \\ 5\end{array}$ | $4 \quad 41$ | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 57 \\ 3 & 57\end{array}$ | 19 |
| 12 |  | $7 \quad 36$ | 636 | 536 | $4 \quad 39$ | 356 | 18 |
| 13 |  | $7 \quad 35$ | 634 | 534 | 437 | 355 | 17 |
| 14 |  | $7 \quad 33$ | 632 | 532 | 436 | 354 | 16 |
| 15 |  | 731 | 630 | 530 | 434 | 354 | 15 |
| 16 |  | $7 \quad 30$ | 628 | 588 | 432 | 3 | 14 |
| 17 |  | 728 | 626 | 526 | 4 31) | 353 | 13 |
| 18 |  | $7 \quad 26$ | 624 | $5 \quad 24$ | 429 | 352 | 12 |
| 19 |  | 723 | 622 | 522 | 427 | 351 | 11 |
| 20 | 8 | $7 \quad 20$ | 6 60 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 20 \\ 5 & 18\end{array}$ | $4 \quad 25$ | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 51 \\ 3 & 51\end{array}$ | 10 |
| 21 |  | $7 \quad 17$ | 618 |  | 423 | 350 | 9 |
| 22 |  | $7 \quad 15$ | 6 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 16 \\ 5\end{array}$ | $4 \quad 21$ | 3 59 | 8 |
| 24 |  | 713 | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 14 \\ 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 14 \\ 5 & 19\end{array}$ | 420 | ${ }_{3} 49$ | 7 |
| 25 | $7 \quad 57$ 7 | 7 7 | 6 6 6 12 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 12 \\ 5 & 10\end{array}$ | 4  <br> 4 18 <br> 16  | 3 |  |
| 26 | 755 | $7 \quad 5$ | 68 | 58 | $4 \quad 15$ | 348 |  |
| 27 | $7 \quad 54$ | 7. 3 |  |  | 413 | 348 |  |
| 28 | $7 \quad 53$ | $7 \quad 1$ |  |  | 412 | 347 |  |
| 29 30 | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & 52 \\ 7 & 51\end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll}4 & 11 \\ 4 & 10\end{array}$ | 3 47 <br> 3 47 |  |
|  | II | 8 | $r$ | \% | $\sim$ | $v{ }^{\circ}$ |  |

N. B. In the Calendar Part; you will find the Planets Southing inserted to several Days in each Month; and by this Table you may easily find their Rising and Setting. First, find the Longitude for the Day proposed, with which enter this Table, and take out the Semidiurnal Arch thereof, which being added to the Time of Southing, gives the Setting, but subtracted the Rising, nearly.

| Partridge, 1821. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A compendious Chronology of the most principal Epocha and Eras, with their Beginnings, reduced and fixed $t$ the Years of the Julian Period, the Creation of th World, and to the Years before and after Christ. |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {Sulian }}$ Period $\mid$ Anno. ${ }^{\text {Mund }}$ |  |
| FIHE Creation of the World, after <br> 1 1 the Jews |  |  |
| The common Epocha of the C | 765 |  |
| The same by the |  |  |
| The same in Mr. Bedford's Scriptu |  |  |
| The same in | 710 |  |
| The Deluge, or Noah's F | 23621657 |  |
| Porphyrius's Chaldaic Epocha | 24801717 |  |
| The Assyrian Monarchy by Ni | 26651960 | 2048 |
| The Birth of Abrah | 27142009 | 9 |
| Joseph sold into Eg | 29862281 |  |
| The Israelites 400 Ys . Servitude inEgypt | 28192114 |  |
| The Kingd. of Argosfounded by Inachus | 28572152 | 185 |
| The Birth of Moses | 31432438 | 1571 |
| The King.of Athens founded by Cecrops | 31572452 | 556 |
| The Israelites' Departure out of Egypt | 321925 |  |
| TheirEntrance intoCanaan,ortheJubilee | 3258255\% | 1455 |
| The first Sabbatical Year | 32602557 | 1451 |
| The Jewish High Priestho | 33002603 | 31405 |
| The Destruction of Troy | 35302895 |  |
| The Reign of King David | 36462941 |  |
| The Foundation of Solomon's Temple | 36982993 | 1015 |
| The Varronian Epocha | 39603197 |  |
| The Catonian Epoc | 39613198 |  |
| The Epacha of Nabona | 39663261 |  |
| The Olympiad | 39383933 | 775 |
| The Building of B | 39623257 |  |
| The Destruction of the Kingd. of Israel | 3992 3287 |  |
| The beginning of Nebuchadonosor | 4145330 |  |
| The Babylonish Capti | 4108 S502 |  |
| The Destruction of Solomon's Temple | 4126 3421 |  |


| Chronology. |  | 35 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Julian } & \text { Anno } \\ \text { Period } & \text { Mund. } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Ante } \\ & \text { Christ } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| Daniel delivered from the Den of Lions | $\overline{4176} \overline{3470}$ | 538 |
| The Temple | 41983488 | 52 |
| CyrustheFound.ofthePersianMonarchy | 41783472 | 536 |
| The Regifugium Epocha | 42053500 | 508 |
| The Battle at Marathon | 49333517 | 491 |
| Xerxes' Defeat at the Battle of Salamis | 42343528 | 480 |
| The beginning of thePeloponnesianWar | 42813575 | 433 |
| Meto the Athenian began his Cyc | 42823576 | 43 |
| Daniel's 70 Weeks of Years bega | 42693564 | 444 |
| The beginning of the Calippick Period | 4383 3677 | 331 |
| The Death of Alexander | 43903684 | 32 |
| The Grecian Epocha of the Seleucidæ | 44023695 | 312 |
| The Era of the Asmoneans or Maccabees | 45483841 | 166 |
| The Epocha of S | 45703865 | 143 |
| The Julian Epocha, or correct Calend. | 46693962 | 46 |
| The beginning of the Reign of Herod | 46773970 | 37 |
| The Spanish | 46763969 | 36 |
| The Battle of Ac | 46833976 | 31 |
| The taking of Alex | 46843977 | 30 |
| The Epocha of the Title of Aug | 46873930 | 27 |
| The true Birth of Christ | 47104005 |  |
| The Vulgar or Dionysian Years of Christ | 47144009 | Anno |
| The Passion or Death of Christ | 47464041 |  |
| The Destruction of Jerusalem | 47834078 |  |
| The Dioclesian or Era of Ma | 49974292 | 284 |
| The Dioclesian Pepsecution. | 50154310 | - 302 |
| The Epocha of Constantine the Great | 50194314 | - |
| The Council of Nice... | 50384333 | 325 |
| The Encænia of Constantinop | 50434338 | 330 |
| Phocas makes Pope Boniface Head of the Church | 531946 |  |
| Mahomet broaches his Impost. at Mecca |  |  |
| 'The Epocha of the Hegira. | 53354630 | 022 |
| The Epocha of Yesdejerd |  | 0632 |
| The Jellalæan or Gelælæan Epocha | 57925087 | 71079 |
| The Epocha of the Reformation |  | 51517 |
| The Revolution effected by King Wm. |  | 61688 |
| The British Epocha, or correct Kalenda, | ar\|6465|57 | 1 |

## ROYAL FAMILY, \&c.

## BIRTH DAYS of the ROYAL FAMILY.

King George IV. Aug. 12, . $1762 \mid$ Duke of Sussex, Jan. $27, \ldots . .1773$

Queen Caroline, May 17,.. 1768 Duke of Cambridge, Feb. 24, 1774
Duke of York, Aug. 16, . . . 1763
Duke of Clarence, Ang. 21, . 1765
Qu. of Wirtemberg, Sept. 29, 1765
Prs. Augusta Sophia, Nov. 8, 1768
Prs. H. Homberg, May 22, 1770
Duke of Cumberland, June5, 1771
Dutchess of Glo. A pril $25, \ldots 1776$

Princess Sophia, Nov. 3,.... 1777
Dutchess of Clar. Aug. 13, .. 1792
Dutchess of Kent, Aug, 17,.. 1786
Dutchess of Cumb. Mar. 2v, 1778
Dutchess of Cambr. July 25, 1797
SOVEREIGNS of EUROPE, their Accession, \&c.

| Kingdoms, | ro | When born. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{Ja}$ |
|  | Fe | D |  |
| rtug | , | Ma |  |
|  | Fred.-Wm | Aug. 3, . 1177 | Nov. 16 |
|  |  | Aug. |  |
| Sweden \& N | Charles | Jan. 26,.. 17 | Pro., , 1818 |
|  |  | Feb. 12, . 176 |  |
| Popedo | Pius VIt | Aug. 14, . 174 | Mar.14, . 1800 |
| ardin | Victor-E | July 24,.. 17 |  |
| Ottoman Em Two Sicilie | Mahmud | July ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Nov. | May |
| The Niomes of the Lcarned Judges of the Law. <br> 1. Right Hon. Lord Eldon, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain Right Hoil. Sir Thomas Piumer; Knt. Master of the Rolls. Sir Jobn Leach, Knt. Vice Clancellor. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| II. In the King's Bench.-Sir Charles Abbott. Knt. L. C. J.; Sir John Bayley, Knt.; Sir Geo. Sowley Holroyd, Knt.; Sir W. Draper Best, Knt. |  |  |  |
| III. In the Common Pleas.-Sir Robert Dallas, Knt, L. C. J.; Sti James Allan Park, Knt:; Sir J. Burrwugh, Knt.; Sir John Richardson, Knt. |  |  |  |
| 1V. In the Exchequer.-Sir. Richard Richards, Knt. L. C. B.; Sir Rubert Graham, Knt.; Sir George Wood, Knt.; Sir William Garrow, Knt. |  |  |  |
| Sir Robert Gifford, Knt. Attorney General. Sir John S. Copley, Knt. Solicitor General. |  |  |  |



# ECLIPSES 

OF THE

## SUN and MOON,

## That will happen this Year, 1821.

1HILE the Sun this year describes his annual course there will be only two Eclipses; both of which must of necessity, be of the Sun. Falling as they do, nearly six months asunder, we cannot have any lunar Eclipses this year, agreeable to what the learned Kepler taught in his Epist. Astron. pa. 881 ; and for the reasons he there ase signed, Eclipses thus circumstanced are seldom visible in these northern parts of Europe.

The first of these Eclipses will occur on Sunday the 4th of March. The conjunction will take place at 37 mi nutes past five o'clock in the morning, Greenwich time. The Sun will be centrally eclipsed on the meridian at 36 minutes past five o'clock of our time, in longitude 95 deg. 58 min . east, and latitude 8 deg. 28 min . south. This will be in the ocean west of Sumatra and Java. This Eclipse will be visible in the southern regions of Africa, in the Indian Ocean, the East Indies, New Holland, and in the western islands of the Pacific Ocean. The Eclipse will be total in some of these places. The Sun will rise totally eclipsed in the land of the Hottentots; it will set totally eclipsed in the great ocean north of the Ladrone Islands.

The stcond of these Solar Eclipses will happen on Monday the 27 th of August ; but it, as well as the former, will be invisible in Great Britain. The conjunction will occur at 17 minutes past three o'clock in the afternoon, the Moon's latitude being then $3 \frac{3}{4}$ minutes north. The Sun will be centrally eclipsed on the meridian at 13 mi nutes past three o'clock in the afiernoon, Greenwich time, in longitude 48 deg. 22 min . west, and latitude 14 deg. 43 min. north : this place is in the Great Atlantic Ocean eastward of the Antilles. In that region of the earth the Sun will exhibit a beautiful luminous ring round the dark or eclipsed part, at the middle of the Eclipse. This Eclipse will be visible in North America, and the American Islands, as well as in much of the Atlantic Ocean. The Sun will rise just beginning to be eclipsed in New Mexico. It will rise at the commencement of the annular or ring-like appearance, in the bosom of the Californian Sea. In the Ethiopic Ocean, between Africa and St. Helena, the Sun will set just as this ring-like brightness goes off: Altogether ihis will be a grand Eclipse; though they who wish to see it must travel far from Britain for that purpose.

## Other Appearances and Occurrences in the

## HEAVENS.

1.-THAT fine star Jupiter, the largest of all the planets, will sline nobly in the western regions of the sky, as an evening star,'till near the end of March; after that he, nill shine as a morning siar presenting a beautiful appearance in the East, till the middle of October. At the beginning of the year the dull planet Saturr will be considerably to the east of Jupiter, and will set nearly two hours later. Gradually will they approach each other till, June the 19th, when these two planets will be in conjunction, and will appear very little more than a degree asun.
der. After their conjunction these two planets will seem u :awilling to part during the rest of the year. On September the 12th they will be about five degrees asunder: after that they will seem to approximate again; and at the end of the year, when both of them will be evening stars, they will not be two degrees asunder, and will be on the meridian within 2 min. of each other, about half an hour past six o'clock in the evening.
2.--During the whole of this year Saturn's Ring will exhibit a striking appearance to those who can view it through a good telescope.
3.-On the 1st of October, when Venus will be a morning star, she will be within a degree of the star Alpha in Libra.
4.- On the 20th of November, when Mars rises about eleven o'clock at night, and comes to the south about sixteen minutes past six in the morning, that planet will be little more than a degree from the star Alpha Lconis or Lion's Heart.
5.-About the 9 th of March Mercury may be seen in the west, from a quarter before to a quarter after seven o'clock.
6.-There will be many important conjunctions of the planets this year; all of which are noted as usual in the calendar part of my Almanack.

## ON GENETHLIACAL ASTROLOGY.

Astrology is by most of my readers known to be a profound and erudite science, unfolding mysteries, untying the knots of difficulties, and lifting up the curtain of nature in portions where much is to be seen: but, like other branches of human knowledge, it is much despised by those who do not understand it. In order, therefore, to stop the mouths of gainsayers, and furnish grounds of conviction to the truly candid, it has been customary with me, in my late annual publications, to bring proofs of the va-
lue and utility of this Celestial branch of science; and so shall I do again this year.

On looking over some curious family papers a few weeks ago, amongst others which throw great light on Astrology, I was much struck with one, of which I shall now speak. When the celebrated island of Jamuica first eame into the possession of the English, it was a question with many, whether it would remain in our hands, or whether it was worth: keeping if it did: and an ancestor of mine was applied to by some London Merchants to give a comprehensive judgment upon the case, according to the infallible principles of Astronomical Science. My readers, I am persuaded, will be pleased and instructed by the perusal of the following, which is his scientific solution of their enquiries.

First he says;
I will present them with its radix or nativity; viz. the time when the island was first taken by the English, and transmitted me by a worthy hand.


If Jupiter be a benefique and fortunate star (as Astrologers speak), then his sextile to Venus the almuten of this Celestial scheme, intimates much prosperity and a growing and flourishing fortune to attend the inhabitants of this fine plantation in general; and that they shall continue in possession thereof, to the honour of the English nation and advantage of themselves, time long enough; even to the planting the memory of themselves, their original and country there, in the indelible characters of power and policy. I fear, however, that the terrestial $\Delta$ ounos will be called in to give his aid. There will also be, from time to time, some opposition from public enemies, in conjunction with pretended friends; by reason of the Moon's being in opposition with the Sun, who receives exaltation in the seventh angle, and is lord of the eleventh; and the envious planet Saturn being posited therein, in platique $\square$ with them both.

Howbeit, the $\Delta$ of the $\odot$ and 0 will give them courage and boldness, and potency too, sufficient to encounter the most powerful adversaries they shall meet with; and the happy reception of $ᄋ$ and $\wp$ will add to their natural policy, ingenuity, and industry, in the counterplotting their potent enemies, and also in the discovery of the most subtil of their perfidious friends, although acting never so mischievously and clandestinely against them. I aver it, and that from good grounds of art, let but those noble persons, whose honour it is or shall be, to have the charge and management of this furtunate Island [pardon me that I call it so, for so it really is] as also all the inferior officers and magistrates, \&c. thereof but be viglant and careful to keep peace within themselves, and not take pleasure or glory in, the opposition or ruin one of another, $\& c$. (for $\vartheta \rho$ and $\zeta$ both afflict the $\dot{\alpha} \gamma a \lambda a \alpha$ dai $\mu \omega v$, the happy genius, or fortune of the place) they may, according to the canons of Astrology, be masters and governors of that gallant plantation, many ages yet to come [be our time but truly given, as I believe it is.]

Concerning this Island I may also subjoin the following

## ASTROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

$\nsucc$ is the Alchcchoden, or giver of years, in this figure ; and he is in $\triangle \boldsymbol{Z}$, the author of diuturnity $:$ and this from earthly signs and good angles of the scheme; and he is likewise in an amicable and heaven-favouring reception of 9 . The greatest years he signifies, (which in kingdoms, cities and countries, is ever most to be considered) are, according to Cardan, 450. I will not be positive that this glorious and fertile island shall be so long remaining in the hands and occupancy of the present possessors: but, the caution, before observed, I dare be positive that it shall be, remain, and continue in obedience to His present Majesty of Great Britain, and the Crown of England, much longer than Mercury's great years, which are near an hundred: and this most certain, although the angles of this Celestial scheme are moveable. See you not glorious fixed stars possessing the prime angles of the figure? But I must remember that I am only briefly answering questions, and not writing a treatise on the fate of this princely island.

I must not now discourse copiously the sense of this position of Heaven. I shall therefore mention but one observation more, viz. the planet Mars is in the fourth house in this radix, as in the nativity of the famous city of London; and intimates damage and prejudice unto this island by fire, as well as by burning weather; as he naturally doth, with regard to the former of these, to that honorable city. But then, as they seem to sympathize in evil, they are likely to agree in good; for the figures are both of them in trine aspect; and Venus herein on the ascendant of that radix, and in the angle of merchandize.

Were I a London merchant (first respecting the voice of my own private stars) I would freely, because I am sure I might safcly, trade or traffic thither, and bring home some of its sweet and potent produce.

Were I a citizen of Condon, or Englishman at large, and in necessity, I would not tarry here to beg, steal or starve, when by going thither I might live like a man and happily!

The same God that hath preserved us in these northern countries, can by his power protect us also in the remotest part of the earth. For he is the maker and conserver of the Indies, as well as of England; and we distrust his Providence and deny his Power, when we think or speak otherwise.

363 Thus far the manuscript of my ancestor: Let those who question the value of Astrology as a prodictive scicnce, moditate upon these remarks, written more than one hundrad and sixty years ago, and be silent.

## Astrological Observations for the Year 1821.

## The WINTER QUARTER,

## Or, the Sun's transit through $V \rho, \ldots$, and $\not \approx$.

圈HE Winter Quarter (which I place first for reasons often assigned) begins on Thursday the 21st of December 1820, at 52 minutes past eight o'clock at night. On erecting an accurate scheme of the Heavens, I find 16 deg. of Taurus in Medium Coeli, under $27 \frac{1}{2}$ deg. of Leo ascending in the east. In Imum Coeli we find Venus and Mercury within half a sign; /Sol and Mars in the house of Children, where Sagittarius reigns; in the occidental angle of the house of Marriage we find Jupiter; and near the upper door we perceive old crooked Saturn. In the house of friends we find dame Luna, trine to Jupiter and trine to Venus.

No circumspect olserver of the face of the Heavens will venture to call this a usual appearance of things; or to affirm that it promises well to all countries. The mam levolent planets however are, fortunately, remote from the ascendant ; and while Mars dwells in the house of Children, war and extermination may be expected to be at a

## ASTROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS. 4s

stand. Other troubles besides war will take their turn; I an in hopes they will not be very permanent in their operation. Saturn's position bespeaks the death of some old Eclesiastic ; whether Friar, Bishop, Cardinal, or Pope, I cannot precisely gather. Time, however, is a great revealer of secrets.

## As to Nature's Operations in this severe Season:

Heaven's archer now his arrows doth bestow, Headed with ice, feathered with sleet and snow. The frost encrusts the grass, and casts a cream Of ice upon each lake and crystal stream. Winter with his cold breath glazes the floods, And pearls with frosts the fields and naked woods. Now downy snow makes all the fields look old, And many men turn quakers with the cold.

## THE SPRING QUARTER,

## Or, the Sun's transit through $\gamma, \delta$, and $I I$.

rIMHE commencement of this quarter, is the grand radix of the year, from which spring the fruits and flowers of nature, when "God renews the face of the earth". The Sun enters Aries and the Vernal Equinox takes place on Tuesday March the 20th, at 9 minutes past ten o'clock at night. Ruteen degrees of Scorpio secure the ascendant, at tr gress; and one degree of Virgo is on Medi${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{m}$ Cocl. "ust passed from an opposition to Jupiter and Saturn i: ife the Moon in the House of Riches. In the last sign of he waiery triplicity are Venus and Mercury, about half a sign from the Sun in Imum Coli. In the filth Ceizstial House are Saturn, Jupiter, and Mercury; the latter ieing retrograde. This state of things is striking and -momenteus, and portends a busy and influential Quarter: But the workings, intersections, and conjunctions, of the
planets, before the Summer Solstice become much more important. Astrologers will regard especially, the o 24 $\delta$ on the 26th of April; $\delta \boldsymbol{\gamma} \delta$ on the 5th of May, and $\delta \zeta 4$ on the 19 th of June. The effects of these might have been dreadful indeed, were it not for the benevolent neutralizations of $\delta \delta \psi$, and $\delta \zeta \underset{\gamma}{ } \boldsymbol{\gamma}$ on the 4 th of May.

So long as men of observation have been enabled to ompare actual occurrences with the genuine predictions of Astrology, it has been found that a conjunction of those malignant planets Saturn and Mars denotes great disturb. ance against the rulers and governors of nations; strugglings and contentions about rights and privileges; many both rulers and people shall be deluded under false pretences; ecclesiastics and pretended ecclesiastics shall intrigue; false prophets, or the votaries of a false prophet shall contrive subtle machinations; nor shall those machinations be every where thwarted. Happily, however, the conjunction happens in an oriental sign. I would not stand in the slippers of the Grand Turk, or the Schah of Persia, for all the gold and diamonds in their dominions. Neither they, nor the Emperor of China, can be regarded, so far as stellar predictions ge, in a very stable situation. Notwithstanding, however, the unjust and perfidious practices which prevail among us, Providence seems yet to intend, and the Celestial Configurations of the erratics, denote, (if I rightly interpret their signs) the stability, power and glory, which the British nation will enjoy and obtain, against all domestic and foreign adversaries. Things may look gloomy for a while; but as the Sun bursts forth from behind a cloud, so shall Great Britain resplendently shine, if the people be but true to their King and to their God.

> Now do creatures enjoy each other, Passing happy days and hours; Insects revel one with t'other In the fall of silver showers; Whilst the earth, our common mother, Hath her bosom deck'd with flowers.

> Whilst the brilliant torch of Heaven With warm rays warms Flora's lap, Making nights and days both even, Cheering plants with fresher sap :-

When proud pied April dress'd in the robes of Spring Hath put a spirit of youth in every thing.

## $-0000$

## THE SUMMER QUARTER,

## Or the Sun's transit through $\sigma, \Omega$, and m .

$T$HIS quarter commences by the entrance of the Sun into Cancer, on Thursday the 21st of June, at 40 minutes past seven in the afternoon. At this ingress the point of the Ecliptic which culminates is 28 of $\Omega$. The Mon is in the house of Riches, and Saturn and Jupiter in the house of Brothers; Mars is again in the house of Children (and he will be in a still better situation next quarter); while Venus and Mercury are in the occidental angle. Some rich beauty will, I think, be married to a scoundrel of a fortune hunter. Alas! alas! but such things always have been. Saturn will be stationary in this quarter: what mischief he may then plot, I cannot say. North or South America, peradventure both, will have their troubles; a spirit of division is among them, and who can heal it?

Sol in this period, from his ruby chair,
Throws forth his beams and heats the earth and air; Earth rends her clothes, and all unsews her gown, Implores the spungy clouds to hasten down, And under their shade to hide her burning crown.

## THE AUTUMN QUAR'TER,

## Or the Sun's transit through $\bumpeq, \mathrm{m}_{1}$, aitd $f$.

13RIGHT $S_{o l}$ - now working towards the Southern Regions, balances the days and nights by his entrance into $\bumpeq$, thus commencing the Autumnal Quarter, on Sunday the 23 d of September, at 39 minutes past nine in the morning. Now 24 degrees of $\Omega$ are on the mid-heaven; and $9 \frac{1}{2}$ of $m$ are in the ascendant. $\zeta$ and $2 f$ are both retrograde in the Sixth House: $\nsucc$ is with bright Sol in the house of Friends; and Mars, I am happy to say, is in the house of Piety. This is the most auspicious aspect of the year; as it indicates the continuance of peace; not much fighting when the sons of Mars turn parsons; and so it is, I am happy to say, now-a-days. The Moon in the tenth House, is nearly trine to $h$ and 4 This, again, does not look amiss. So that, altho' the year 1821 will have many changes and chances, I hope they will all end well for Great Britain. Let her friends and children remember that " the powers that be are ordaincd of God", and that "obedience is better than sacrifice." Let us hope that taxes will diminish and trade increase; and the poor in our large towns abstain from gin, but now and then refresh themselves with a draught of good porter. With every good wish for the welfare and happiness of my worthy and ingenious readers, I now bid them farewell.

Dim grows the day of Summer's golden hours, And now begins to droop the sweetest flow'rs: The azure air keeps a divided seat, Affording sometimes cold, and sometimes heat. Now too's the time when an unseen decay And slow consumption steals the leaves away;
L.eaving the trees of all their foliage bare. While wheaten sheaves go to the farmer's share. Mappy the man who has a copious store; Still happier he who gives some to the poor!

FINIS.

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[^0]:    Venus is a Morning Star'till May 23d; afterwards an Evening Star to the end of the year.

[^1]:    
    

[^2]:    PRINTED FOR THE COMPANY OF STATIONERS, By Harrison \& Son, Lancaster-court, Strand.

